BUSINESS ACCORDED PRIORITY FOR THIS SITTING

10.10 AM TO 12 NOON

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Notices

1 MR BANDT: To present a Bill for an Act to restrict activities in relation to thermal coal, and for related purposes. (Coal Prohibition (Quit Coal) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 17 September 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

2 MS SHARKIE: To present a Bill for an Act to amend legislation relating to the criminal law, and for related purposes. (Crimes Legislation Amendment (Age of Criminal Responsibility) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 16 September 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

†3 MR GILES: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
       (a) the Government plans to privatise Australia’s visa processing system;
       (b) under the Government’s plan, a private tenderer will be given licence to run Australia’s visa processing system as a for-profit business; and
       (c) the Government will decide the winning tenderer in October 2019;
   (2) acknowledges that:
       (a) visa and citizenship processing times have blown out under this Government;
       (b) more than 230,000 people are on bridging visas;
       (c) more than 220,000 people are on waiting lists for their citizenship; and
       (d) the Government has failed to preserve and enhance the integrity of Australia’s visa processing system; and
   (3) calls on the Government to stop its privatisation of Australia’s visa processing system.
   (Notice given 17 September 2019. Time allowed—50 minutes.)

†4 DR MARTIN: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that Tuesday, 10 September 2019 was World Suicide Prevention Day;
   (2) confirms the Government’s commitment to work with local communities to reduce the number of deaths by suicide in Australia;
   (3) further notes the record level of funding of $736 million provided in the 2019-20 budget for mental health including $503.1 million for the Youth Mental Health and Suicide Prevention Plan to support coordination of Government activities and services including:

* Notifications to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed appear for the first time
† Debate to be adjourned to a future day at the conclusion of the time allotted.
(a) the largest single expansion of the national Headspace network through the establishment of 36 new sites; and

(b) provision of support to farmers and communities that have been affected by drought to deal with the anxiety, stress and uncertainty of drought conditions; and

(4) welcomes the establishment of the Office of the National Suicide Prevention Adviser in 2019 to support a whole-of-government approach to suicide prevention, to ensure coordination of delivery of suicide prevention activities that reach Australians in the right way at the right time.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 12 noon.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day


10 AUSTRALIAN BROADCASTING CORPORATION AMENDMENT (RURAL AND REGIONAL MEASURES) BILL 2019 (Minister for Communications, Cyber Safety and the Arts): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Fletcher—That the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Ms Rowland, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House:

(1) notes that:

(a) in the final report of its digital platforms inquiry, in recognition of the ABC’s role in addressing the risk of the under-provision of public interest journalism, the ACCC recommends that stable and adequate funding be provided to the ABC; and

(b) in addition to $254 million of efficiency cuts to the ABC over the past five years, the 2019–20 Budget locks in a further $83.7 million funding reduction through a pause in indexation over the next three years; and

(2) calls on the Government to put its money where its mouth is for rural and regional Australia by ensuring stable and adequate funding for the ABC, to enable the ABC to enhance service provision, including local newsgathering and emergency broadcasting, in rural and regional areas”.
20 TERTIARY EDUCATION QUALITY AND STANDARDS AGENCY AMENDMENT BILL 2019 (from Senate): Second reading (from 16 September 2019).

34 MESSAGE FROM SENATE: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019—Mr Robert, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Porter—That the consideration of the message be made an order of the day for the next sitting—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Bandt, viz—That all the words after “That” be omitted with a view of substituting the following words: “the message be considered immediately”.


Notices

1 MR PORTER: To move—That standing order 1 be amended to read as follows:

1 Maximum speaking times

The maximum time limits that apply to debates, speeches and statements are as follows provided that any time taken by interruptions for the purposes of calling and forming a quorum shall not count towards the maximum speaking time allowed to the Member speaking at the time.

2 MR PORTER: To move—That standing order 47 be amended to read as follows:

47 Motions for suspension of orders

(a) A Minister may move, with or without notice, the suspension of any standing or other order of the House.

(b) If a suspension motion is moved on notice, it shall appear on the Notice Paper and may be carried by a majority of votes.

(c) If a suspension motion is moved without notice it:

(i) must be relevant to any business under discussion and seconded; and

(ii) can be carried only by an absolute majority of Members.

(d) Any suspension of orders shall be limited to the particular purpose of the suspension.

Contingent notices of motion

Contingent on the motion for the second reading of any bill being moved: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the resumption of debate on the motion that the bill be read a second time being made an order of the day for a later hour.

Contingent on any report relating to a bill being received from the Federation Chamber: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the remaining stages being passed without delay.

Contingent on any bill being agreed to at the conclusion of the consideration in detail stage: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

Contingent on any message being received from the Senate transmitting any bill for concurrence: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the bill being passed through all its stages without delay.

Contingent on the second reading of a bill being agreed to and the Speaker having announced any message from the Governor General under standing order 147: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS—continued

Notices—continued

1 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the 2018 declaration by the United Nations that the International Day of Sign Languages is to be celebrated annually on 23 September as part of the International Week of the Deaf;

(2) recognises Auslan as an Australian language;
(3) notes that, of the one in six Australians affected by hearing loss, approximately 30,000 of them use Auslan to communicate; and

(4) encourages members to mark the International Day of Sign Languages this year, by recording a message for the deaf community in Australia.

(Notice given 2 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

2 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the significant heritage value of the Parramatta Female Factory to Australia as:
   (a) a place where convict women were imprisoned and maintained Australia’s first work house;
   (b) a demonstration of Australia’s social welfare history, as well as the institutionalisation of women and children;
   (c) a place where tens of thousands of women and children passed through and whose descendants are estimated to be one in seven Australians; and

(2) notes that similar Australian heritage assets, such as the Cascades Female Factory in Tasmania, have been placed on the UNESCO World Heritage Listed Australian Convict Sites which also includes:
   (a) Old Government House in Parramatta, NSW;
   (b) Hyde Park Barracks in Sydney;
   (c) the Cockatoo Island Convict Precinct, NSW;
   (d) Old Great North Road in NSW;
   (e) Brickendon and Woolmers Estates in Tasmania;
   (f) Darlington Probation Station in Tasmania;
   (g) Port Arthur Historic Site in Tasmania;
   (h) Coal Mines Historic Site in Tasmania;
   (i) Fremantle Prison in Western Australia; and
   (j) the Kingston and Arthur’s Vale Historic Area on Norfolk Island;

(3) recognises the work of local community to protect beloved heritage assets, including the work of:
   (a) Parragirls and the Parramatta Female Factory Precinct Memory Project;
   (b) North Parramatta Residents Action Group; and
   (c) the Parramatta Female Factory Friends;

(4) calls on the Government to immediately start the process to include the Parramatta Female Factory on the UNESCO World Heritage Listed Australian Convict Sites.

(Notice given 2 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

3 MS COLLINS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Tasmanians continue to feel the effects of the summer of bushfires that destroyed hundreds of thousands of hectares, and ripped through homes and businesses;
   (b) Labor welcomes any funding that will go towards supporting the affected communities, but queries how the figure of $9.9 million that the State and Federal Government has committed was determined;
   (c) while this funding is a start, disappointingy it is $20 million less than Labor’s commitments to assist in recovery and support jobs in areas impacted by the summer bushfires;
   (d) it is deeply disappointing to learn that the Tasmanian Government has advised the Prime Minister that the infrastructure assets Labor committed to supporting were not ‘directly or significantly damaged by the bushfires’;
   (e) Labor’s commitments followed extensive consultation with the communities impacted by summer bushfires and were recommended by former Tasmanian Premier Paul Lennon; and
   (f) Tasmanians deserve detail as soon as possible on which areas and sites the funding provided will support, and how many Tasmanians will benefit from this assistance in the coming months and years;
(2) calls on the Prime Minister to re-visit the affected communities and see for himself what remains to be done in recovering from the fires, and visit local businesses and individuals who are now on the long road to recovery; and

(3) further notes that:
   (a) given the Prime Minister’s commitment to provide greater support for mental health and suicide prevention, it must be ensured this commitment continues to support regional Tasmanians who have experienced significant stress and hardship with the summer of bushfires; and
   (b) Labor stands ready and willing to work with the Government to ensure adequate support is provided to these communities.

(Notice given 22 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

4 MR DREYFUS: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes:
      (a) the Prime Minister and the Attorney-General announced on 13 December 2018 that a Commonwealth Integrity Commission would be established;
      (b) on 13 December 2018, the Prime Minister said on 2GB the decision to establish a Commonwealth Integrity Commission ‘was something I had to resolve by the end of the year’;
      (c) on 26 May 2019, the Attorney-General said a Commonwealth Integrity Commission was a ‘priority’; and
      (d) the Government has not established a Commonwealth Integrity Commission; and
   (2) calls on the Government to keep its promise to establish its Commonwealth Integrity Commission.

(Notice given 31 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

5 MS MCBRIDE: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that the:
      (a) Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) has assisted generations of Australians to access affordable medicines since its inception by the Chifley Government in 1948; and
      (b) longstanding practice of successive governments has been to accept and act on the advice of the independent experts—the Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC)—when listing medicines on the PBS;
   (2) acknowledges that the Department of Health revealed at Senate estimates hearings that there are more than 20 drugs that this Government will never list on the PBS because pricing negotiations with their manufacturers have broken down;
   (3) recognises that there are increasing barriers to Australians accessing affordable medicines, including:
      (a) the failure to act on a number of PBAC recommendations;
      (b) the affordability of PBS co-payments; and
      (c) increasing out of pocket costs to access primary and specialist health care; and
   (4) condemns the Government for failing to recognise and address these barriers and calls on the Government to do so as a matter of urgency.

(Notice given 9 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

6 MS SHARKIE: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) delegation from the Regional, Rural and Remote Communications Coalition (RRRCC) has approached Members of the 46th Parliament to highlight priorities for improving regional telecommunications;
      (b) the RRRCC is a group of 22 volunteer-run organisations and advocacy bodies which have joined together to highlight their collective concern about the lack of equitable access to reliable and quality telecommunication in regional Australia;
      (c) telecommunications is an essential service in a modern world, supporting social connectivity, business activity, and the delivery of health and education services;
(d) every Australian, irrespective of where they live or work, should have access to quality, reliable, and affordable voice and data services with customer support guarantees;

(e) there is ongoing inequity in the access to telecommunications experienced by Australians living in regional, rural and remote areas, compared to their urban counterparts;

(f) the 2018 Australian Digital Inclusion Index revealed substantial differences between rural and urban areas across all of its three indicators—access, affordability and digital ability;

(g) all of Australia’s least digitally included regions are outside the major cities, reporting scores well below the national average of 62 out of 100, including Eyre (45.0), south east SA (48.6), north Victoria (50.8), and Murray and Murrumbidgee (51.0); and

(h) the opportunities for connectivity to support economic development in regional Australia are significant, including for agriculture, with the Australian Farm Institute predicting that widespread adoption of digital agriculture could increase the gross value of Australian agricultural production by $20.3 billion, a 25% increase over 2014–15 levels; and

(2) further notes that to ensure regional, rural and remote Australia is best positioned to retain people and grow in the long term, the Government needs to:

(a) establish a:
   (i) universal service obligation that is technology neutral and ensures access to both voice and data; and
   (ii) Rural, Regional and Remote Telecommunications Fund to resource ongoing mobile network expansion;

(b) ensure NBN Co is fully resourced to maintain and upgrade NBN satellite and fixed wireless networks;

(c) introduce adequate performance quality metrics for all services, including Sky Muster, monitored against independent benchmarks;

(d) extend the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission’s Measuring Broadband Australia program to fixed wireless and Sky Muster services; and

(e) create a targeted concessional broadband service to support low income residents, particularly low income residents in regional, rural and remote areas.

(Notice given 9 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

7 MS STANLEY: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) 2 December 2019 is International Day of People with Disability; and
   (b) the Human Rights Commission estimates the number of Australians with a disability to be around four million;

(2) respects the rights of all:
   (a) people with disability in Australia, including having access to services and freedom from discrimination;
   (b) persons with a disability to be welcomed as equal and positive contributors to Australian society; and
   (c) people with disability to have choice and control in relation to any support services they receive; and

(3) encourages all:
   (a) persons with disability as their own self-advocates;
   (b) groups and individuals that advocate on behalf of people with disabilities; and
   (c) Australians to respect the basic rights of all persons with disabilities.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

8 MS STANLEY: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) that 14 November 2019 is the 12th United Nations World Diabetes Day; and
(b) UN Resolution 61/225 and the need to improve human health and provide access to treatment and health-care education;

(2) recognises:
   (a) the success of the National Diabetes Services Scheme and the support the scheme provides to people with diabetes;
   (b) the role of families and healthcare workers in caring and supporting people, particularly children, with diabetes;
   (c) the significant cost to healthcare systems as a result of complications associated with diabetes;
   (d) new technology, including flash and constant glucose monitoring, has shown significant improvement in overall control for people with diabetes who have access to this technology;
   (e) the need for supporting people with diabetes to access new technologies to assist in the management of diabetes; and
   (f) that access to these technologies is likely to prevent complications in people with diabetes and reduce the significant social, human and financial burden of this disease on government, health systems, and people and families of people with diabetes;

(3) encourages all people with diabetes and their advocates, carers and families to continue their important work; and

(4) calls on the Government to ensure that all people with diabetes have earlier access to new technology, such as flash glucose monitoring and constant glucose monitoring under the National Diabetes Services Scheme.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

9 MR BANDT: To move—That this House:

   (1) declares an environment and climate emergency;
   (2) recognises that:
      (a) the recent report of the Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), Special Report: Global Warming of 1.5 °C, indicates that we are facing a climate emergency, and as a result, meaningful action on climate change is urgent, at home and internationally;
      (b) this IPCC report has found that the world is not on track to limit global warming to less than 1.5 degrees Celsius;
      (c) at a national level, England, France, Wales, Scotland, Ireland, and Canada have all declared a climate emergency; and
      (d) extreme weather events will devastate large parts of Australia and radically impact food production, water availability, public health, infrastructure, the community and the financial system;
      (3) notes that the Government has acknowledged urgent action is required to address climate change; and
      (4) calls on the Government to take urgent action consistent with the internationally accepted science.

(Notice given 11 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

10 MR JONES: To move—That this House:

   (1) notes that:
      (a) there have been 7 quad bike deaths in 2019 alone and 230 quad bike related deaths since 2001;
      (b) rollovers account for 60 per cent of quad bike fatalities;
      (c) children below the age of 16 account for approximately 14 per cent of all recorded fatalities;
      (d) in August 2017, the Australian Ministers for Consumer Affairs agreed to an expedited process to introduce new safety standards for quad bikes;
      (e) the Assistant Treasurer has the power to ban a product or make a mandatory safety standard under Australian Consumer Law;
      (f) in February 2019, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission gave the then Assistant Treasurer, the Hon Stuart Robert MP, a report recommending a new mandatory safety standard to require overhead protective devices in new vehicles; and
(g) these standards are supported by the National Farmers Federation, the Australian Workers Union, the Country Women’s Association and the Rural Doctors Association; and

(2) calls on the Assistant Treasurer to use his power under Australian consumer law to issue new safety standards for quad bikes.

(Notice given 11 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

11 DR LEIGH: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that:
   (a) Australia’s incarceration rate has now risen to 0.22 percent, the highest level since Federation;
   (b) rates of homicide, robbery, car theft and assaults have fallen considerably since the mid-1980s, while the imprisonment rate has more than doubled;
   (c) the direct cost of prisons is almost $5 billion per year; and
   (d) there is a significant indirect cost of prisons, including the impact on the 77,000 children who have an incarcerated parent, adverse effects on the physical and mental wellbeing of inmates, and high rates of homelessness and joblessness among ex-prisoners;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) the Indigenous incarceration rate is now 2.5 percent, the highest level on record;
   (b) the Indigenous incarceration rate is now over twice as high as when the 1991 Royal Commission into Aboriginal Deaths in Custody report was delivered;
   (c) among Indigenous men born in the 1970s, 23 percent have spent time in prison;
   (d) the Indigenous incarceration rate exceeds the incarceration rate among African-Americans; and
   (e) Noel Pearson has described Indigenous Australians as ‘the most incarcerated people on earth’;

(3) notes that in:
   (a) the United States (US), a bipartisan reform coalition at the state level has led to a substantial reduction in that nation’s imprisonment rate over the past decade, with conservative groups such as Right on Crime joining with centrist reformers such as the Pew Charitable Trust’s Public Safety and Performance Project to reduce incarceration in states such as Alabama, Texas and South Carolina; and
   (b) 2018, President Trump signed the ‘First Step Act’, which reduces the US federal prison population by expanding compassionate release and increasing credits for good behaviour; and

(4) calls on the Government to:
   (a) work with the states and territories to adopt justice targets under the Closing the Gap framework, so that the inequality in justice outcomes can be properly highlighted and to address unacceptable levels of incarceration among First Nations peoples;
   (b) require the Australian Institute of Criminology to project levels of incarceration (and fiscal costs) in 10 years’ time in the absence of meaningful policy reform; and
   (c) engage states and territories in a data-driven conversation—drawing together victims’ rights groups, prosecutors, and criminal justice experts—to identify the policies that are most effective to reduce crime and imprisonment.

