2016-2017
THE PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
NOTICE PAPER
(www.aph.gov.au/housenp)
No. 89
WEDNESDAY, 6 DECEMBER 2017
The House meets at 9.30 am

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 SOCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (CASHLESS DEBIT CARD) BILL 2017 (Minister for Human Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 26 October 2017—Ms Husar, in continuation).

2 CORPORATIONS AMENDMENT (CROWD-SOURCED FUNDING FOR PROPRIETARY COMPANIES) BILL 2017 (Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 September 2017—Mr Thistlethwaite).

3 IMPORTED FOOD CONTROL AMENDMENT BILL 2017 (Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 1 June 2017—Ms Rishworth).

4 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (BANKING MEASURES NO. 1) BILL 2017 (Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr Husic).


6 FAMILY ASSISTANCE AND CHILD SUPPORT LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (PROTECTING CHILDREN) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 September 2017—Mr Thistlethwaite).


9 COMMUNICATIONS LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (DEREGULATION AND OTHER MEASURES) BILL 2017 (Minister representing the Minister for Communications): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 29 March 2017—Dr Leigh).


* Notifications to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed appear for the first time
† Debate to be adjourned to a future day at the conclusion of the time allotted.
16 ASIC SUPERVISORY COST RECOVERY LEVY AMENDMENT BILL 2017 (Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 13 September 2017—Mr Burke).
17 COASTAL TRADING (REVITALISING AUSTRALIAN SHIPPING) AMENDMENT BILL 2017 (Minister for Infrastructure and Transport): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr Husic).
19 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (BANKING EXECUTIVE ACCOUNTABILITY AND RELATED MEASURES) BILL 2017 (Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr Husic).
20 COMMONWEALTH REDRESS SCHEME FOR INSTITUTIONAL CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 26 October 2017—Mr Albanese).
21 COMMONWEALTH REDRESS SCHEME FOR INSTITUTIONAL CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE (CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 26 October 2017—Ms Rishworth).
22 IMPORTED FOOD CONTROL AMENDMENT (COUNTRY OF ORIGIN) BILL 2017 (Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr Husic).
25 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (JUNIOR MINERALS EXPLORATION INCENTIVE) BILL 2017 (Assistant Minister to the Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr Husic).
29 SOCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (PAYMENT INTEGRITY) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017—Mr Clare).
31 SOCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (HOUSING AFFORDABILITY) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 September 2017—Mr Thistlethwaite).


MIGRATION AMENDMENT (REGULATION OF MIGRATION AGENTS) BILL 2017 (Assistant Minister for Immigration and Border Protection): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017—Mr Zappia).

MIGRATION AGENTS REGISTRATION APPLICATION CHARGE AMENDMENT (RATES OF CHARGE) BILL 2017 (Assistant Minister for Immigration and Border Protection): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017—Mr Clare).


AIRPORTS AMENDMENT BILL 2016 (Minister for Infrastructure and Transport): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 1 December 2016—Mr Burke).

FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (REPEAL OF 4 YEARLY REVIEWS AND OTHER MEASURES) BILL 2017: Consideration of Senate’s amendments (from 4 December 2017).

MURRAY-DARLING BASIN PLAN: Consideration of Senate’s message (from 10 August 2017).


Notices

1 MR PYNE: To move—That orders of the day Nos 2 to 6, 8 to 10 and 12, government business in the Federation Chamber, be discharged from the Notice Paper.

(Notice given 29 March 2017.)
2 MR PYNE: To move—That the introduction to the table in standing order 1 be amended to read as follows:

1 Maximum speaking times

The maximum time limits that apply to debates, speeches and statements are as follows provided that any time taken by interruptions for the purposes of calling and forming a quorum shall not count towards the maximum speaking time allowed to the Member speaking at the time.

(Notice given 30 August 2016.)

3 MR PYNE: To move—That standing order 47 be amended to read as follows:

47 Motions for suspension of orders

(a) A Minister may move, with or without notice, the suspension of any standing or other order of the House.

(b) If a suspension motion is moved on notice, it shall appear on the Notice Paper and may be carried by a majority of votes.