(Notice given 16 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

12 DR ALY: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) on 28 June 2018, the Parliamentary Joint Standing Committee on Law Enforcement tabled its report Inquiry into crystal methamphetamine (ice): Final Report;
   (b) this report found that the National Ice Action Strategy Funding had failed to target areas of most need in Western Australia (WA) which receive approximately 11 per cent of the total funding despite usage figures in WA being double the national average; and
   (c) subsequently, Recommendation 11 of that report states ‘The committee recommends that the Department of Health consider using 2016 Census and National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program data to determine the allocation of National Ice Action Strategy funding for 2019-20’;

(2) further notes that:
(a) the Government has failed to adequately fund drug rehabilitation services in WA in line with the findings and recommendations of the report;  
(b) the figures used for the current level of funding are based on outdated and incomplete 2011 census data that does not reflect usage figures or rehabilitation needs; and  
(c) this places significant strain on drug rehabilitation services in WA;  
(3) considers that the choice to use Mandurah in WA as a suggested trial zone for drug testing does not reflect the regional areas identified by the report and the National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program as subjected to abnormally high concentrations of trace drugs;  
(4) recognises that, as a result, the Government’s decision to attempt to drug test recipients of Newstart is an attack on those receiving welfare, rather than assisting those afflicted by drug addiction; and  
(5) calls on the Government to implement the recommendations of the report, including enacting Recommendation 11, with urgent attention to addressing the inadequate funding to WA.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

13 MR ZAPPIA: To move—That this House:  
(1) notes that:  
(a) tens of thousands of children in Australia are cared for by grandparents;  
(b) many grandparents are elderly and need care for themselves;  
(c) most grandparents rely partly or wholly on a pension;  
(d) grandparents caring for grandchildren saves society millions of dollars;  
(e) grandparents give children a good start to life; and  
(f) children placed in grandparents’ care often have special needs; and  
(2) calls on the Government to recognise the financial, physical and emotional burden on grandparents caring for grandchildren and provide greater assistance to them.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

14 MR DICK: To move—That this House:  
(1) congratulates the Queensland Government and the Australian delegation who met with President Thomas Bach and the International Olympic Committee in Lausanne, Switzerland;  
(2) notes that the delegation represented all levels of government and both sides of politics and was welcomed by the International Olympic Committee;  
(3) acknowledges:  
(a) the Queensland 2032 Taskforce for their work to prepare Queensland for a potential bid for the 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games; and  
(b) that if a bid were to be successful it would likely provide economic stimulus across a range of sectors including new infrastructure and jobs; and  
(4) further notes that if there is to be a bid to host the 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games it will need to have strong backing, including financial support, from all levels of government, and strong community support.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

15 MR BURNS: To move—That this House:  
(1) recognises that:  
(a) climate change is one of the great moral challenges of our times and is having and will continue to have significant adverse consequences on life as we know it in Australia, our pacific neighbours and around the world;  
(b) man-made carbon emissions contribute to the climate emergency and the need to reduce our carbon emissions to tackle the effects of climate change;  
(c) future generations will be forced to deal with the consequences of inaction and failures to reduce our carbon emissions; and  
(d) young Australians are crying out for leadership from this Parliament in tackling climate change; and  
(2) notes with alarm that:
(a) Australia’s carbon emissions have risen continuously since 2014 after coming down more than 10 per cent in the previous Government;
(b) the Government’s own projections show that: (i) Australia will fail to meet the 2020 Kyoto target of a 5 per cent reduction in emissions from 2000 levels; and (ii) emissions are projected to continue to rise until 2030, failing to meet its own 2030 targets; and
(3) calls on the Government to:
(a) take action to actually reduce our carbon emissions, to meet its own targets without using ‘carryover credits’; and
(b) adopt more ambitious targets which actually meet Australia’s obligations to play a part in the global effort to keep global warming below 2 degrees above pre-industrial levels.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

16 MR BURNS: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) access to adequate housing is a fundamental right under Article 11 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights which Australia has ratified;
(b) adequate housing requires safe, secure and affordable accommodation be accessible to all;
(c) 116,427 Australians were homeless on the last census night;
(d) homelessness affects Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders disproportionately;
(e) homelessness includes those in crisis accommodation, improvised dwellings, temporary accommodation, boarding houses and other insecure forms of housing;
(f) inadequate provision of public housing is a major cause of homelessness;
(g) public housing is a central tenant of an equitable Australia where a fair go requires access to secure accommodation;
(h) public housing is a determinative factor in education, employment, and health outcomes; and
(i) public housing is a means of social mobility and opportunity; and
(2) calls on the Government to help build more affordable homes and ensure every Australian has their own safe place to live.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

17 MR WATTS: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) according to a report released last month, Australia’s Digital Opportunity, Australia is lagging behind global peers and failing to capture the economic opportunities of the rapidly growing global digital economy;
(b) Australia ranks second last among OECD countries for relative size of our technology sector and its contribution to the economy; and
(c) the Australian tech sector could create an additional $50 billion per year were Australia successful in catching up and matching the tech sector growth rates of our global peers;
(2) recognises that the Government released ‘Australia’s Tech Future’ which read more like a promotional brochure than serious strategy—it described initiatives already in train, was vague on targets and outcomes—and, importantly, offers no bold vision to drive growth in our digital economy;
(3) further notes that under this Government Australia is suffering from record low wages growth, more than a million Australians underemployed and a per capita recession; and
(4) calls on the Government to urgently take a coordinated approach to the digital economy.

(Notice given 18 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
Orders of the day

1 COAL-FIRED POWER FUNDING PROHIBITION BILL 2019 (Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019).
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019. On 25 July 2019, the Selection Committee made a determination that this bill be referred to the Standing Committee on Economics.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

7 MEN AND WOMEN OF THE AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE FORCE: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:
(1) notes the outstanding contribution of the men and women of the Australian Defence Force to ensure the safety of our nation;
(2) recognises the support of their families and friends during their service; and
(3) acknowledges the positive social and economic impact the men and women of our defence force have on communities throughout Australia.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

8 WORLD HUMANITARIAN DAY: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:
(1) notes that World Humanitarian Day will be observed on 19 August 2019;
(2) pays tribute to the aid workers who risk their lives in humanitarian service, including those who are:
(a) directly targeted;
(b) treated as threats; and
(c) prevented from providing relief;
(3) honours the lives of those aid workers who have been killed while bringing relief and care to those in desperate need;
(4) acknowledges the millions of civilians affected by armed conflict every day, including those who struggle to access food, water, safe shelter and crucial medical assistance;
(5) further notes that the United Nations estimates that record numbers of over 65 million people are displaced from their homes around the world due to conflict;
(6) notes the Government’s $11.3 billion in cuts to foreign aid, rendering Australia’s international aid contribution as a percentage of gross domestic product at the lowest recorded level; and
calls on the Government to rebuild Australia’s International Development Assistance Program and increase aid investment beyond current levels.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

11 AUSTRALIA’S SPACE INDUSTRY: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Ramsey—That this House:

   (1) notes that this week 50 years ago the human imagination was captivated by the first man to walk on the moon;
   (2) recognises the commitment by the Government to space by the establishment of the Australian Space Agency, which will have the goal of tripling the space industry and creating 20,000 jobs;
   (3) acknowledges the vital role the Woomera range and facilities have played, and will continue to play in Australia’s space industry; and
   (4) congratulates the Government for investing $19.5 million in a Space Infrastructure Fund that will support projects to accelerate growth of Australia’s space industry.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

12 TOP ATHLETES: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Ryan—That this House:

   (1) acknowledges the incredible performances of Australia’s top athletes in recent times including:
       a) the Matildas reaching the final 16 in the FIFA World Cup;
       b) Ash Barty winning the French Open and acing her way to the top of the world tennis rankings;
       c) Sally Fitzgibbons making waves by winning the 2019 Oi Rio Pro - World Surf League event and surfing her way to the top of the world rankings;
       d) Hannah Green winning the Women’s PGA Championship and in doing so taking home Australia’s first major win in a women’s golf tournament in over a decade; and
       e) the Hockeyroos reaching the final of the inaugural Women’s International Hockey Federation Pro League;
   (2) acknowledges the teams that support our athletes including their coaches, managers, physiotherapists, dieticians and their families; and
   (3) encourages Australian athletes in upcoming competitions including:
       a) the Australian Diamonds who will be competing in the Netball World Cup in Liverpool, England between 12 and 21 July 2019; and
       b) the Australian Women’s Cricket Team who will be competing in the ICC Women’s T20 Cricket World Cup in 2020.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

14 SETTLEMENT OF REFUGEES FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

   (1) acknowledges Australia is a major contributor to the Syria humanitarian response plan, designating approximately $220 million dollars to Syria and neighbouring countries between 2016 and 2019;
   (2) notes that:
(a) western Sydney is a primary settlement region and has received one-fifth of Australia’s recent humanitarian intake, as a result of years of ongoing conflict in the Middle East; and
(b) local health, education and migrant service providers, particularly in Fairfield and Liverpool, are running beyond their funded capacity and as a result, have been put under considerable pressure when trying to assist families to settle and integrate into our local community; and

(3) further acknowledges:
(a) that the insufficient funding to support these frontline services has widened the gap between supply of and demand for settlement services to support vulnerable individuals, particularly from the minority Christian, Assyrian, Chaldean and Mandaean communities; and
(b) the need to effectively invest in the settlement of refugees to enable them to integrate into the community, fulfil their potential and make a positive contribution to this country.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

15 NATIONAL SCIENCE WEEK: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Allen—That this House:
(1) recognises National Science Week took place from 10 to 18 August 2019;
(2) acknowledges:
   (a) National Science Week is an opportunity to recognise the economic and social contribution of those working in science disciplines;
   (b) National Science Week highlights the importance of sparking an interest in science, technology, engineering and maths (STEM) subjects from an early age and maintaining participation by students throughout primary and secondary schooling;
   (c) last year almost 1.2 million people participated in more than 2,100 events around the country; and
   (d) Questacon’s leadership role during National Science Week and throughout the year in inspiring young people and promoting STEM study; and
(3) notes the Government’s ongoing investment in science, research and innovation, which totalled $9.6 billion in 2018-19.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

16 PROSTATE CANCER: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Gorman—That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) according to Cancer Australia an estimated 3,306 men have died from prostate cancer in 2019;
   (b) there is an estimated one in six risk of a male being diagnosed with prostate cancer by his 85th birthday; and
   (c) it is vital that men take their health seriously;
(2) acknowledges the tireless work of men’s health advocate, prostate cancer survivor and Maylands resident, Mr David Dyke, for raising awareness about prostate cancer and promoting the importance of men’s health in the electoral division of Perth and across Australia;
(3) commends Mr Dyke for his:
   (a) advocacy in championing men’s health;
   (b) efforts in producing a deeply personal documentary on his battle with prostate cancer; and
   (c) committed work in raising awareness about prostate cancer; and
(4) encourages Members to watch Mr Dyke’s YouTube documentary ‘David Dyke Prostate Journey: From Diagnosis to Rehabilitation’.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

17 AUSTRALIAN BILL OF RIGHTS BILL 2019 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
18 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (STOP WORK TO STOP WARMING) BILL 2019 (Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

19 NATIONAL CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION AMENDMENT (SMALL AMOUNT CREDIT CONTRACT AND CONSUMER LEASE REFORMS) BILL 2019 (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019. On 19 September 2019, the Selection Committee made a determination that this bill be referred to the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters.)

21 SKILLS AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Kearney—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) more than 6 years of Liberal government has left Australia facing a crisis in skills and vocational training; and
      (b) under this Government:
         (i) more than 150,000 traineeships and apprenticeships have been lost;
         (ii) $3 billion has been slashed from TAFE and training; and
         (iii) 75 per cent of businesses are struggling to find qualified Australians to fill jobs; and
   (2) further notes that:
      (a) the Coalition’s answer to the ongoing demise of the VET sector is a $525 million skills package, yet Senate estimates confirmed that only $54.5 million of this is new funding for the sector;
      (b) the business community, unions and the not-for-profit sector are demanding reform and real funding—they know that a strong and growing economy depends on a skilled Australian workforce; and
      (c) with youth unemployment stuck at more than double the national average, young people need a decent skills sector that leads to good, secure and well paid jobs.
   (Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting days including 14 October 2019.)

22 BAHÁ’I FAITH: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Connelly—That this House:
   (1) considers the Bahá’í community a valued part of Australian society;
   (2) commends the contribution that Australian Bahá’ís make to social cohesion, unity and community building in Australia;
   (3) provides assurance that it holds the Bahá’í Faith, its leadership and its practicing members in the highest regard, in light of their focus on serving others with excellence;
   (4) congratulates the Australian Bahá’í community on the celebration of the bicentenary of the birth of their founder, the Bab, in October 2019;
   (5) condemns the ongoing persecution of Bahá’ís across the world, which includes arbitrary arrests and imprisonments, economic isolation and denial of access to higher education;
   (6) acknowledges that 2019 is the bicentenary of the Bahá’í Faith;
   (7) notes that the Bahá’í Faith teaches core principles of inclusivity, public service and peacefulness;
   (8) recognises that in spite of the openness and peacefulness inherent to their beliefs, members of the Bahá’í Faith have suffered significant persecution;
   (9) understands that most, if not all, of the world’s major religions have, at various times including the present, suffered persecution in some form; and
holds that the importance of freedom of religion is both an individual and a collective right, protected under international and domestic law, whereby all people are free to adopt and hold a belief, as well as manifest that belief in worship, observance, practice or teaching.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS has precedence each Monday in the House of Representatives Chamber from 10.10 am to 12 noon; and in the Federation Chamber from 11 am to 1.30 pm and 4.45 pm to 7.30 pm (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS has precedence from the conclusion of consideration of committee and delegation business each Monday (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

The SELECTION COMMITTEE is responsible for arranging the timetable and order of committee and delegation business and private Members’ business for each sitting Monday. Its determinations for today are shown under ‘Business accorded priority for …’. Any private Members’ business not called on, or consideration of private Members’ business or committee and delegation business which has been interrupted and not re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays, shall be removed from the Notice Paper (standing order 42).
PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS ACCORDED PRIORITY FOR THIS SITTING

11 AM TO 1.30 PM

Notices

†1 MS STANLEY: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) 15 October is International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day;
   (b) on this day, parents, families, friends and healthcare workers will memorialise babies they have lost through miscarriage, stillbirth and infant death; and
   (c) infant loss is a tragic and terrible event to go through for families, healthcare workers and friends and International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day provides an opportunity to mark their shared loss;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) each year around 150,000 women in Australia experience some form of pregnancy or infant loss;
   (b) further issues are commonly faced by those close to these tragic events such as depression, anxiety, changes in relationships, development of unhealthy coping mechanisms and post-traumatic stress disorder;
   (c) these effects, amongst others, are often underestimated and overlooked by healthcare professionals, friends, and even family members, especially concerning pregnancy loss related bereavement and subsequent grief; and
   (d) greater research and understanding is required to aide in the creation and establishment of programs, resources and services that support and provide assistance to survivors of baby loss and their families, and enable them to overcome their trauma and integrate their bereavement into their life in a healthy, helpful, healing manner;

(3) expresses sympathy to all families who have suffered a miscarriage, a stillbirth or infant death; and

(4) commends each and every person who has supported parents and families through their journey from the loss of a baby.

(Notice given 9 September 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†2 MS FLINT: To move—That this House:

(1) notes the:
   (a) outstanding contribution women make to the Australian Defence Force; and
   (b) formation of the new Council for Women and Families United by Defence Service; and

(2) acknowledges that Defence embraces the concept of diversity, valuing differences, demonstrating fair, respectful and inclusive behaviour and aims to effectively attract and retain women who can support Defence to better reflect the community it serves.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Time allowed—40 minutes.)

†3 MS CLAYDON: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that Australia has:
   (a) more than 59,000km of coastline;
   (b) around 85 per cent of the population living in coastal regions; and
   (c) nearly 39,000 buildings (as at 2011) and hundreds of coastal communities located within 100 metres of ‘soft’ shorelines which are at risk from accelerated erosion;

(2) acknowledges that:
coastal erosion presents a social, environmental, economic and existential threat to coastal communities;

(b) human-induced climate change will accelerate erosion, putting many communities in grave danger; and

(c) a number of communities are already starting to sustain serious damage from coastal erosion;

(3) is deeply concerned that there is no national leadership on the issue of coastal erosion and all climate adaptation activities have been defunded under Governments led by Prime Ministers Abbott, Turnbull and Morrison; and

(4) calls on the Government to take urgent action to support coastal communities seeking to restore their beaches and improve their resilience.

(Order of the day

†1 CONGESTION BUSTING INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr van Manen—That this House:

(1) notes with concern the growing congestion in our major cities, which makes it harder for workers to commute and takes time away from people to enjoy with their families;

(2) recognises that governments at every level need to invest in congestion busting infrastructure to provide the best outcomes for their citizens; and

(3) commends the Government on committing additional funding across urban and regional Australia, in particular the additional $3 billion to the Urban Congestion Fund so that $4 billion is now available through the fund to target pinch points in major cities to further reduce congestion.

(Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 1.30 pm.)

4.45 PM TO 7.30 PM

Notices—continued

†4 MS THWAITES: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 11 October 2019 is International Day of the Girl Child, which promotes human rights and supports action on gender inequality across the globe; and

(b) this year’s theme is ‘GirlForce: Unscripted and Unstoppable’ to celebrate achievements by, with and for girls since the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the Convention on the Rights of the Child;

(2) acknowledges that:

(a) movements across the world are stepping up to address discrimination, exploitation and abuse facing girls, including stopping child marriage, promoting girls’ education and standing up to gender-based violence; and

(b) more needs to be done, with girls across the world still suffering disadvantage in many areas of their lives which can severely limit opportunities and life outcomes;

(3) calls on the Government to:

(a) develop policies that will ensure Australian girls have every opportunity to live lives free from discrimination and achieve their potential; and

(b) actively work to support international communities to end gender-based discrimination and create opportunities for girls’ voices to be heard; and

(4) urges all Members of Parliament to take the lead in promoting gender equality in their own communities.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†5 MR PEARCE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes the:

(a) creation of 1.2 million jobs since the Coalition Government was elected, with 140,000 young Australians securing employment over that time period;
(b) strong commitment of the Government to reform the vocational education and training sector to better meet the demands of the modern Australian economy; and
(c) leadership of the Government in November 2018 to commission the Joyce Review, a comprehensive expert review of the Australian vocational education and training system which was delivered in March 2019; and

(2) welcomes the implementation of the Skills Package, a $525 million suite of measures that includes:
   (a) a National Careers Institute and the appointment of a National Careers Ambassador;
   (b) the Foundation Skills for Your Future program—an initiative which will support workers by improving literacy, numeracy, and digital literacy;
   (c) a streamlined Incentives for Australian Apprenticeships program, which will encourage employers to take on apprentices and trainees;
   (d) additional incentives to both employers and apprentices in areas affected by skills shortages under the Additional Identified Skills Shortage Payment measure;
   (e) establishing ten industry training hubs in areas of high unemployment;
   (f) further addressing youth unemployment in regional areas by funding 400 Commonwealth Scholarships for Young Australians;
   (g) a National Skills Commission and pilot skills organisations that will promote a nation-wide approach to skills development and enhance the role of industry in designing training courses;
   (h) an extension of the National Rugby League’s VET Apprenticeship Awareness Program; and
   (i) Energising Tasmania—a partnership between the Commonwealth and the Tasmanian Government to train a skilled workforce for jobs for the future in pumped hydro and energy infrastructure; and

(3) welcomes the prospect of creating a further 80,000 apprenticeships in occupations with skills shortages over the coming five years.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Time allowed—60 minutes.)

†6 DR HAINES: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises:
   (a) the Government’s commitment to future-proofing Australian agriculture, including the Future Drought Fund, and its action on climate change, including its commitment under the Paris Agreement to achieve a 26 to 28 per cent reduction in Australia’s emissions from 2005 levels by 2030 and to increase ambition over time under the Paris ambition mechanism; and
   (b) the Opposition’s commitment to the future of Australian agriculture and to action on climate change mitigation and adaptation;

(2) notes:
   (a) that climate change represents a serious and present threat to the Australian agricultural sector’s continued viability and international competitiveness;
   (b) the calls from the National Farmers’ Federation for a coordinated national framework to drive productivity and profitability while recognising environmental stewardship, and for a carbon neutrality plan for all agricultural commodities by 2025; and
   (c) the calls from the Australian Farm Institute and Farmers for Climate Action for the development of a national strategy on climate change and agriculture based on a consultative, co-design process involving government, industry, scientific research bodies, Australian farmers, and rural and regional communities;

(3) affirms that in order to ensure the continued flourishing of Australian agriculture into the future, the design and implementation of a national strategy on agriculture and climate change should include:
   (a) funding for comprehensive research on the direct and indirect risks climate change poses to Australian agri-food systems, including risks to primary production, biosecurity, food processing, food safety, farmer health, key infrastructure, equity, animal welfare, export markets and farm inputs;
   (b) targets for adapting Australian farming to climate change in the short, medium and long term;
   (c) financial and technical support for a just transition by supporting farmers and regional communities to adapt to future climate conditions including adoption of climate-resilient crops and regenerative farming and land use practices, investment in technology and infrastructure, and development of new rural industries;
a long term plan to promote clean energy in rural and regional communities, including community and privately owned renewables projects that can provide sustainable, alternative income to land owners during drought;

(e) a mechanism to compensate farmers and land owners for ecosystem services they provide, including land-based carbon sequestration as a route to achieve net carbon neutrality of other sectors; and

(f) a plan to accelerate global emissions reductions by exporting Australian technology, research and expertise; and

(4) calls on the Government to develop a national strategy on climate change and agriculture that reflects these components.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Time allowed—45 minutes.)

Mr Gorman: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises:

(a) the importance of Western Australia to the national economy; and

(b) that when Western Australia does well, Australia does well;

(2) notes that:

(a) it is clear that the Government is ignorant to Western Australia’s drive on the national economy;

(b) without Western Australia there would have been negative national economic growth in the 2019 April-June quarter; and

(c) without Western Australia, the Government would have a budget deficit in 2019-20; and

(3) condemns the Government for:

(a) failing to invest in Western Australia;

(b) failing to offer any funding for Royal Perth Hospital or the construction of the new women’s and babies hospital;

(c) refusing to waive historical housing debts for Western Australia, despite doing so for Tasmania; and

(d) giving Western Australia less than ten per cent of the $100 billion infrastructure package.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 7.30 pm.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL’S SPEECH: Resumption of debate (from 19 September 2019—Ms L. M. Chesters) on the proposed Address in Reply.

2 DEATH OF THE HONOURABLE TIMOTHY ANDREW FISCHER—CONDOLENCE MOTION: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019—Mr Porter) on the motion of Mr Morrison.

3 DEATH OF DR THE HONOURABLE ALEXANDER JAMES (JIM) FORBES—CONDOLENCE MOTION: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2019—Mr Porter) on the motion of Mr Morrison.

4 GRIEVANCE DEBATE: Question—that grievances be noted—Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2019).

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS—continued

Orders of the day—continued

1 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME ANNUAL PRICE REVIEW: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Laming—That this House:

(1) welcomes the recent outcomes of the 2019-20 National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) annual price review;

(2) notes the increases in NDIS pricing from 1 July 2019 includes:

(a) significant increases in the base prices for attendant care and community participation;
(b) a new temporary transformation payment for providers of attendant care and community participation supports, which will be 7.5 per cent in 2019-20, and will reduce by 1.5 percentage points each year thereafter;

(c) allowing therapy providers to claim for travel, cancellations and non-face-to-face time for therapy assistant activities;

(d) clarification of charges for cancellations and providers claiming for non-face-to-face direct care-related activities as hours of support against relevant support items;

(e) increasing the amount of time providers claim for travel, for up to 30 minutes between appointments within city areas and up to 60 minutes in regional areas; and

(f) increasing remote and very remote loadings on price limits from 20 per cent to 40 per cent, and from 25 per cent to 50 per cent respectively;

(3) notes that from 1 July 2019, funding in existing participant plans will be adjusted to reflect the price increases; and

(4) welcomes the National Disability Insurance Agency’s continued commitment to improvement and transparency in price setting beyond the 2019-20 annual price review.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

2 TRADE: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Ted O’Brien—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) the record monthly trade surplus in May 2019; and
   (b) that the five largest monthly trade surpluses have all been this year;

(2) acknowledges that trade supports one in five jobs in Australia; and

(3) calls on Members to vote in support of important trade agreements with Indonesia, Peru and Hong Kong when they come before the House, thereby providing further export opportunities for our farmers and small and family businesses.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

3 PENALTY RATES: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Swanson—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) on 1 July 2019, 700,000 Australians had their penalty rates cut again;
   (b) according to the Council of Small Business Australia, cuts to penalty rates have not created one single job;
   (c) penalty rates are not a luxury, they are a necessity for millions of Australians to cope with the rising cost of living;
   (d) cuts to penalty rates disproportionately effect women, young people and those without a tertiary education; and
   (e) reinstating penalty rates would allow low income and highly casualised industries to invest more money into the economy;

(2) condemns:
   (a) the Government’s failure to protect penalty rates and the millions of Australians who rely on them; and
   (b) Government members and senators who called for, or supported, cuts to penalty rates; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) join with the Opposition in making a submission to the Fair Work Commission, arguing that penalty rates should be reinstated; and
   (b) exercise some economic leadership and stand up for low paid workers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
TAX RELIEF: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mrs Archer—That this House notes that:

1. the Government took to the election a plan for tax relief for hard-working Australians which will more than double the low and middle income tax offset from 2018-19, and deliver long-term structural reform by lowering the 32.5 per cent tax rate to 30 per cent from 1 July 2024; and

2. at the 2019 federal election the coalition was returned to office and that our plan for lower taxes was backed by the Australian people.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

THE ECONOMY: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That this House:

1. recognises that the fundamentals of our economy are strong thanks to the economic management of the Government; and

2. commends the Government for its plan to continue to grow the economy through:
   (a) delivering on a $100 billion infrastructure plan;
   (b) pursuing free trade deals, with the European Union and through the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership;
   (c) creating 1.25 million more jobs over the next five years;
   (d) maintaining budget surpluses and paying down debt; and
   (e) locking in record funding for schools and hospitals.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE FORCE CADETS: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:

1. notes the valuable contribution the Australian Defence Force (ADF) cadets make to youth development in our communities;

2. recognises cadet leaders and staff who give up their time to mentor and shape Australia’s youth; and

3. acknowledges that ADF cadets, in cooperation with the community, benefit the nation by developing an individual’s capacity to contribute to society.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

TASMANIAN HOUSING CRISIS: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Collins—That this House:

1. notes that:
   (a) after being neglected by successive State and Federal Liberal Governments, Tasmania is now in the depths of a housing crisis;
   (b) under the Liberals, the Tasmanian housing market is failing renters, first-home buyers and people at risk of homelessness;
   (c) the average middle-income Tasmanian household is in rental stress, paying about 30 per cent of their income just to put a roof over their head, and 20 per cent more Tasmanians are accessing homelessness and crisis housing services than two years ago;
   (d) sadly, behind these statistics, Tasmanians are hurting;
   (e) the new Federal Assistant Minister for Community Housing, Homelessness and Community Services wants to put a ‘positive spin’ on the housing crisis, which is disgraceful and shows an arrogant contempt for ordinary Tasmanians; and
   (f) these unacceptable comments illustrate the failure and incompetence of the Liberals in Tasmania;

2. calls on the Federal Government to outline a plan to address this crisis—if there is a deal with Senator Lambie, the Government should release the details; and

3. recognises that:
   (a) this continuing record of neglect is yet another example of the State and Federal Liberals failing to stand up for Tasmania; and
(b) only Labor can be trusted to take the housing crisis seriously. 

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

8 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME EARLY CHILDHOOD EARLY INTERVENTION APPROACH: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House: 

(1) notes the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) Early Childhood Early Intervention (ECEI) approach is an evidence-based, best practice approach to early childhood intervention for children aged zero to six years with developmental delay or disability, and there have been some challenges with rolling out the ECEI approach; 

(2) welcomes the Government’s announcement to reduce delays and backlogs in delivering early childhood early intervention supports through the NDIS; and 

(3) notes that: 

(a) a six-month recovery plan to be implemented by the National Disability Insurance Agency (NDIA) will include working with ECEI partners to secure additional resources to ensure children are able to receive early childhood supports in a more timely manner; 

(b) the NDIA will provide a standardised interim six-month plan for children who have been found eligible for the NDIS, but who are experiencing significant waiting periods for a plan (that is, where the period between an access decision and getting a plan is greater than 50 days) and that these interim plans will be replaced by a full NDIS plan no later than six months after being issued; 

(c) new participants who are not categorised as complex and who are not transferring from an existing Commonwealth, state or territory disability program will be given a standardised interim plan for $10,000; 

(d) participants who are transferring from an existing Commonwealth, state or territory disability program, their interim NDIS plan and funding package will reflect their existing support levels, however, if that amount is lower than $10,000 they will also receive the $10,000 standardised interim plan for up to six months; and 

(e) participants with complex support needs, will immediately be streamed to an NDIA early childhood specialist to develop their plan and appropriate funding package. 

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

9 VISION AUSTRALIA RADIO FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms L. M. Chesters—That this House: 

(1) notes that Vision Australia’s radio broadcast is at risk of ending at the end of 2019 due to a lack of funding; 

(2) acknowledges that: 

(a) this organisation is receiving some Government funding, but more is needed to cover running costs; and 

(b) 700,000 listeners tune into Vision Australia Radio each year and that there are around 800 volunteers across 10 stations in Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and regional Victoria; 

(3) recognises that due to changes in the funding received by disability support organisations following the roll out of the National Disability Insurance Scheme, Vision Australia needs to secure an extra $700,000 per year to ensure the future of the service; 

(4) believes the Government can play a vital role in ensuring people with a print disability can remain informed and connected to their local community; and 

(5) calls on the Government to provide greater funding support to Vision Australia to continue their radio service. 

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

10 CYBER SECURITY: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House: 

(1) notes that: 

(a) according to IDCARE, in 2019 they will provide support to over 50,000 Australians and New Zealanders who have experienced identity takeover, cybercrimes, scams and cyber bullying;
in 2018-19, IDCARE’s call centre provided approximately 53,400 hours of specialist identity and cyber security counselling support to Australian residents; and

(c) Australia is being targeted by international organised crime and we need a strong approach to educating people on how they can protect themselves;

(2) recognises the commitment by the Government to prioritise cyber security initiatives as part of the Cyber Security Strategy 2016 and the Action Plan that outlines the steps the Government will take to achieve Australia’s cybersecurity goals by 2020; and

(3) acknowledges the need for continued investment, support and education to protect Australians from being victims of international organised crime.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

11 PUBLIC SECTOR INTEGRITY COMMISSION: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Government on its commitment to establish a Commonwealth Integrity Commission to investigate and prevent corruption in the public sector;

(2) congratulates the Opposition on its commitment to establish a National Integrity Commission to investigate and prevent corruption in the public sector;

(3) notes the major and significant contribution that a robust and well-functioning integrity commission can make to sustain and reinforce public confidence in the integrity of Australia’s democratic government, parliament, and public service; and to help control corruption generally in Australia, in line with our international obligations;

(4) notes that to achieve these objectives, the design and implementation of a robust integrity commission should include:

(a) a broad jurisdiction to investigate and help prevent any serious or systematic abuse of entrusted power for private or political gain (‘corruption’) at the Commonwealth level, including but not limited to criminal offences;

(b) the ability to self-initiate investigations;

(c) the ability to receive, investigate or refer information about corruption from any person, including directly from Commonwealth staff or other whistleblowers;

(d) improved measures for the protection of whistleblowers in the Commonwealth public sector and more generally;

(e) the ability to hold public hearings for investigative purposes, for any corruption concerns within jurisdiction, where in the public interest to do so;

(f) the other powers needed for effective investigation, including to question people, compel the production of documents, seek warrants to enter and search premises, make public reports including findings of fact and recommendations, and refer matters to relevant prosecutors;

(g) the power and responsibility to properly coordinate the Commonwealth’s role in a national anti-corruption plan, working with state and territory agencies, other regulatory agencies for the private sector, and civil society;

(h) the power and responsibility to lead comprehensive corruption prevention policies and procedures across the Commonwealth public sector, procurement and service delivery;

(i) full jurisdiction over Commonwealth parliamentarians and their staff;

(j) the creation of the commissioner(s) as an independent officer of the Commonwealth Parliament, appointed by and reporting to a bipartisan joint standing committee of the parliament, and only terminable on address from the parliament for proven misbehaviour or incapacity; and

(k) sufficiently well-resourced funds and personnel; and

(5) calls on the Government to work towards implementing an integrity commission that adheres to these key principles.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
12 **EDUCATION:** Resumption of debate *(from 29 July 2019)* on the motion of Mr Perrett—That this House:

(1) recognises that:
   
   (a) Australian school students who commenced preparatory school when the Coalition formed government are now entering their final semester of primary school;
   
   (b) Australian school students who commenced high school when the Coalition formed government have transitioned to earning or learning through tertiary or vocational education; and
   
   (c) the future opportunities of these young Australians have been curtailed by the inability of the Government to address the educational needs of Australian students;

(2) notes that since the Coalition formed government:
   
   (a) one of their first acts in government was to cut $30 billion over the decade from projected school funding;
   
   (b) they failed to restore cuts to public schools;
   
   (c) the literacy and numeracy of Australian school students has fallen;
   
   (d) there has been no action by the Government to improve school standards;
   
   (e) there has been no action by the Government to provide support to students, parents, teachers and principals;
   
   (f) Australian Vocational education and training (VET) students are paying more for their courses;
   
   (g) Australian apprenticeships and on-the-job training opportunities have declined;
   
   (h) the threshold for student loan repayments has been reduced, so that VET and university students are now commencing to repay their student loans when they are earning barely more than the minimum wage;
   
   (i) university places have been capped;
   
   (j) penalty rates, relied on by many students trying to earn money while studying, have been cut, resulting in more time away from their studies; and
   
   (k) nothing has been done to address the disconnect between higher education courses and industry demand for skills; and

(3) calls on the Government to urgently implement measures to:
   
   (a) support public education in Australia through fair funding and reversing the cuts;
   
   (b) address the falling standard of literacy and numeracy of Australian students;
   
   (c) make sure university and TAFE is affordable for all Australians; and
   
   (d) ensure that young Australians have the skills required for our future workforce needs.