(c) If a suspension motion is moved without notice it:

(i) must be relevant to any business under discussion and seconded; and

(ii) can be carried only by an absolute majority of Members.

(d) Any suspension of orders shall be limited to the particular purpose of the suspension.

(Notice given 30 August 2016.)

Orders of the day—continued

50 STATUTE LAW REVISION BILL 2016 (Prime Minister): First reading (from 30 August 2016).

51 MESSAGE FROM SENATE: Resumption of debate (from 1 September 2016) on the motion of Mr Albanese—That Senate’s message No. 1 be considered at the first available opportunity.

52 FINANCIAL SERVICES INDUSTRY: Consideration of Senate’s message (from 1 December 2016).

53 TARIFF PROPOSALS (Mr Dutton):

Customs Tariff Proposal (No. 1) 2017—moved 15 February 2017—Resumption of debate (Mr Zappia).

Bill to be reported from the Federation Chamber

1 ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND COUNTER-TERRORISM FINANCING AMENDMENT BILL 2017 (Minister for Justice): To be reported with amendments (from 5 December 2017).

Contingent notices of motion

Contingent on the motion for the second reading of any bill being moved: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the resumption of debate on the motion that the bill be read a second time being made an order of the day for a later hour.

Contingent on any report relating to a bill being received from the Federation Chamber: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the remaining stages being passed without delay.

Contingent on any bill being agreed to at the conclusion of the consideration in detail stage: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

Contingent on any message being received from the Senate transmitting any bill for concurrence: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the bill being passed through all its stages without delay.

Contingent on the second reading of a bill being agreed to and the Speaker having announced any message from the Governor General under standing order 147: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.
PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Notices

1 MS MCGOWAN: To move—That:

(1) this House establish a joint select committee, to be known as the Joint Select Committee on Regional Development and Decentralisation, to inquire and report on the following matters:

(a) best practice approaches to regional development, considering Australian and international examples, that support:

(i) growing the rural and regional population base;
(ii) an equitable share of the rewards derived from rural and regional resources being received by regional communities;
(iii) growing and diversifying of the regional economic and employment base;
(iv) an improved quality of life for regional Australians;
(v) vibrant, more cohesive and engaged regional communities; and
(vi) a place-based approach that considers local circumstances and involves collective governance;

(b) decentralisation of Commonwealth entities or functions, as a mechanism to increase growth and prosperity in regional areas, considering Australian and international examples, including:

(i) examining the potential for decentralisation to improve governance and service delivery for all Australians, considering the administrative arrangements required for good government;
(ii) identifying the characteristics of entities that would be suited to decentralisation without impacting on the ability to perform their functions;
(iii) identifying the characteristics of locations suitable to support decentralisation of entities or functions, including consideration of infrastructure and communication connectivity requirements;
(iv) considering different models of decentralisation, including:
   — relocation of all or part of a Commonwealth entity to a regional area;
   — decentralisation of specific positions, with individual employees telecommuting, considering any limitations to this in current Australian Public Service employment conditions and rules; and
   — co-location of decentralised Commonwealth entities or employees in existing regionally based Commonwealth or state government offices;

(c) examining the family, social and community impacts of decentralising;

(d) actions of the Commonwealth that would encourage greater corporate decentralisation and what can be learned from corporate decentralisation approaches, including:

(i) considering the role of the private sector in sustainably driving employment and growth opportunities in regional areas in both existing and new industries;
(ii) comparing the access to early stage equity and or debt finance of metropolitan and regional businesses for both start up and established businesses;
(iii) examining access to capital for regional business, including agribusiness, manufacturing and technology;
(iv) considering the adequacy of regional businesses access to early stage accelerators and incubators, including access to business mentors, business networks and capital (debt or equity);
(v) considering the adequacy to support the private sector to attract and retain skilled labour to regional areas; and
(vi) examining the extent to which employment and growth can be supported by growing existing and new industries in regional areas, leveraging strong transport and communications connectivity; and

(e) any related matters;
(2) the committee consist of 12 members: 2 Members of the House of Representatives to be nominated by the Government Whip or Whips, 2 Members of the House of Representatives to be nominated by the Opposition Whip or Whips and 2 Members of the House of Representatives to be nominated by any minority group or independent Member, 2 Senators to be nominated by the Leader of the Government in the Senate, 2 Senators to be nominated by the Leader of the Opposition in the Senate and 2 Senators to be nominated by any minority group or independent Senator;