*(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)*

13 **INFRASTRUCTURE:** Resumption of debate *(from 29 July 2019)* on the motion of Ms Flint—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Government on:
   
   (a) the extensive urban and regional infrastructure investment of $100 billion announced in the 2019 Budget; and
   
   (b) its focus on national freight challenges, congestion busting and road safety;

(2) recognises that every state of the Commonwealth is benefitting from the Government’s infrastructure program; and

(3) commends the Government on providing the infrastructure that will build our future and generate growth for our economy.

*(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)*

14 **SYDNEY METRO WEST PROJECT:** Resumption of debate *(from 9 September 2019)* on the motion of Ms Owens—That this House:

(1) notes:
   
   (a) that western Sydney is home to two million people, which is nearly 10 per cent of Australia’s population and Australia’s third largest economy;
that western Sydney’s population is expected to grow by an additional one million people in the
next 20 years while the population in the corridor between Parramatta and Sydney is expected
to grow by 420,000;
(c) that more than 300,000 new jobs are expected to be created in the same period and that traffic
congestion is expected to cost Sydney nearly $15 billion by 2031;
(d) that Parramatta is western Sydney’s Central Business District (CBD) and is Sydney’s second
CBD;
(e) the benefit of the proposed Sydney Metro West project to connect Parramatta and Sydney via
the Bays Precinct and Sydney Olympic Park; and
(f) that the project, when operational, is expected to slash travel times between the two CBDs to
just 20 minutes (on trains running every two minutes) and reduce traffic congestion;
(2) recognises the NSW Government’s commitment of $6.4 billion in funding to the project and
additional commitment to fast-track the project to begin construction in 2020;
(3) further notes that Federal Labor committed to $3 billion funding to the project prior to the 2019
federal election; and
(4) calls on the Federal Government to urgently allocate the funding that will ensure the project can
begin construction in the fast-tracked timeframe.

15 WORLD RANGER DAY: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Entsch—
That this House:
(1) notes that 31 July 2019 is World Ranger Day;
(2) acknowledges the significant contribution that Indigenous rangers make to our national parks,
including environmental management, restoration and education;
(3) pays tribute to rangers that have lost their lives while at work;
(4) supports the Government’s funding of Indigenous ranger groups with $254.6 million invested
through the Indigenous Advancement Strategy over three years from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2021,
including $61.8 million in the state of Queensland; and
(5) welcomes the work of 123 ranger groups nationally, which provided 2,160 jobs for Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Australians in 2016-17.

16 SMALL AMOUNT CREDIT CONTRACTS LEGISLATION: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Dick—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) it has been more than four years since the Government established the independent Review of
Small Amount Credit Contracts (SACC);
(b) the review panel provided the final report to the Government on 3 March 2016, listing
24 recommendations relating to the SACC and consumer leasing laws;
(c) the Government released its response to the report on 28 November 2016, in which it agreed
with the vast majority of recommendations in part or in full;
(d) the Minister for Revenue and Financial Services at the time said ‘the implementation of these
recommendations will ensure that vulnerable consumers are afforded appropriate levels of
consumer protection while continuing to access SACCs and leases’;
(e) the Government released draft legislation on 23 October 2017, whereby the Minister for Small
Business and now Deputy Prime Minister said that the ‘Government will introduce legislation
this year to implement the SACC and consumer lease reforms’;
(f) the Assistant Minister to the Treasurer pledged in May 2018 that SACC and consumer leasing
laws would be progressed in 2018;
(g) former Prime Minister Turnbull confirmed the Government supported the vast majority of
recommendations from the independent Review of SACC and also pledged to introduce
legislation enacting the recommendations in 2018;
(h) the Assistant Treasurer in December 2018 also noted the importance of protecting vulnerable consumers from harmful financial practices, but would wait until the conclusion of the Royal Commission into Misconduct in the Banking, Superannuation and Financial Services Industry;

(i) the Royal Commission has now been completed, however there is still no legislation before the house to enact the 24 recommendations from the independent Review of SACC;

(j) on 22 February 2019 the Senate Economics References Committee completed an inquiry into credit and financial services targeted at Australians at risk of financial hardship, which recommended that the National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment (Small Amount Credit Contract and Consumer Lease Reforms) Bill 2017 exposure draft released by Treasury be introduced, and passage facilitated by the Government; and

(k) the Government has continuously broken its promises to legislate these important reforms; and

(2) calls on the Government to introduce legislation without any further delay so that Australians are given the protections they need from harmful pay day lending practices.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

17 DISABILITY RELATED HEALTH SUPPORTS: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House:

(1) notes the Council of Australian Governments Disability Reform Council met on 28 June 2019 and resolved a number of long-standing issues, including the interaction of the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) with the health system;

(2) welcomes the council’s agreement to a range of disability-related health supports that will be provided through the NDIS; and

(3) notes the:

(a) NDIS will fund disability-related health supports where the supports are required as a result of the participant’s disability and assist the participant to undertake activities of daily living;

(b) types of health supports that will be funded by the NDIS include continence supports, dysphagia and nutrition supports, respiratory supports and supports for wound and pressure care; and

(c) approach agreed to by the council to fund disability related health supports under the NDIS recognises participants need to be placed at the centre of all decisions.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

18 AGE PENSIONS: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the OECD:

(i) calculates that Australia’s expenditure on age pensions is currently 4 per cent of public spending, and is projected to be 4 per cent in 2050, which compares with 9 per cent and 10 per cent respectively for the OECD; and

(ii) has stated that ‘the old age income poverty rate in Australia is high at 26 per cent compared to 13 per cent across the OECD in 2015’;

(b) the Benevolent Society:

(i) released The Adequacy of the Age Pension in Australia: An assessment of pensioner living standards report in September 2016, concluding from its research that ‘the age pension in Australia is inadequate’; and

(ii) also concludes that ‘home ownership constitutes the single biggest factor contributing to financial hardship among pensioners’ and ‘age pensioners who are renting, in particular those who are single, are the worst off’;

(c) deeming rates dramatically affect the wellbeing of Australian pensioners; and

(d) whilst the Government has reduced deeming rates for the first time since 2015, it has not been adequately responsive to changes in the cash rate; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) establish an independent tribunal to:
(i) assess the base rate of the pension;
(ii) assess the Commonwealth Assistance Rate;
(iii) assess the deeming rate; and
(iv) determine the best mechanism for regular review; and
(b) reduce the financial gap between age pensioners who are home owners and those who are renters.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

19 SMALL BUSINESS AND THE DEFENCE INDUSTRY: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Thompson—That this House:

(1) notes the important role Australian small business has in the future of our national and economic security through its integral role in our defence industry;
(2) recognises the defence industry’s potential for growth in electoral divisions like Herbert and other regional electoral divisions across Australia;
(3) supports opportunities to maximise the participation of Australian companies in all facets of defence procurement; and
(4) acknowledges the Government’s commitment to deliver a robust, resilient and internationally competitive Australian defence industry.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

20 CITIZENSHIP APPLICATIONS: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Zappia—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) as at 30 June 2019 there were 221,415 applications for Australian citizenship by conferral;
   (b) under this Government the backlog has risen from 27,037 in 2013-14;
   (c) the timeframe for finalisation of 90 per cent of applications is now within 24 months;
   (d) some applicants wait longer than two years for their applications to be finalised; and
   (e) Australian Citizenship provides a number of important benefits including:
      (i) the right to enrol and vote;
      (ii) eligibility for a HECS-HELP loan for university;
      (iii) access to an Australian passport; and
      (iv) sometimes satisfying a requirement for employment; and
(2) calls on the Government to immediately address the backlog and lengthy wait times for citizenship applications so that people who want to fully participate in Australian civic life are able to do so.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

21 HOME CARE PACKAGES: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Owens—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the latest Government report indicates more than 129,000 older Australians are waiting for their approved home care package;
   (b) more than 75,000 older Australians on the waiting list have no home care package at all; and
   (c) since 2017 the wait list for home care has grown from 88,000 to more than 129,000 older Australians;
(2) recognises:
   (a) the majority of older Australians are waiting for level three and level four packages, who have high care needs;
   (b) some older Australians have been waiting more than two years for their approved package; and
   (c) older Australians are entering residential aged care or even emergency departments instead of receiving their approved home care package;
(3) condemns the Government for failing to stop the wait list growing; and
calls on the Government to immediately fix the home care packages waiting list and properly address this growing crisis.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

22 CLIMATE CHANGE AND HEALTH: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Steggall—That this House:

(1) notes a national health campaign, No Time for Games, comprising the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners, Royal Australian College of Physicians, the Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine, the Australian College of Sport and Exercise Physicians, the Australian College of Emergency Medicine, the Australian Medical Students Association and other organisations representing over 10,000 doctors and medical students nationwide, is calling for the Parliament to officially recognise that climate change represents one of the biggest and most urgent health threats to our children, requiring immediate and effective action;

(2) recognises that human health is adversely affected by human induced climate change, and that many in the Australian community, including our children, will be more susceptible to:

(a) heat related illness and death due to increased temperatures;
(b) respiratory disease and death caused by burning fossil fuels; and
(c) deadly hypoallergenic conditions like thunderstorm asthma which is exacerbated by longer allergy seasons and more severe weather events; and

(3) calls on the Government to reduce the incidence of these health effects by acting to develop and implement a plan to de-carbonise every polluting sector by 2050, which will reduce the incidence of extreme temperatures and more severe weather events.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

23 TUBERCULOSIS: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 24 March is World Tuberculosis (TB) Day, a day to commemorate the precious lives lost due to TB, a disease that is preventable and curable;
(b) TB is contagious and airborne—it is the world’s leading infectious disease killer and kills more people than HIV/AIDS;
(c) in 2017 alone, 1.6 million people died from TB worldwide and 10 million people became sick with the disease; and
(d) there is a funding gap of US$1.3 billion annually in TB research and development and it is critical to develop quicker diagnostic tools, better drugs, and a new TB vaccine in order to end the TB epidemic;

(2) recognises:

(a) that the funding that Australia is providing jointly with the World Bank to support testing and treatment in Papua New Guinea is already leading to an initiative to achieve universal testing for TB in Daru; and
(b) the provision of $75 million over five years for Product Development Partnerships in the Indo-Pacific Health Security initiative to accelerate access to new therapeutics and diagnostics for drug-resistant TB and malaria, building on the successes of Australia’s previous investments; and

(3) calls on the Government to:

(a) develop an action plan to monitor the progress made towards the targets and commitment made at the UN High-Level Meeting on TB; and
(b) make an increased financial commitment to the Global Fund at its Replenishment Conference in October 2019.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
24 NATIONAL POLICE REMEMBRANCE DAY: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

(1) notes that National Police Remembrance Day is observed on 27 September;
(2) acknowledges the crucial role police officers across Australia play in our local communities and the tremendous risk and sacrifice that comes with their duty;
(3) honours the lives and memories of those police officers who have made the ultimate sacrifice in the course of their duty and specifically honours the tragic loss of Constable Timothy Proctor of the New South Wales Police Force, who died from injuries sustained in a multiple vehicle collision in Lucas Heights;
(4) pays tribute to the families and friends of police officers who have been killed in the line of duty throughout our nation’s history;
(5) commends the valuable work of Police Legacy, who look after the loved ones of police officers who have fallen; and
(6) reaffirms its support for the nation's police officers and honours their courage, commitment and dedication in ensuring the peace and safety of our communities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

25 STERLING GROUP COLLAPSE: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:

(1) recognises those impacted by the collapse of the Sterling First New Life investment scheme and associated companies;
(2) condemns the Sterling Group for deceptive, scurrilous con-man tactics that were used to prey on vulnerable senior Australians;
(3) further recognises that the Department of Social Services has introduced a dedicated officer to oversee the Centrelink clients impacted by the collapse and has requested that individuals seek an interview with Centrelink staff, as each personal circumstance is different;
(4) encourages the people impacted by the collapse to make contact with the department and to make a submission to the Australian Financial Complaints Authority to investigate the financial dealings of the Sterling Group; and
(5) acknowledges that the company is in administration and that the Australian Securities and Investments Commission has commenced investigations into their activities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

26 SMITH BROTHERS AND AUSTRALIAN AVIATION: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Zappia—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) 2019 marks the centenary of Sir Ross Smith and Sir Keith Smith’s epic flight from London to Darwin;
   (b) a service was held at St Peter’s Cathedral in Adelaide on 15 June 2019 to commemorate the centenary;
   (c) Sir Ross Smith is one of Australia’s most distinguished airmen, having served with distinction during World War I and then winning the 1919 Great Air Race with his brother, piloting the renowned Vickers Vimy aircraft now on display at Adelaide Airport; and
   (d) on 15 June 1922 more than 100,000 people lined the streets of Adelaide for the funeral cortege of Sir Ross Smith who was tragically killed in 1922 whilst test flying another Vickers aircraft in preparation for another epic flight; and
(2) acknowledges heroism of the Smith brothers, their contribution to Australian aviation and the pride they brought to the nation.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
27 TREATY ON THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Georganas—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) the 74th anniversaries of the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki occurred on 6 and 9 August 2019 respectively, causing suffering which continues to this day;
   (b) the ongoing impacts of nuclear weapons on survivors of nuclear testing worldwide, including in Australia;
   (c) that successive Coalition and Labor Governments have joined all other treaties prohibiting inhumane and indiscriminate weapons;
   (d) that nuclear dangers are increasing worldwide, with no significant progress on nuclear disarmament in sight;
   (e) the prohibition and elimination of nuclear weapons is an urgent humanitarian imperative;
   (f) the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) outlaws the world’s worst weapons of mass destruction, strengthening the international legal nuclear disarmament framework; and
   (g) the TPNW complements and strengthens Australia’s existing commitments under the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone Treaty; and

(2) urges Australia to work towards signing and ratifying the TPNW.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

28 RECYCLING: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Allen—That this House:

(1) recognises the imperative of improving waste management, reducing unnecessary packaging and boosting recycling in Australia;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) Australians generate about 67 million tonnes of waste each year, of which 37 million tonnes is recycled;
   (b) only 12 per cent of the 103 kilograms of plastic waste generated per person in Australia each year is recycled, mostly overseas;
   (c) for every 10,000 tonnes of waste recycled, more than 9 jobs are created; and
   (d) waste related activities add $6.9 billion to the economy annually;

(3) welcomes the Government’s recent $20 million commitment for innovative projects under round 8 of the Cooperative Research Centres Projects grants to grow our domestic plastics recycling industry; and

(4) notes that this is part of the Government’s Australian Recycling Investment Plan, a package of initiatives totalling $167 million designed to grow and strengthen Australia’s domestic recycling industry, and to support industry and community initiatives to lift recycling rates in Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

29 SOUTH-WESTERN SYDNEY INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Freelander—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) south-western Sydney as one of the key growth areas of Australia; and
   (b) south-western Sydney’s cultural and economic contribution to the country; and

(2) calls on the Government to:
   (a) ensure south-western Sydney is adequately resourced in terms of vital infrastructure projects and inter-connectivity of the region;
   (b) ensure that major infrastructure projects, such as Western Sydney International Airport, do not isolate business centres such as Campbelltown and Liverpool from the public transport network;
   (c) adequately fund public transport links between the Western Sydney Airport, Western Sydney Aerotropolis, and south-western Sydney growth centres to ensure realisation of the economic benefits of the airport for the local community; and
(d) build a:
   (i) south-west rail line extension from Leppington through to Western Sydney Airport;
   (ii) a north-south rail link from Western Sydney Airport to Macarthur; and
   (iii) a rapid transit link along 15th Avenue from the Liverpool CBD to Western Sydney Airport.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)

30 MEDICARE: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Gillespie—That this House:

(1) notes the Government’s commitment to Medicare;

(2) further notes:
   (a) the record level of funding to Medicare in 2018-19 of $24.1 billion, which is an increase of 3.5 per cent in benefits paid in the 2017-18 financial year;
   (b) that the national GP bulk billing rate of 86.2 per cent is a four percentage point increase on the 2012-13 figure of 82.2 per cent when Labor were last in office; and
   (c) that patients made 136.5 million bulk billed GP visits in 2018-19, up 3.3 million visits on the previous financial year;

(3) acknowledges that on 1 July 2019, the Government increased the patient rebate for further GP items on the Medicare Benefits Schedule, and that specialist procedures, allied health services and other GP services such as mental health and after hours services, were indexed; and

(4) congratulates the Government for ensuring the Medicare Benefits Schedule Review will continue to ensure that Medicare services are effective and appropriate for patients now and into the future.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 14 October 2019.)
On the first sitting day of each fortnight, a complete Notice Paper is published containing all unanswered questions. On subsequent days, only new questions for the sitting are included in the Notice Paper. The full text of all unanswered questions is available at:


25 July 2019

83 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of Contract Notice CN3610753 published on Austender on 15 July 2019, what economic analysis will be provided by MannNorth Pty Ltd.

31 July 2019

100 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services—
   (1) How will the $527.9 million funding to the Royal Commission into Violence, Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation of People with Disability be allocated amongst government agencies.
   (2) What funding, if any, has been allocated to advocacy support services for the purposes of the Royal Commission; if funding has been allocated: (a) what is the breakdown for each state and territory; and (b) what funding has been allocated to, (i) individual advocacy; (ii) systemic advocacy for each state and territory, and (iii) systemic advocacy at a national level.

1 August 2019

108 MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—For each South Australian federal electoral division, how many National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) participants have: (a) sought a review and are awaiting an outcome; and (b) have been accepted as an NDIS participant but are awaiting a planning meeting.

9 September 2019

MR WATTS: To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. 116 to 117)—
   (1) Is the Government currently in negotiations with Uruguay on the development of an International Social Security Agreement (ISSA) for the mutual recognition of pensions.
   (2) When was your department’s most recent advice to the Government on the development of an ISSA for the mutual recognition of pensions between Australia and Uruguay.
   (3) Can an update be provided on your department’s most recent advice to the Government on the development of an ISSA for the mutual recognition of pensions between Uruguay and Australia.
   (4) What is the current status of the ISSA for the mutual recognition of pensions between Uruguay and Australia.
   (5) What is the Government’s timeline of completion of an ISSA for the mutual recognition of pensions between Uruguay and Australia.
   (6) When was the last time the Government updated the public on the status of the development of an ISSA for the mutual recognition of pensions between Uruguay and Australia.

116 MR WATTS: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services.

117 MR WATTS: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services.

118 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—
   (1) As at 1 July 2019, how many National Disability Insurance Scheme participants are awaiting the outcome of a review in: (a) the electoral division of Mayo; (b) South Australia; and (c) Australia.
   (2) Of the participants listed in (1)(a), (b) and (c) how many participants are under 7 years of age.

119 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—
   (1) As at 1 July 2019, how many National Disability Insurance Scheme participants have been accepted as a participant but are awaiting a planning meeting in: (a) the electoral division of Mayo; (b) South Australia; and (c) Australia.
   (2) Of the participants listed in (1)(a), (b) and (c) how many participants are under 7 years of age.
120 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Defence—At the time of the release of the 2016 Defence White Paper and the accompanying 2016 Integrated Investment Program, for each of the projects listed in tables 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the 2016 Integrated Investment Program, what were the scheduled years of: (a) first pass approval; (b) second pass approval; (c) initial materiel release; (d) initial operational capability; (e) final operational capability; and (f) investment value.

121 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Defence—In respect of the 2016 Defence White Paper and the accompanying 2016 Integrated Investment Program, for each of the projects listed in tables 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the 2016 Integrated Investment Program, what are the current scheduled years of: (a) first pass approval; (b) second pass approval; (c) initial materiel release; (d) initial operational capability; (e) final operational capability; and (f) investment value.

122 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister for Immigration, Citizenship, Migrant Services and Multicultural Affairs—In respect of the Pacific Labour Scheme Budget estimates published on page 105 of the 2017-18 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook, in making the revenue estimates for the Department of Home Affairs how many Pacific Labour Scheme participants were assumed to pay visa charges to the department in: (a) 2018-19; (b) 2019-20; and (c) 2020-21.

123 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the Pacific Labour Scheme Budget estimates published on page 105 of the 2017-18 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook: (1) In making the revenue estimates for the Department of Home Affairs how many Pacific Labour Scheme participants were assumed to pay visa charges to the department in: (a) 2018-19; (b) 2019-20; and (c) 2020-21. (2) In making the revenue estimates for the Australian Taxation Office how many Pacific Labour Scheme participants were assumed to be earning income in Australia in: (a) 2018-19; (b) 2019-20; and (c) 2020-21.

124 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the Pacific Labour Scheme Budget estimates published on page 105 of the 2017-18 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook: (a) what date was this contract entered into; (b) was this contract reported on Austender within 42 days of being entered into as required under the Commonwealth Procurement Rules; if not, (i) why not and (ii) was this a breach of the Commonwealth Procurement Rules; (c) was the contract entered into during the caretaker period prior to the federal election of 18 May 2019; if so, does the contract involve implementing or entrenching a policy, program or administrative structure which is politically contentious; if not, why not; and (d) did the contract, or the decision to obtain the services to be delivered under the contract, require ministerial approval; if so, when was ministerial approval provided and by which minister.

125 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of Contract Notice CN3611787 published on Austender on 17 July 2019: (a) what date was this contract entered into; (b) was this contract reported on Austender within 42 days of being entered into as required under the Commonwealth Procurement Rules; if not, (i) why not and (ii) was this a breach of the Commonwealth Procurement Rules; (c) was the contract entered into during the caretaker period prior to the federal election of 18 May 2019; if so, does the contract involve implementing or entrenching a policy, program or administrative structure which is politically contentious; if not, why not; and (d) did the contract, or the decision to obtain the services to be delivered under the contract, require ministerial approval; if so, when was ministerial approval provided and by which minister.

126 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of Contract Notice CN3617410 published on Austender on 6 August 2019: (a) what are the details of the market research to be provided by Taylor Nelson Sofres; (b) what subject matters will the market research cover; (c) what methodologies will be used in the market research; and (d) why has the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade commissioned this market research.

127 MR CONROY: To ask the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Development—In respect of the $5.85 million promised during the 2019 federal election campaign for sporting ground upgrades at Malak Oval, Fannie Bay Oval, Bagot Oval, Rinaldi Park, Gray Oval and for the Hellenic Athletic Club: (a) have the funds been released to the grant recipient; if not, why not and when will the funding be released; and (b) when will the projects be completed.

128 MR CONROY: To ask the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Development—In respect of the $5.85 million promised during the 2019 federal election campaign for an adult mental health centre at Royal Darwin Hospital: (a) have the funds been released to the grant recipient; if not, why not and when will the funding be released; and (b) when will the projects be completed.

129 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister for Health—In respect of the $14 million promised during the 2019 federal election campaign for an adult mental health centre at Royal Darwin Hospital: (a) have the funds been released to the grant recipient; if not, why not and when will the funding be released; and (b) when will the projects be completed.

130 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister for Health—In respect of the $14 million promised during the 2019 federal election campaign for an adult mental health centre at Royal Darwin Hospital: (a) have the funds been released to the grant recipient; if not, why not and when will the funding be released; and (b) when will the projects be completed.

131 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians— (1) Is it a fact that the national package queue for home care packages grew from 88,000 in June 2017 to 108,000 in March 2018, to 121,000 in June 2018 and to 128,000 in December 2018. (2) What number of the approximately 128,000 people waiting to receive their approved level of home care packages reside in the electoral division of Solomon, and of these, how many: (a) have been approved for Level 1, 2, 3 and 4 packages; and (b) are on an interim home care package and awaiting their approved package level. (3) What is the average waiting time for the receipt of approved levels of home care package applications in: (a) Australia; (b) the Northern Territory; and (c) the electoral division of Solomon.
MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for the Environment—

(1) Which species in the Northern Territory (or adjacent waters) are on the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act’s threatened species list.

(2) For each of those species: (a) as a percentage, what are the species’ chances of extinction in the next ten years; (b) what steps have been taken to decrease the chance of extinction; (c) which species do not yet have an up-to-date recovery plan; and (d) for each species with no up-to-date recovery plan, when will there be a plan.

(3) What steps have been taken to restore significant tracts of habitat in the Northern Territory.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for Government Services—

(1) By postcode (or if not available by postcode, for the electoral division of Solomon or the Greater Darwin Region) in the electoral division of Solomon, what is the: (a) average processing time; (b) minimum processing time; and (c) maximum processing time, for the following payments, (i) Newstart, (ii) aged pension, (iii) carers payments, (iv) disability payments, and (v) Austudy.

(2) How many applications in the electoral division of Solomon or in the Greater Darwin region are processed in: (a) less than the average processing time; and (b) more than the average processing time.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for Health—

(1) How many general practitioners in the electoral division of Solomon bulk bill.

(2) What percentage of general practitioners bulk bill in: (a) the electoral division of Solomon; and (b) Northern Territory; and (c) Australia.

(3) What percentage of patient consultations were bulk billed in: (a) the electoral division of Solomon; and (b) Northern Territory.

(4) What is the average out of pocket cost for a standard consultation with a general practitioner in the electoral division of Solomon: (a) for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 March 2019; and (b) for the same period, excluding those patients who attended a bulk billing practice.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians—What is the: (a) national average management fee; (b) average management fee in the Northern Territory; and (c) average management fee in the electoral division of Solomon for, (i) Level 1 home care packages, (ii) Level 2 home care packages, (iii) Level 3 home care packages, and (iv) Level 4 home care packages.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians—For each Northern Territory federal electoral division, (a) how many people are awaiting a home care package at their approved level; and (b) what is the longest period that any of those people have been waiting.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for Immigration, Citizenship, Migrant Services and Multicultural Affairs—For each Northern Territory federal electoral division, how many people are waiting for a citizenship application to be finalised.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—For each Northern Territory federal electoral division, how many National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) participants have: (a) sought a review and are awaiting an outcome; and (b) have been accepted as an NDIS participant but are awaiting a planning meeting.

MR GOSLING: To ask the Minister for Government Services—for each Northern Territory federal electoral division: (a) how many people are in receipt of a disability support pension; and (b) what proportion of disability support pension applications were approved in, (i) 2017-18, and (ii) 2018-19.

MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the statement on page 11 of the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade publication Australian Aid Budget Summary 2019-20 that the Government is spending $300 million over four years to 2020 to deliver climate and disaster resilient low carbon growth in the Pacific region: (a) how much of this $300 million was spent in: (i) 2015-16, (ii) 2016-17, (iii) 2017-18, and (iv) 2018-19; and (b) how much has been spent in 2019-20 to date.

MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the statement on page 11 of the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade publication Australian Aid Budget Summary 2019-20 that the Government is spending $300 million over four years to 2020 to deliver climate and disaster resilient low carbon growth in the Pacific region, for each year from 2015-16 to 2018-19 and for 2019-20 to date: (a) can details be provided of each individual project or initiative funded under this measure; (b) what sum of money was spent on each project; (c) in which country or countries is each
project located; (d) what was the period of time over which each project was in operation; and (e) what were the outcomes achieved from each project or initiative.

143 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the 13 August 2019 joint media release ‘Stepping up Climate Resilience in the Pacific’ which said the Government would provide $500 million from existing aid funds for Pacific renewable energy, climate change and disaster resilience over five years from 2020: (a) in which financial years will this $500 million be provided; (b) how much has been allocated for each financial year; (c) does this $500 million include any funds from the $300 million budgeted for Pacific climate and disaster resilient growth over the four years to 2020 as outlined on page 11 of the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade publication Australian Aid Budget Summary 2019-20; if so, how much of the $300 million has been moved from the four years to 2020 to the five years from 2020; and (d) given that the $500 million will come from existing aid funds, (i) how much will planned aid expenditure for countries in regions other than the Pacific be reduced to accommodate the $500 million commitment, (ii) which countries will see reductions, (iii) how much will planned aid expenditure through global, multilateral or regional channels be reduced to accommodate the $500 million commitment, (iv) which global, multilateral or regional channels will see reductions, (v) how much will planned aid expenditure for Pacific countries on investment priorities other than renewable energy, climate change and disaster resilience be reduced to accommodate the $500 million commitment, and (vi) which other investment priorities will see reductions.

144 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—Would there be less need for Australia to assist Pacific countries in adapting to climate change in coming years if the Government did more to avoid climate change by increasing Australia’s emissions reduction targets.

145 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Development—

(1) Is it a fact that the Government announced a review of the Land Transport Network Determination on 15 December 2017.

(2) Has the review concluded; if not, why has there been such delay.

(3) In which quarter of which year does the Government expect to undertake a new determination.

(4) In its review of the determination, has the Government considered including any or all of: (a) Victor Harbor Road; (b) Main South Road; (c) Hog Bay Road; (d) Playford Highway; and (e) the Southern Expressway; if so, what did it conclude for each road; if not, why not.

148 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Treasurer—

(1) In respect of Deductible Gift Recipient (DGR) specific listing applications since 1 January 2013, what is the: (a) average; (b) median; (c) longest; and (d) shortest time between the receipt by government of applications for specific listing as a DGR in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 and provision of final advice by Treasury (or another department if it is involved) to a minister about whether or not the application should be declined or agreed to.

(2) For any DGR specific listing applications that had been submitted twice (or more than twice) because the first application was not or could not be decided (such as because the Government entered into caretaker mode), what was the timeframe starting from the day the first application was received, and ending on the day the final advice on the last application was provided to a minister to be declined or agreed to.

(3) As at 1 September 2019, how many: (a) DGR specific listing applications were pending final advice being provided to a minister; and (b) full time equivalent staff were employed in the unit in Treasury that deals with DGR specific listing applications.

(4) What administrative rules, guidelines, practices or precedents (including internal administrative rules, guidelines, practices or precedents) relating to DGR specific listing applications exist, including guidelines about timeframes in which final advice must be provided to a minister.

(5) If administrative rules, guidelines, practices or precedents of the type referred to in (4) exist, are they ‘operational information’, within the meaning of Subsection 8A(1) of the Freedom of Information Act 1982.

(6) In respect of paragraph 8(2)(j) of the Freedom of Information Act 1982, which provides that operational information must be published on an agency’s website: (a) does Treasury hold operational information about the handling of DGR specific listing applications; (b) at what URL on the Treasury website is that information currently located; and (c) if that information is not currently located on the Treasury website, why not.
(7) During the caretaker period prior to each of the 2013, 2016 and 2019 federal elections: (a) how many entities were advised that they would need to resubmit their applications for DGR specific listing after the election; (b) why were they so advised; (c) what were the names of those entities, and on what dates were they so advised; and (d) how many of those entities subsequently resubmitted their applications.

(8) Since 1 January 2013, has any entity that has applied for DGR specific listing been advised twice (or more than twice) that they would need to resubmit their application following a federal election; if so: (a) what are the names of those entities; and (b) on what dates where they so advised.

(9) Against what criteria does the Treasury provide advice to a minister about whether or not an entity should be specifically listed as a DGR, and is such criteria publically available; if not, can the criteria be provided.

(10) Does Treasury specifically include or exclude any criteria from consideration in its assessment of whether or not an entity should be specifically listed as a DGR (for example, the cost to revenue); if so: (a) what are each of the criteria that are specifically included or excluded; and (b) why are they included or excluded.

(11) What process is currently available for an organisation to track the progress of their DGR specific listing application.

(12) Is merits review available for organisations whose applications for DGR specific listing are declined; if not, why not.

(13) Are DGR specific listing decisions currently based entirely on the merits of an entity seeking DGR specific listing; if not, why not.

(14) Will the Government undertake a review of the DGR specific listing application process; if not, why not; if so, will this review be published; if not, why not.

149 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Veterans and Defence Personnel—

(1) Has the Government of the United States of America (US) returned to the Australian Government the US$3.3 million, previously held on trust for the purposes of constructing an education centre in Washington DC on behalf of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Foundation; if not, why not.

(2) Has the Australian Government received interest payments since the funds were transferred to the US Government in 2013; if so, what is the total amount received; if not, why not.

150 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—

(1) In 2017 did the National Disability Insurance Agency introduce a National Review Team (NRT) to address delays in completing reviews.

(2) How many full time equivalent staff comprised the NRT as at: (a) 1 January 2018; (b) 1 July 2018; (c) 1 January 2019; and (d) 1 July 2019.