(3) every nomination of a member of the Committee be notified in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate;

(4) the members of the Committee hold office as a joint select committee until presentation of the Committee’s report or the House of Representatives is dissolved or expires by effluxion of time, whichever is the earlier;

(5) the Committee elect a:

(a) Government member as Chair; and

(b) non–Government member as Deputy Chair who shall act as Chair of the Committee at any time when the Chair is not present at a meeting of the Committee, and at any time when the Chair and Deputy Chair are not present at a meeting of the Committee the members present shall elect another member to act as Chair at that meeting;

(6) in the event of an equally divided vote, the Chair, or the Deputy Chair when acting as Chair, has a casting vote;

(7) three members of the Committee constitute a quorum of the Committee provided that in a deliberative meeting the quorum shall include one Government member of either House, and one non–Government member of either House;

(8) the Committee has power to appoint subcommittees consisting of three or more of its members and to refer to any subcommittee any matter which the Committee is empowered to examine;

(9) the Committee appoint the Chair of each subcommittee who shall have a casting vote only and at any time when the Chair of a subcommittee is not present at a meeting of the subcommittee the members of the subcommittee present shall elect another member of that subcommittee to act as Chair at that meeting;

(10) two members of a subcommittee constitute the quorum of that subcommittee, provided that in a deliberative meeting the quorum shall include one Government member of either House and one non–Government member of either House;

(11) members of the Committee who are not members of a subcommittee may participate in the proceedings of that subcommittee but shall not vote, move any motion or be counted for the purpose of a quorum;

(12) the Committee or any subcommittee:

(a) has power to call for witnesses to attend and for documents to be produced;

(b) may conduct proceedings at any place it sees fit;

(c) may sit in public or in private; and

(d) has power to adjourn from time to time and to sit during any adjournment of the Senate and the House of Representatives;

(13) the Committee may report from time to time, but will produce an issues paper no later than 31 August 2017 and an interim report no later than 31 December 2017, with its final report no later than 28 February 2018;

(14) the provisions of this resolution, so far as they are inconsistent with the standing orders, have effect notwithstanding anything contained in the standing orders; and

(15) a message be sent to the Senate acquainting it of this resolution and requesting that it concur and take action accordingly.

(Notice given 22 May 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 5 February 2018.)
2 MR JONES: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that the Government has failed to respond to the frustration and anger of regional broadband consumers who are suffering with unreliable services and who are paying for broadband packages that advertise speeds that cannot be delivered;
(2) calls on the Government to impose a new requirement on the NBN and on retail service providers so that NBN customers are not misled when they purchase a broadband service by requiring:
   (a) NBN Co to advise retail service providers where there are known limitations or impediments in its network which would prevent or impede a retailer from providing one of the standard internet services to an end user, with this information being provided on a per premises basis;
   (b) retail service providers to advise customers on a premises by premises basis where there are known limitations or impediments in the NBN network which prevent it from offering one of the standard broadband retail products; and
   (c) retail service providers to renegotiate terms of service with a customer where they have sold a customer a product which it is subsequently revealed cannot be delivered because of limitations in the network; and
(3) further calls on the Government to cease the planning and rollout of copper-based Fibre to the Node NBN which is one of the significant causes of problems with speed, reliability and congestion in the NBN fixed line network.
(Notice given 23 May 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 5 February 2018.)