(3) Are staff allocated to conduct reviews from participants in specific states and territories; if so, can a breakdown be provided of staff for each state and territory; if not, how are staff allocated.

151 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—

(1) How many reviews for assistive technology were lodged in each state and territory during: (a) 2016; (b) 2017; (c) 2018; and (d) 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019.

(2) What is the average waiting time in days for a review of assistive technology between lodging an application for review and a final determination of the review by the National Review Team.

(3) Of the reviews that were finalised in the timeframes referred to in (1), how many were: (a) confirmed; (b) varied; and (c) set aside and another decision substituted.

152 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—

(1) How many reviews for plan allowances, excluding assistive technology, were lodged in each state and territory during: (a) 2016; (b) 2017; (c) 2018; and (d) 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019.

(2) What is the average waiting time in days for a review of plan allowances, excluding assistive technology, between lodging an application for review and a final determination of the review by the National Review Team.

(3) Of the reviews that were finalised in the timeframes referred to in (1), how many were: (a) confirmed; (b) varied; and (c) set aside and another decision substituted.

153 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—

(1) What steps has the Government taken to incorporate into its planning of 2019 diplomatic activities the fact that 26 September, the day on which the Serpukhov-15 incident occurred in 1983 and
Colonel Stanislav Petrov saved the world from catastrophe, is now the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons.

(2) Has the Government expressed a view on the 2013 General Assembly resolution that made 26 September the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons.

(3) How important is the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons in the Government’s overall vision of progress towards a nuclear weapons-free world.

(4) Is the Government aware of the High Level Meeting on Nuclear Disarmament that will take place at United Nations headquarters in New York on that day; if so: (a) how highly does it prioritise the meeting; (b) how will the Government ensure that Australia is represented at the most senior possible level at that meeting; and (c) has the Government considered representation at ministerial level; if so, what did it conclude and why.

(5) What steps has the Government taken to give a higher profile to the issue of nuclear risk reduction.

(6) What importance does the Government give to the issue of: (a) nuclear risk reduction, and (b) the possibility of accidental nuclear war.

(7) What further steps will the Government take to: (a) give greater diplomatic profile to this potentially existential issue; and (b) promote nuclear risk reduction measures including, (i) no-first-use of nuclear weapons, (ii) de-alerting (beyond the support provided in the General Assembly), (iii) improved ‘mil-to-mil’ communication, and (iv) other measures.

(8) To what extent does the Government agree with the consensus amongst nuclear weapons experts that, with the exception of the Cuban missile crisis, the likelihood of a nuclear war is currently the highest it has ever been.

155 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians—

(1) Is the Australian Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety Agency (ARPANSA) the sole agency relied on by the Commonwealth to investigate, assess and set exposure limits and standards with respect to the roll-out of 5G.

(2) How is the membership of the Radiation Health and Safety Advisory Council (RHSAC), the Radiation Health Committee (RHC), and the Nuclear Safety Committee (NSC) that advise the Chief Executive Office of ARPANSA decided.

(3) How is the Government satisfied that the advice provided to the RHSAC, RHC, NSC and ARPANSA is: (a) independent of commercial interests; and (b) based on peer-reviewed scientific research.

(4) In respect of the 2017 article in The New Daily in which ARPANSA health services assistant director Dr Ken Karipidis was reported stating the agency had recommended further research into 5G networks, particularly for frequencies above 6 GHz: (a) has that research been undertaken; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings of that research; (b) has there been any action to address the gap in Australian standards on compliance assessment of base stations and devices operating beyond 6 GHz; and (c) since 2017 has there been any further research conducted into the health effects of 5G and/or whether cell phone radiation could be a possible or probable carcinogen; if so, is that research publicly available, and what did it conclude.

(5) Has ARPANSA, the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or the Department of Communications and the Arts instigated any public education campaigns to address community concerns about the safety of 5G; if not, why not; if so, what do those campaigns involve.

156 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Health—

(1) In respect of the Minister’s announcement in April 2019 to equip every Men’s Shed in Australia with a portable defibrillator: (a) has the Government commenced a survey of Men’s Sheds to determine how many require a portable defibrillator; (b) if the survey has not commenced, when will it commence; and (c) if the survey has been completed, can a breakdown be provided of the number of Men’s Sheds in each state and territory that have an identified need for a portable defibrillator.

(2) Can a timeline be provided for: (a) the completion of the survey; (b) any subsequent grant application process that the Men’s Sheds must complete, if any; (c) the intended date of notification of successful applicants; and (d) the intended date of distribution of the portable defibrillators to the successful applicants.

(3) Of the announced $2 million in funding, what proportion of the funds is to be allocated to: (a) the purchase of the defibrillator machines; and (b) the management of the survey and/or grant application process.
(4) How did the Government determine which company or organisation will supply the portable defibrillator machines.

(5) Will the Government expand the scheme to ensure Men’s Sheds that have already purchased a portable defibrillator are able to be reimbursed by the Government.

157 **MS SHARKIE:** To ask the Minister for Home Affairs—In respect of the Review of National Arrangements for the Protection and Management of Identity Information commissioned in 2018 by the Department of Home Affairs: (a) has the report been presented to the Government; if not, what is the reason for the delay; (b) if the report has been presented, when will it be made public; and (c) if the report is not going to be made public, what are the reasons for keeping it confidential.

158 **MS SHARKIE:** To ask the Minister for Home Affairs—In respect of the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) submission in November 2018 to the Review of National Arrangements for the Protection and Management of Identity Information commissioned by the Department of Home Affairs:

(1) How will the Government respond to ACCC’s recommendation that telecommunication companies and the Australian Communications and Media Authority should re-examine phone porting regulations and systems to ensure there is a more robust and secure process in place.

(2) If the Government will not act on the recommendation to tighten phone porting security processes, why not.

(3) If the Government has decided to act on the recommendation to tighten phone porting security processes, what actions will be taken and what is the timeline for their implementation.

(4) Will the Government take up the ACCC’s recommendation that there be larger penalties for businesses that fail to secure data; if so, what action will be taken and what is the timeline for implementation of that action; if not, why not.

(5) Will the Government act on the ACCC’s recommendation to improve protections against personal information mail theft; if so, what action will be taken and what is the timeline for implementation of that action; if not, why not.

(6) Will the Government act on the ACCC’s recommendation to discourage identity verification via biographical information; if so, what action will be taken and what is the timeline for implementation of that action; if not, why not.

(7) Will the Government act on the ACCC’s recommendation to improve resources for victim care providers; if so, what action will be taken and what is the timeline for implementation of that action; if not, why not.

(8) How much is the Government spending over the forward estimates on consumer education on phone porting.

(9) Will the Government act on the ACCC’s recommendation to provide more support or funding for consumer education; if so, what action will be taken and what is the timeline for implementation of that action; if not, why not.

**MS SHARKIE:** To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. 159 to 160)—In respect of the 2018 Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) report *Targeting scams: Report of the ACCC*:

(1) What is the Government doing to ensure Australia’s banking and financial services sector, information technology sector and telecommunications sector: (a) are proactively preventing their systems from being exploited by scammers; (b) have systems in place to compensate their customers for scam activities using their platforms; and (c) are penalised for not adequately protecting their customers from scammers exploiting their platforms.

(2) Will the Government consider advocating that the Australian Banking Association strengthen the Banking Code of Practice 2019: (a) so that it includes active commitments regarding keeping customer accounts safe and secure, such as a commitment to alert customers if banks detect a suspicious transaction; if not, why not; and (b) to list victims of crime as a category of vulnerable customers that Australian banks should take extra care with; if not why not.

(3) Is it a fact that in 2018: (a) Scamwatch received over 177,000 scam reports with $107 million in financial loss; and (b) the Australian Tax Office (ATO) received 114,625 reports of ATO impersonation scams with over $2.8 million in reported losses.

(4) Is it a fact that: (a) the Department of Human Services received 6506 reports about government impersonation scams with $1.3 million in reported losses; and (b) in 2019 the ACCC reported the average losses to NBN scams were more than $110,000 for every month between January and May.
(5) Between 1 July 2015 and 30 June 2019, has the Government actively prosecuted Australian-based perpetrators of scam activities using the relevant sections under the Criminal Code (for example impersonation of a Commonwealth official offences; financial information offences; identity offences or telecommunication offences); if so, how many prosecutions were successful and what range of penalties were imposed; if not, why not.

(6) Between 1 July 2015 and 30 June 2019, has the Attorney-General’s Department used: (a) extradition processes; (b) mutual assistance processes with overseas law enforcement agencies; or (c) police-to-police assistance to pursue internationally-based perpetrators of frauds and scams; if so, how many attempts were made in respect of (a), (b) and (c), and what was their level of success; if not, why not.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Home Affairs.

MR CONROY: To ask the Prime Minister—With respect to the Kainaki II Declaration for Urgent Climate Change Action Now adopted by leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum meeting in Tuvalu from 13 to 16 August 2019:

(1) Did the Prime Minister agree to the declaration; if so, did the Prime Minister express any reservations or exceptions to any elements of the declaration, and what were these.

(2) Does the Prime Minister agree that: (a) Pacific Island nations are facing a climate change crisis; and (b) the prosperity and security of Pacific nations can only safely exist if the international community pursues efforts to limit global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels.

(3) Will the Government adopt emissions reduction targets consistent with limiting global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels.

(4) Does the Prime Minister agree that the international community should continue efforts towards mobilising global climate finance commitments of US$100 billion a year by 2020 from a variety of sources, including the replenishment of the Green Climate Fund.

(5) Will the Government contribute towards the replenishment of the Green Climate Fund.

10 September 2019

MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—With respect to Contract Notice CN3625404 published on Austender on 3 September 2019:

(1) What are the details of the market research to be provided by Hall and Partners Pty Ltd.

(2) What subject matters will the market research cover.

(3) What methodologies will be used in the market research.

(4) Why has the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade commissioned this market research.

(5) If the market research relates to a government advertising campaign: (a) what are the details of that campaign; and (b) what phase of the campaign will the market research support.

11 September 2019

MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—With respect to Contract Notice CN3625955 published on Austender on 5 September 2019:

(1) What are the details of the market research to be provided by Colmar Brunton.

(2) What subject matters will the market research cover.

(3) What methodologies will be used in the market research.

(4) Why has the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade commissioned this market research.

(5) If the market research relates to a government advertising campaign: (a) what are the details of that campaign; and (b) what phase of the campaign will the market research support.

MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians—For each state and territory: (a) how many people are awaiting a home care package at their approved level; and (b) what is the longest period that any of those people have been waiting.

MR GORMAN: To ask the Assistant Treasurer—Will the Treasurer consider entering into an agreement with the Western Australian Government to waive historical housing debt of $343 million on similar terms to that agreed with the Tasmanian Government.
MR GORMAN: To ask the Prime Minister—

1. What departments and agencies currently have random drug testing programs for Commonwealth employees.

2. Does the Prime Minister intend to implement random drug testing for employees of any other government department or agency.

MR GORMAN: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—

1. For each of the past three years, what percentage and dollar value of the aid budget is committed to:
   - (a) UN agencies;
   - (b) Australian not for profit agencies;
   - (c) Australian for profit companies; and
   - (d) international for profit companies;

2. What is the total value of contracts the department has with:
   - (a) World Vision;
   - (b) UN Women;
   - (c) the Red Cross; and
   - (d) Palladium.

3. What is the value of each individual contract in (2) and when was each granted.

MR GORMAN: To ask the Treasurer—

1. What is the head count of the Perth Treasury office.

2. Has the two-year pilot program to establish an office in Perth concluded; if so: (a) how was success measured in the pilot program; (b) will the office continue to operate; and (c) will the Government commit to employing more staff in the Perth Treasury office.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. 169 to 170)—Has the Government considered requiring the Productivity Commission to review international trade agreements: (a) prior to signing; if so, what did it conclude; if not, why not; and (b) at a set interval (such as a decade) after they are signed; if so, what did it conclude; if not, why not.

MR GORMAN: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—

MR GORMAN: To ask the Treasurer—

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Treasurer—Further to the answer to question in writing No. 112 (House Hansard, 10 September 2019, page 120):
MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Home Affairs—

(1) Why has the Modern Slavery Business Engagement Unit been placed within the Australian Border Force (ABF) rather than within the National Security and Law Enforcement Policy Division in the Department of Home Affairs.

(2) Is this placement reflective of a change in approach in relation to modern slavery, and will it now be more compliance oriented as a result.

(3) Given the placement of the unit in the ABF, will it be ‘branded’ as part of: (a) the ABF; or (b) the Department of Home Affairs; or (c) will it receive its own branding in order to differentiate its approach.

(4) Given the reporting period for most Australian businesses has already begun, when will the final guidance material on modern slavery for businesses be released.

(5) How many full time equivalent staff members will the unit employ when it is at its full staff complement.

(6) Has the unit reached its full staff complement; if not, when will this occur; and can the Minister explain how this complement will be sufficient to undertake the tasks required in the Modern Slavery Act 2018.

(7) Will the repository of modern slavery risk statements: (a) be in an easily accessible, useable and searchable database; and (b) generate reports that assist; (i) business to self-assess the effectiveness of their practices that address modern slavery, and (ii) the Government to evaluate the Act in three years’ time.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. 175 to 176)—

(1) What steps has the Government taken to provide support for victims of human trafficking.

(2) Has the Government considered a national compensation scheme for victims; if so, what did it conclude; if not, why not.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Home Affairs.

176 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Home Affairs.

16 September 2019

MR FITZGIBBON: To ask the Minister for Water Resources, Drought, Rural Finance, Natural Disaster and Emergency Management—In respect of the administration of the Regional Industry Corporation (RIC):

(1) To date, how many loan applications have been made under the RIC schemes, including: (a) farm investment loans; (b) drought loans; (c) AgRebuild loans (North Qld flood); and (d) water infrastructure loans.

(2) What is the state breakdown of the loans granted.

(3) In 2018-19, how many loan applications, in each loan scheme were: (a) granted; and (b) denied.

(4) To date, how many applications are awaiting processing.

(5) How many RIC staff are currently based in Orange.

(6) What is the travel budget for RIC staff.

(7) As of 1 July, why was the re-evaluated RIC interest rate higher than that of some commercial loans.

(8) Why did the RIC fail to pass on interest rate cuts on the same scale as some commercial banks with Agribusiness loan schemes.

(9) What are the RIC’s arrears management policies and procedures.

(10) To date, has the RIC Board waived any loans.

(11) What are the criteria the board must have regard to when considering a decision on foreclosure of a farm business loan.

(12) Under what circumstances would the board consider enforcing a foreclosure.

(13) To date, has the board exercised its foreclosure powers pursuant to section 11(4) of the Operating Mandate Direction.

(14) In respect of the Government’s commitment that the RIC will develop and provide special Plantation Development Concessional Loans: (a) when will the loans be available; and (b) who will be able to apply for the loans.
(15) In respect of the Government’s commitment that the RIC will amend the Operating Mandate to allow local governments and the private sector to access water infrastructure loan funding: (a) has the mandate been amended; (b) when will the loans be available; and (c) who will be able to apply for the loans.

179 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of the forthcoming replenishment of The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, which aims to raise $US14 billion to support programs which would save 16 million lives:
(1) What ministerial representation is the Government planning to have at the Replenishment Conference on 10 October 2019.
(2) What level of pledge is the Government considering for the replenishment.

17 September 2019

180 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister for International Development and the Pacific—In respect of the Minister’s statement, ‘Vanuatu has now got over 5000 participants in the Pacific labour scheme’ reported in the Australian Financial Review (13 September 2019):
(1) In 2018-19, how many Vanuatu nationals participated in the: (a) Pacific Labour Scheme; and (b) Seasonal Worker Program.
(2) If the Government wants Australian firms to increase their use of Pacific labour mobility arrangements, why has it made the Pacific Labour Scheme and the Seasonal Worker Program less attractive to Australian employers by deregulating working holiday maker visa arrangements.

18 September 2019

181 MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services—
(1) How many children are in the care of grandparents.
(2) How many single grandparents have custody of grandchildren.
(3) How many grandparents with custody of grandchildren are over 75 years of age.

182 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Communications, Cyber Safety and the Arts—
(1) How many members’ and senators’ electorate offices are National Broadband Network (NBN) ready, but not using the NBN for landline services.
(2) Why are these electorate offices not connected to the NBN for landline services, despite its availability in their area.
(3) How many members’ and senators’ electorate offices are NBN ready, but not using the NBN for internet services.
(4) Why are these electorate offices not connected to the NBN for internet services, despite its availability in their area.
(5) How many members’ and senators’ electorate offices are NBN ready, but not using the NBN for both landline services and internet services.
(6) Why are these electorate offices not connected to the NBN for landline and internet services, despite its availability in their area.

19 September 2019

183 MR GEORGANAS: To ask the Minister for Government Services—
(1) Since 4 December 2017, how many Centrelink clients who were notified of a debt or the likelihood of a debt with Centrelink through its Online Compliance Intervention program have subsequently had their debt: (a) reduced; and (b) cancelled completely.
(2) What is the breakdown of the above by: (a) state and territory; and (b) postcode.

184 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Treasurer—In respect of the terms of reference for the forthcoming review of the retirement income system, will the Government include a specific reference relating to: (a) improving retirement outcomes for women; and (b) assessing the adequacy of the Commonwealth Rent Assistance payment for older Australians; if not, how will the Government ensure these topics are given due consideration in the review.

185 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Treasurer—
(1) Does the Government measure the ‘superannuation gender gap’; if so, how often.
(2) Will the Government publish ‘superannuation gender gap’ figures; if not, why not.
Has the Government considered removing the $450 monthly income threshold on Superannuation Guarantee contributions; if so, what was the conclusion of that consideration; if not, why not.

MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister for Health—

1. How many people in Australia: (a) suffer from mesothelioma or any other asbestos related illness; (b) have died from an asbestos related illness over the last decade; (c) are affected by silicosis; and (d) have died from silicosis.

2. How much do asbestos related illnesses cost the Australian economy.

MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister for Home Affairs—

1. What steps does the Government take to ensure that products containing asbestos are not imported into Australia.

2. Have any products containing asbestos been detected by customs over the past five years.

3. Have any importers been prosecuted by customs for importing any non-compliant building products over the past five years.

MR ZAPPIA: To ask the Minister for Immigration, Citizenship, Migrant Services and Multicultural Affairs—Of the people waiting for a citizenship application to be finalised, how many are: (a) over the age of 18; and (b) under the age of 18.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. 189 to 190)—

1. What was the Australian incarceration rate for Indigenous Australians in: (a) 1998; (b) 2008; and (c) 2018.

2. Why has the Government not adopted national criminal justice targets for Indigenous Australians, including specific targets to reduce the rate of incarceration of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people.

3. In which month and year does the Government intend to respond to Australian Law Reform Commission Report 133, Pathways to Justice—Inquiry into the Incarceration Rate of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples.

4. Why has the Government not yet responded to this report.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Indigenous Australians.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Indigenous Australians.

MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Defence—In respect of the current Defence Projects of Interest list:

1. Why did the Minister respond to question in writing No. 90 (House Hansard, 17 September 2019) by stating that the Projects and Products of Interest list is not for public release when the Department of Defence in June 2019, in response to Freedom of Information request 378/18/19, publicly identified all but one of 14 projects on the Acquisition Projects of Interest list as at the December 2018 Capability Acquisition and Sustainment: Quarterly Performance Report.

2. How many projects are on the current Acquisition Projects of Interest list.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services—

1. Does the Government provide Disability Support Pension (DSP) information in a range of accessible formats, such as braille, Auslan, large print, and simple English; if so, how widely accessible is the material; if not, why not.

2. Is there an assessment timeframe for the DSP eligibility process; if not: (a) what timeframe is appropriate; and (b) will the Government implement that timeframe.

3. In respect of the Australian Federation of Disability Organisations that has described the Program of Support for DSP as ‘acting as a barrier to people with disability successfully claiming the DSP’, given this criticism from the peak disability organisation, why is the Government continuing the Program.

4. Is the Government aware that disabled Australians often face fluctuating conditions or illnesses, rapid onset of disease, accidents and injury, and has the Government therefore considered removing the criteria that requires DSP applicants to be fully treated and stabilised before they can access the DSP; if so, what did it conclude; if not, why not.

5. Has the Government undertaken modelling to assess whether it is a disincentive for people receiving the DSP to participate in the labour market when they risk significant loss of access to income supports; if so, what was concluded; if not, why not.
(6) Has the Government considered improving the security of transition from DSP into employment by reinstating the initial threshold of work from 15 to 30 hours per week; if so, what was the result of that consideration; if not, why not.

193 **MS T. M. BUTLER:** To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Youth and Sport—In respect of the $240,000 funding commitment made to the Morningside Panthers AFL Club, announced prior to the 2019 federal election:

(1) Has the money been released to the recipient.
(2) If the money has not been released to the recipient, why not.
(3) If the money has not been released to the recipient, when will it be released.

194 **MS T. M. BUTLER:** To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Youth and Sport—In respect of the $20,000 funding commitment made to the Coorparoo Cricket Club, announced prior to the 2019 federal election:

(1) Has the money been released to the recipient.
(2) If the money has not been released to the recipient, why not.
(3) If the money has not been released to the recipient, when will it be released.

195 **MS T. M. BUTLER:** To ask the Minister for the National Disability Insurance Scheme—

(1) How much funding does the Commonwealth provide to Stepping Stone Clubhouse in Coorparoo, Queensland, for the provision of services other than mental health support.
(2) What is the Government doing to ensure that National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) providers, that also provide mental health support, are adequately funded to provide both services.
(3) How is the Minister addressing the shortfalls in funding for mental health and NDIS service providers, that were previously funded by state governments, and are now funded through the NDIS.
(4) Can the Minister guarantee that funding will be restored to Stepping Stones Clubhouse in Coorparoo, Queensland, for their continued provision of mental health support services as an NDIS provider.

196 **MS T. M. BUTLER:** To ask the Minister for Health—

(1) What specific funding, if any, is the Commonwealth providing for the provision of peer-to-peer mental health support services.
(2) Of this funding, how much is provided to Stepping Stones Clubhouse in Coorparoo, Queensland, for the provision of mental health services.
(3) How many organisations is the Minister aware of that are experiencing funding shortfalls and providing mental health support without funding.
(4) Does the Minister expect organisations, like Stepping Stones Clubhouse in Coorparoo, Queensland, to provide mental health support without funding.
(5) Can the Minister guarantee that funding will be restored to Stepping Stones Clubhouse in Coorparoo, Queensland, for their continued provision of mental health support services as an NDIS provider.

197 **MS SHARKIE:** To ask the Minister for Communications, Cyber Safety and the Arts—In respect of the Regional Broadband Scheme (RBS) legislation, which is scheduled to be introduced into Parliament, and is expected to provide funding support for NBN Co’s Statutory Infrastructure Provider (SIP) obligations, and will contribute to the cost of providing high-speed broadband access to regional Australia:

(1) Has the Government done the costings of the new SIP obligations; if so, what is it going to cost; if not, when will the costings be done.
(2) What proportion of the SIP costs is going to be met from the income from the RBS.
(3) How will the Government meet the shortfall?
(4) If the RBS legislation fails to pass both Houses of Parliament, how will the Government fund the SIP obligations.
(5) What is the timeframe for the Government’s development of the legislative framework to transition from the Universal Service Obligation to the Universal Service Guarantee (USG).
(6) With three per cent of Australians expected to be allocated satellite under the NBN, what alternative infrastructure options are being considered to deliver voice services under the USG, given the technical limitations of satellite in delivering adequate voice services.
(7) In respect of the twenty one premises in Crafers and Upper Sturt that have been assigned satellite, rather than fibre to the node as promised on the NBN website because the infrastructure was considered too expensive to install, what avenue do these residents have to challenge this decision.
Is Telstra obliged to make ADSL infrastructure available to retail service providers.

Does the Minister have any insight and any technical or financial reasons why retail service providers are refusing to offer the ADSL product and are telling consumers their contracts are being cancelled because the exchange is being disconnected.

MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Communications, Cyber Safety and the Arts—In respect of Regional Arts Australia and the management of the Regional Arts Fund which in 2008, was valued at $22 million across four years, was halved in 2012, being valued at $12.54 million over four years, and is currently valued at $13.85 million over four years to 2022: Will the Government consider Regional Arts Australia’s request to increase the fund by at least $2 million a year to restore the fund to its pre-2010 equivalent value in order to support creative endeavours in regional and rural and remote Australia; if not, what is the rationale for keeping the funding pool so low when 70 per cent of applicants to the Regional Arts Fund are unsuccessful.

DR HAINES: To ask the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Development—In respect of the Minister’s comments on the report Regions at the Ready: Investing in Australia’s Future that ‘the Government is incorporating the report’s recommendations as part of our broader regional agenda’:

(1) What are the recommendations of the expert panel conferred to review the recommendations of the report.

(2) Will the Government publish the full report of the expert panel; if so, what is the timeline for publication; if not, why not.

(3) When will the Government outline its timetable and funding commitments to implement the recommendations of the Regions at the Ready report and the recommendations of the expert panel.

DR HAINES: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Agriculture—In respect of the Agricultural Ministers’ Forum (AGMIN) request to Agriculture Victoria to advise the forum on the impacts of climate change on Australian agriculture:

(1) When will the next AGMIN be held.

(2) Will the final outcomes of Agriculture Victoria’s work be presented at this forum.

(3) Will AGMIN make the outcomes of the work public.

(4) Following the tabling of the work with AGMIN, what next steps will the Minister take to develop a national strategy on agriculture and climate change.

DR HAINES: To ask the Minister for Regional Services, Decentralisation and Local Government—In respect of the announcement that Australia has achieved a record bulk-billing rate of 86.2 per cent:

(1) What is the bulk-billing rate in the electoral division of Indi.

(2) How many percentage points below the national average is the bulk-billing rate in Indi.

(3) What proportion of patients in the electoral division of Indi pays out-of-pocket costs when they visit the GP.

(4) What actions is the Government taking to increase the bulk-billing rate in parts of rural and regional Australia where it lags behind the national average.

(5) Does the Government have a timeline for achieving parity in the bulk-billing rate between metropolitan and rural, regional and remote areas.

(6) What actions is the Government taking to address the maldistribution of medical practitioners between metropolitan and rural, regional and remote areas.

DR HAINES: To ask the Minister for Health—

(1) Why does the Minister not have portfolio responsibility for the delivery of health services to rural, regional and remote Australia.

(2) Does the Government have plans to re-instate the position of Minister for Rural Health.

DR HAINES: To ask the Minister for Energy and Emissions Reduction—In respect of the Government’s target to reduce Australia’s greenhouse gas emissions by 26 to 28 per cent by 2030 on 2005 levels:

(1) Is the Department of Environment and Energy’s December 2018 emissions projection report correct in reporting that Australia’s greenhouse gas emissions in 2005 were 605 Mt CO2e.

(2) Is the Department of Environment and Energy’s March 2019 Quarterly Update correct that ‘emissions for the year to March 2019 are estimated to be 538.9 Mt CO2e, up 0.6 per cent or 3.1 Mt CO2e on the previous year’ and that Australia’s emissions are therefore increasing.
(3) Is it a fact that a 26 per cent reduction in emissions on 2005 levels would therefore equate to 448Mt CO2e, and that a 28 per cent reduction on 2005 levels would equate to 436 Mt CO2e.

(4) Is the Department of Environment and Energy’s December 2018 projection entitled ‘Australia’s emissions projections 2018’ correct in reporting that ‘total emissions in 2030 are projected to be 563 Mt CO2e which is 7 per cent below 2005 levels’.

(5) Is the Department of Environment and Energy’s January 2019 update entitled ‘Tracking to Australia’s emissions reduction targets’ correct in reporting that ‘Australia’s emissions in 2030 are projected to be 563 Mt CO2e’.

(6) Can the Minister confirm that the Government’s own projections therefore indicate that Australia’s emissions in 2030 will be 115-127 Mt CO2e above the Government’s target.

(7) What steps will the Government take to increase the rate of emissions reduction such that Australia will reach its 2030 emissions target.

14 October 2019

*204 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Aged Care and Senior Australians—In respect to the answer to question in writing No. 33 (House Hansard, 9 September 2019, page 201), were disciplinary proceedings commenced against any employees of the department as a consequence of the failure to follow the Minister’s direction on the unreasonable use of chemical and physical restraints in the aged care sector; if not, why not.

*205 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of Contract Notice CN3627312 published on Austender on 12 September 2019:

(1) What components for information technology or broadcasting or telecommunications will Accenture Australia Pty Ltd provide to the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) under this contract.

(2) How many units or items of each type of component will be provided.

(3) How will these components support DFAT’s activities.

*206 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister for the Environment—In respect of Contract Notice CN3626299 published on Austender on 9 September 2019:

(1) What executive search services will Derwent Sydney Pty Ltd provide the Department of the Environment and Energy under this contract.

(2) In relation to what position are the executive search services being provided.

*207 MR O’CONNOR: To ask the Minister for Industry, Science and Technology—For each year, between the years 2013-14 to 2018-19, can the following information be provided in respect of employment and contractors at the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO):

(a) staffing levels; (b) staffing level cap; (c) number of contractors; (d) number of labour hire staff, by labour hire firm; (e) number of consultants, by firm; (f) average contract length for contracts started; (g) the number, or estimate, of former staff now contracted or employed using an Australian Business Number; and (h) the date(s) of correspondence between the Minister’s office and CSIRO management about the impact of average staffing level caps at the CSIRO.

*208 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Finance—

(1) How many electorate offices have the National Broadband Network (NBN) connected.

(2) Of these with an NBN connection, how many are using their NBN connection for: (a) telephone only, not data; (b) data, not telephone services; and (c) telephone and data services.

(3) What other connection methods or services are used by electorate offices, and: (a) how many use each; and (b) of these, how many have NBN available or are in an NBN-ready area.

(4) Of the electorate offices located in NBN-ready areas that are not using the NBN for data, why are they not doing so.

*209 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Immigration, Citizenship, Migrant Services and Multicultural Affairs—

(1) What is the policy rationale for the requirement to pay a $50,000 fee during the application for the Retirement Visa Pathway.

(2) How many applicants are on the current waiting list for the Contributory Parent Visa (subclass 143).

(3) What is the average wait time in months between the initial application and the final decision to award or decline a visa under the Retirement Visa Pathway.
(4) Has the Government looked into the viability of creating a new visa subclass that can lead to permanent residency for migrants who can prove that they have sufficient finances, health insurance, or other sources of income such as an overseas pension; if so, what were the conclusions from that consideration; if not, why not.

CLARESSA SURTEES
Clerk of the House of Representatives
REPORTS OF HOUSE AND JOINT COMMITTEES AWAITING GOVERNMENT RESPONSE

The Government is to respond to committee reports within six months, otherwise the relevant minister must present a signed statement to the House indicating the reasons for non-response.

This list indicates the status of Government responses to committee reports of the 43rd to 46th Parliaments inclusive, and appears in the first Notice Paper of each sitting period (fortnight or single week). It includes committee reports requiring an explicit formal Government response to recommendations, but not advisory reports on bills, reports of the Public Works committee, and other domestic committees, etc.

Reports from the Parliamentary Joint Committee on Human Rights are only listed where the committee has examined and reported on a specific item(s) of existing legislation. Not listed are that committee’s regular reports on the human rights compatibility of bills and legislative instruments that come before either House of Parliament.

The period from when the 43rd Parliament was prorogued on 5 August 2013 and the commencement of the 44th Parliament on 12 November 2013 is not included in the response period. The period from when the 44th Parliament was prorogued on 9 May 2016 and the commencement of the 45th Parliament on 30 August 2016 is not included in the response period. The period from when the 45th Parliament was prorogued on 11 April 2019 and the commencement of the 46th Parliament on 2 July 2019 is not included in the response period.

For a complete list of all House and Joint committee reports still requiring a government response, refer to the current Speaker’s Schedule of Outstanding Government Responses: www.aph.gov.au/SpeakersSchedule

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28 March 2018  Law Enforcement  Examination of the Australian Federal Police Annual Report 2015-16
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>29 November 2018</td>
<td>Constitutional Recognition of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples</td>
<td>Final report: Joint Select Committee on Constitutional Recognition of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 December 2018</td>
<td>Industry, Innovation, Science and Resources</td>
<td>Keep it in the regions: Mining and resources industry support for businesses in regional economies</td>
<td>No.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 December 2018</td>
<td>Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade</td>
<td>Compassion, Not Commerce: An inquiry into human organ trafficking and organ transplant tourism</td>
<td>No.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5 December 2018</td>
<td>Intelligence and Security</td>
<td>Advisory report on the Telecommunications and Other Legislation Amendment (Assistance and Access) Bill 2018</td>
<td>No.</td>
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<tr>
<td>7 December 2018</td>
<td>Environment and Energy</td>
<td>Report on the inquiry into the management and use of Commonwealth environmental water</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>19 December 2018</td>
<td>Indigenous Affairs</td>
<td>Report on the impact of inauthentic art and craft in the style of First Nations peoples</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Committee/Enquiry</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Status</td>
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<tr>
<td>14 February</td>
<td>Corporations and Financial Services</td>
<td>Statutory Oversight of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, them Takeovers Panel and the Corporations Legislation: Report No. 1</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Intelligence and Security</td>
<td>Advisory Report on the Australian Citizenship Amendment (Strengthening the Citizenship Loss Provisions) Bill 2018</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>14 February</td>
<td>Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade</td>
<td>From little things big things grow: Supporting Australian SMEs go global: Inquiry into access to free trade agreements by small and medium enterprises</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Public Accounts and Audit</td>
<td>Report 475: Defence First Principles Review, Naval Construction and Mental Health in the AFP</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>21 February</td>
<td>Petitions</td>
<td>Your voice can change our future: Inquiry into the future of petitioning in the House</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>21 February</td>
<td>Migration</td>
<td>The report of the inquiry into review processes associated with visa cancellations made on criminal grounds</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>21 February</td>
<td>Migration</td>
<td>Report of the inquiry into efficacy of current regulation of Australian migration and education agents</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>21 February</td>
<td>Oversight of the implementation of redress related recommendations of the Royal Commission into Institutional Responses to Child Sexual Abuse</td>
<td>Getting the National Redress Scheme right: An overdue step towards justice</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>29 February</td>
<td>National Disability Insurance Scheme</td>
<td>Progress report</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Portfolio</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Status</td>
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<td>3 March 2019</td>
<td>National Capital and External Territories</td>
<td>Telling Australia’s story - and why it’s important: Report on the inquiry into Canberra’s national institutions</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td>14 March 2019</td>
<td>Corporations and Financial Services</td>
<td>Fairness in franchising</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td>22 March 2019</td>
<td>Intergenerational Welfare Dependence</td>
<td>Living on the Edge: Inquiry into intergenerational welfare dependence</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td>26 March 2019</td>
<td>Environment and Energy</td>
<td>Cane toads on the march: Inquiry into controlling the spread of cane toads</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 April 2019</td>
<td>Corporations and Financial Services</td>
<td>Report on the 2017-2018 annual reports of bodies established under the ASIC Act</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 April 2019</td>
<td>Public Accounts and Audit</td>
<td>Report 477: Commonwealth Financial Statements - Second Report, and Foreign Investment in Real Estate</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 April 2019</td>
<td>Public Accounts and Audit</td>
<td>Report 479: Australian Government Security Arrangements</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 April 2019</td>
<td>Infrastructure, Transport and Cities</td>
<td>Innovating Transport across Australia</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 April 2019</td>
<td>Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade</td>
<td>Inquiry into transition from the Australian Defence Force (ADF)</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<td>3 April 2019</td>
<td>Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade</td>
<td>Second Interim Report: freedom of religion and belief, the Australian experience</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 April 2019</td>
<td>Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade</td>
<td>First report: Inquiry into Australia’s aid program in the Indo-Pacific</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 April 2019</td>
<td>Intelligence and Security</td>
<td>Review of the Telecommunications and Other Legislation Amendment (Assistance and Access) Act 2018</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 April 2019</td>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>Report on the inquiry into the implications of removing refundable franking credits</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 April 2019</td>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>Report on the inquiry into impediments to business investment</td>
<td>Time not expired</td>
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4 April 2019  Health, Aged Care and Sport  *Bedtime Reading: Inquiry into Sleep Health Awareness in Australia*  Time not expired

4 April 2019  Law Enforcement  *Examination of the Annual Report of the Integrity Commissioner 2016-17*  Time not expired

4 April 2019  Law Enforcement  *Impact of new and emerging information and communications technology*  Time not expired

4 April 2019  Law Enforcement  *Theft and export of motor vehicles and parts*  Time not expired

*In the House or presented to the Speaker (and/or the President of the Senate in the case of joint committees), whichever is first*

### OCCUPANTS OF THE CHAIR

**The Speaker**  
Mr A. D. H. Smith

**The Deputy Speaker**  
Mr Hogan

**The Second Deputy Speaker**  
Mr R. G. Mitchell

**Speaker’s Panel Members**  
Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Ms Claydon, Mr Georganas, Dr Gillespie, Mr Goodenough, Dr McVeigh, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Vasta, Mr Wallace, Mrs Wicks, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman.

### COMMITTEES

*Unless otherwise shown, appointed for life of 46th Parliament*

**Standing**

*Pursuant to standing orders*

**AGRICULTURE AND WATER RESOURCES:** Mr R. J. Wilson (*Chair*), Mr B. K. Mitchell (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Gosling, Mr O’Dowd, Mr Pearce, Mrs Phillips, Mr Thompson, Dr Webster.  
*Current inquiry:*  
Growing Australian agriculture to $100 billion by 2030.

**APPROPRIATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION:** The Speaker (*Chair*), Mr Alexander (*Deputy Chair*), Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Coker, Mr Connelly, Mr Hayes, Ms Owens, Mr R. G. Mitchell, Mr van Manen.

**COMMUNICATIONS AND THE ARTS:** Dr Gillespie (*Chair*), Mr Husic (*Deputy Chair*), Dr Allen, Ms Bell, Mr Drum, Mr Gorman, Ms McBride, Dr Webster.  
*Current inquiry:*  
Deployment, adoption and application of 5G in Australia.

**ECONOMICS:** Mr T. R. Wilson (*Chair*), Dr Leigh (*Deputy Chair*), Dr Aly, Mrs Archer, Mr Bandt, Mr Falinski, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Laming, Dr Mulino, Mr Ted O’Brien. (Ms Payne to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the Review of the Reserve Bank of Australia Annual Report 2018; Ms Sharkie to be a
supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the Banking Amendment (Rural Finance Reform) Bill 2019.

Current inquiries:
Banking Amendment (Rural Finance Reform) Bill 2019.

EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING: Mr Laming (Chair), Ms L. M. Chesters (Deputy Chair), Ms Bell, Ms Hammond, Mr Hastie, Ms Kearney, Mr Joyce, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Mr Young.

ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY: Mr Ted O’Brien (Chair), Mr J. H. Wilson (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Mr Burns, Dr Gillespie, Ms Steggall, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman. (Mrs Phillips and Mr Pitt to serve as supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the prerequisites for nuclear energy in Australia.)

Current inquiry:
Prerequisites for nuclear energy in Australia.

HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT: Mr Zimmerman (Chair), Dr Freelander (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms Bell, Mr Dick, Dr Martin, Mrs Wicks, Mr Zappia. (Dr Allen to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into allergies and anaphylaxis.)

Current inquiry:
Allergies and anaphylaxis.

HOUSE: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Drum, Ms Flint, Mr Hayes, Ms Ryan, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen.

INDIGENOUS AFFAIRS: Mr Leeser (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Ms Claydon, Mr Entsch, Ms Hammond, Ms Stanley, Mr Thompson, Mr Young.

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION, SCIENCE AND RESOURCES: Mr Joyce (Chair), Ms Bird (Deputy Chair), Dr Allen, Mr Conaghan, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Perrett, Mr Sharma, Ms Swanson.

INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND CITIES: Mr Alexander (Chair), Mr Gosling (Deputy Chair), Mr Connelly, Mr Giles, Mrs McIntosh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Mr van Manen, Dr Webster.

PETITIONS: Mr L. S. O’Brien (Chair), Mrs Elliot (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms L. M. Chesters, Ms Liu, Ms Templeman, Mr Simmonds, Mr Stevens.

PRIVILEGES AND MEMBERS’ INTERESTS: Mr Broadbent (Chair), Mr Gorman (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Byrne, Mr Fitzgibbon, Mr Goodenough, Mr Leeser, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr Snowdon, Ms Wells, Mr Zimmerman.

PROCEDURE: Mr van Manen (Chair), Mr Dick (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Mr Gorman, Ms Liu, Ms Ryan, Mr Simmonds.

Current inquiries:
Maintenance of the standing orders.
Practices and procedures relating to question time.

PUBLICATIONS: Mr O’Dowd (Chair), Ms Wells (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Mr Gorman, Mr Pearce, Mrs Phillips, Mr Wallace.

SELECTION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Drum, Ms Flint, Mr Hayes, Ms Murphy, Mr O’Dowd, Mr Ramsey, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen.

SOCIAL POLICY AND LEGAL AFFAIRS: Mr Wallace (Chair), Ms Claydon (Deputy Chair), Dr Freelander, Mr Laming, Ms Murphy, Mr Ramsey, Mr Simmonds, Dr Webster.

Current inquiry:
Age verification for online wagering and online pornography.

TAX AND REVENUE: Mr Falinski (Chair), Ms Owens (Deputy Chair), Ms Kearney, Dr McVeigh, Mr Stevens, Mr Thistledthwaite, Mr van Manen, Mr Young.

Select

REGIONAL AUSTRALIA: (Formed 25 July 2019) Mr Pasin (Chair), Ms Swanson (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms L. M. Chesters, Mr Clare, Mr Drum, Dr Haines, Mr Joyce, Mr Pitt, Mr Thompson, Mr J. H. Wilson, Mr R. J. Wilson. (To report by 31 July 2020).
Joint Select

AUSTRALIA’S FAMILY LAW SYSTEM: Senator Chandler, Senator Hanson, Senator O’Sullivan. (Formed 19 September 2019) (Members to be appointed) (To report by 7 October 2020).

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL REDRESS SCHEME: Senator Siewert. (Formed 10 September 2019) (Members to be appointed) (To report by the last sitting day in May 2022).

ROAD SAFETY: (Formed 9 September 2019) Ms Bird, Mr Zappia. (Members to be appointed) (To report by 31 July 2020).

Joint Statutory

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT INTEGRITY: Senator Stoker (Chair), Senator Bilyk (Deputy Chair), Mr Conaghan, Mrs Elliot, Mr Laming, Mr Pasin, Mr Zappia, Senator Antic, Senator Ayres. (Member to be appointed).

BROADCASTING OF PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS: The Speaker (Chairman), The President (Vice-Chairman), Ms Bird, Mr Christensen, Mr Entsch, Mr Simmonds, Ms Templeman, Senator Davey, Senator Farrell.

CORPORATIONS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES: Senator Paterson (Chair), Mr Georganas (Deputy Chair), Mr Falinski, Mr Gorman, Ms Hammond, Mr van Manen, Senator Bragg, Senator O’Neill, Senator Pratt, Senator Whish-Wilson. (Members to be appointed).

Current inquiry:

Regulation of auditing in Australia.

HUMAN RIGHTS: Mr Goodenough (Chair), Mr Perrett (Deputy Chair), Mr Georganas, Ms Hammond, Dr Webster, Senator Chandler, Senator Dodson, Senator Green, Senator McKim, Senator Van.

Current inquiry:

Quality of Care Amendment (Minimising the Use of Restraints) Principles 2019 [F2019L00511].

INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY: Mr Hastie (Chair), Mr Byrne (Deputy Chair), Mr Dreyfus, Dr M. J. Kelly, Mr Leeser, Mr T. R. Wilson, Senator Abetz, Senator Fawcett, Senator Keneally, Senator McAllister, Senator Stoker.

Current inquiries:

Australian Citizenship Amendment (Citizenship Cessation) Bill 2019.


Impact of the exercise of law enforcement and intelligence powers on the freedom of the press.

Review of Administration and Expenditure No. 17 (2017-18).


Review of the Australian Citizenship renunciation by conduct and cessation provisions.

Review of the identity-matching Bills.

Review of the mandatory data retention regime.

LAW ENFORCEMENT: Mr C. Kelly (Chair), Dr Aly (Deputy Chair), Mr Conaghan, Mrs Elliot, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Senator Antic, Senator Lines, Senator Polley, Senator Scarr. (Member to be appointed).

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT: Mrs Wicks (Chair), Mr Hill (Deputy Chair), Ms Bell, Dr Gillespie, Ms Payne, Ms Thwaites, Mr van Manen, Mr Watts, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Chandler, Senator Kitching, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Patrick, Senator Scarr, Senator Walsh.

Current inquiry:


PUBLIC WORKS: Dr McVeigh (Chair), Mr Zappia (Deputy Chair), Ms L. M. Chesters, Mr Joyce, Mr D. P. B. Smith, Mr R. J. Wilson, Senator Gallacher, Senator Hughes, Senator McDonald.

Current inquiries:

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade—Australian High Commission property replacement project, Tarawa, Kiribati.

HMAS Watson redevelopment project.

Melbourne, Victoria—Fit-out of new leased premises for the Australian Federal Police at 140 Lonsdale Street.
Navy capability infrastructure sub-program.
Shoalwater Bay training area remediation project.
Sydney—CSIRO consolidation project.

**Joint Standing**

**ELECTORAL MATTERS:** Senator McGrath (*Chair*), Senator Brown (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Dick, Mr Pasin, Mr Stevens, Ms Thwaites, Mrs Wicks, Senator Askew, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Waters.

*Current inquiries:*
Conduct of the 2019 federal election and matters related thereto.

**FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE:** Senator Fawcett (*Chair*), Mr Champion (*Deputy Chair*), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Connelly, Mr Drum, Mr Gorman, Mr Hastie, Mr Hayes, Mr Hill, Mr Khalil, Dr McVeigh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Pasin, Mr Pitt, Mr Sharma, Mr Snowdon, Ms Swanson, Mr Thompson, Mr Vasta, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Wallace, Senator Abetz, Senator Ayers, Senator Faruqi, Senator Fierravanti-Wells, Senator Kitching, Senator McCarthy, Senator McMahon, Senator O’Neill, Senator Sheldon, Senator Sinodinos. (*Member to be appointed*).

**MIGRATION:** Mr Leeser (*Chair*), Ms Vamvakinou (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Alexander, Mr Georganas, Mr Hill, Dr Martin, Senator Ciccone, Senator McKim, Senator Rennick, Senator Dean Smith.

*Current inquiry:*
Migration in regional Australia.

**NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK:** Mr Pasin (*Chair*), Ms Templeman (*Deputy Chair*), Dr Allen, Mr Connelly, Dr Haines, Mr B. K. Mitchell, Mrs Phillips, Mr Simmonds, Mr Watts, Senator Antic, Senator Davey, Senator Farrell, Senator Griff, Senator McKim, Senator Sheldon, Senator Walsh.

**NATIONAL CAPITAL AND EXTERNAL TERRITORIES:** Mr Pitt (*Chair*), Senator Brown (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Hogan, Mr Pearce, Mr D. P. B. Smith, Mr Snowdon, Mr Stevens, Senator Keneally, Senator McMahon, Senator O’Sullivan. (*Member to be appointed*).

*Current inquiry:*
Opportunities and challenges of the engagement of traditional owners in the economic development of Northern Australia.

**NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME:** Mr K. J. Andrews (*Chair*), Senator Brown (*Deputy Chair*), Ms Coker, Dr Martin, Ms Payne, Mr Wallace, Senator Askew, Senator Chisholm, Senator Hughes, Senator Steele-John.

**NORTHERN AUSTRALIA:** Mr Entsch (*Chair*), Senator Chisholm (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Christensen, Mr Snowdon, Mr Thompson, Ms Wells, Senator Dodson, Senator McMahon, Senator Dean Smith, Senator Waters.

*Current inquiry:*
Review of the National Capital Authority: Biannual public briefings.

**PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY:** Ms Stanley (*Chair*), Senator Dean Smith (*Chair*), Dr Allen, Mr Byrne, Ms Claydon, Ms Liu, Mr Pearce, Mr Ramsey, Senator Askew, Senator Bilyk, Senator Lines, Senator Paterson. (*Member to be appointed*).

**TRADE AND INVESTMENT GROWTH:** Mr Christensen (*Chair*), Ms Kearney (*Deputy Chair*), Dr Allen, Dr Mulino, Mr Ramsey, Senator Ayres, Senator Rennick, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Van. (*Member to be appointed*).

*Current inquiry:*
Supporting Australia’s exports and attracting investment.

**TREATIES:** Mr Sharma (*Chair*), Mr Khalil (*Deputy Chair*), Mr Broadbent, Mr Falinski, Ms Flint, Dr McVeigh, Ms Thwaites, Mr J. H. Wilson, Mr T. R. Wilson, Senator Ayres, Senator Bilyk, Senator Bragg, Senator Brockman, Senator Rennick, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Steele-John.

*Current inquiries:*
Air Services—Papua New Guinea.
Air Services—Thailand.
Air Services—Timor-Leste.
Convention Square Kilometre Array Observatory.
Double taxation—Israel.
Free Trade Agreement between Australia and Hong Kong, China.
Indonesia-Australia Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement.
Investments—Uruguay.
Investor-state dispute settlement UN Convention.
MH17—Netherlands.
Mutual recognition agreements—United Kingdom.
Oil stocks—Hungary.
Trade in wine—United Kingdom.
Work diplomatic families—Italy.

APPOINTMENTS TO STATUTORY BODIES

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF AUSTRALIA ADVISORY COUNCIL: Mr K. J. Andrews (appointed 10 September 2019, for a period of 3 years).

COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY OF AUSTRALIA: Mr Leeser (appointed 10 November 2016, for a period of 3 years).

PARLIAMENTARY RETIRING ALLOWANCES TRUST: Mr Entsch (appointed 15 September 2016);
Mr Fitzgibbon (appointed 19 October 2010).

By Authority of the House of Representatives