3 MR GEORGANAS: To move—That this House:
(1) acknowledges that the live export of animals for slaughter overseas continues to breach animal cruelty standards, both in a legislative and moral sense; and
(2) notes that:
   (a) many Australians are deeply disturbed by incidences where animals are hurt and mistreated during mass transport, and that strong community sentiment against live animal exports persists;
   (b) for as long as the practice of live exports continues, laws and regulations that protect animal welfare must be strengthened, and those breaching these standards must be adequately penalised; and
   (c) there are more humane ways to treat animals and as a country we should explore these further with a view to the long term banning of live animal exports, and strengthening local industries and processing capacities.
(Notice given 25 May 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

4 MR ALBANESE: To move—That this House:
(1) notes the recent report released by the Water Services Association of Australia titled ‘Next Gen Urban Water: The role of urban water in vibrant and prosperous communities’;
(2) acknowledges that healthy urban rivers play a vital role in ensuring cities are sustainable and liveable and that the development of efficient blue-green networks can offset some of the worst effects of climate change by:
   (a) reducing the heat island effect;
   (b) ensuring a strong urban ecology through the preservation of biodiversity; and
   (c) improving flood mitigation through effective management of water, particularly stormwater;
(3) recognises that rejuvenating urban rivers also has a positive impact on community wellbeing, and that investment in walking and cycling paths is a key component of this renewal process as it provides spaces for recreation and social cohesion;
(4) commends the previous Labor Government’s investment in urban rivers, noting the positive difference this has made to the natural environment and amenity of urban areas;
(5) notes, in particular, the successful improvements to the Cooks River, an iconic part of the inner west landscape, which was once used as a storm water drain and today is a popular walking and cycling route;
recognises that the renewal of the Cooks River is a consequence of hard work from dedicated community groups including the Mudcrabs, Cooks River Valley Association and the Cooks River Alliance, as well as the investment from the previous Labor Government; and

calls on the Government to provide real leadership and actual investment in our urban areas, instead of just rhetoric, so that Australia’s cities reach their full potential and are productive, sustainable and liveable for all who reside there.

(Notice given 13 June 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

Mr Perrett: To move—that this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) August 6 and 9 are the 72nd anniversaries of the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, respectively;
(b) at Hiroshima, approximately 80,000 people died immediately, and at Nagasaki approximately 40,000 died immediately;
(c) by the end of 1945, approximately 200,000 people had died from the effects of these two bombs, including from radiation sickness;
(d) in 2015, the Red Cross hospitals in Hiroshima and Nagasaki reported that they are still treating many thousands of people suffering from the long term effects of radiation exposure;
(e) childhood survivors of the bombings have experienced ‘multiple types of cancer over decades’, and the health consequences of genetic damage are an ongoing concern;
(f) there are currently 15,000 nuclear weapons in the world;
(g) in 2013 and 2014 a series of three intergovernmental and civil society conferences concluded that any use of nuclear weapons would be utterly catastrophic and that they threaten the very survival of humanity;
(h) other indiscriminate weapons of mass destruction—chemical and biological weapons, as well as landmines and cluster munitions—are explicitly prohibited by treaty;
(i) the United Nations has convened a conference for 15 June to 8 July 2017 to negotiate a legally binding instrument to prohibit nuclear weapons, leading towards their total elimination;
(j) the United Nations General Assembly has encouraged all United Nations member states to participate in the conference; and
(k) the Australian Government did not participate in the conference held between 27 and 31 March 2017; and

(2) noting the Japanese Government’s approach to this conference, urges the Australian Government to participate constructively in the conference.

(Notice given 15 June 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

Mr Keogh: To move—that this House:

(1) condemns the Government’s decision to release a list of suburbs with the highest rates of job seeker non-compliance last week, now colloquially dubbed the ‘list of shame’;

(2) acknowledges that:

(a) in order to boost the employment outcomes of Australians that are doing it tough, the role of government is to create jobs and provide access to effective employment services programs;
(b) singling out and embarrassing particular communities is divisive and does not resolve the root issues underlying job seeker non-compliance; and
(c) non-compliance is exacerbated by the Government’s cuts to resourcing at Centrelink; and

(3) calls on the Minister for Human Services to:

(a) apologise to the Burt community, including the cities of Gosnells and Armadale, and others around Australia, for talking them down when they should be lifted up; and
(b) visit the electoral division of Burt so that its federal Member can share with him the real story of our outer suburbs.

(Notice given 20 June 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
7 MR BANDT: To move—That:

(1) this House establish a select committee, to be known as the Select Committee on Elections and Qualifications, to inquire and report on the following matters:

(a) the eligibility of Members of the House of Representatives in the 45th Parliament under Section 44 of the Constitution in so far as it relates to being ‘a subject or a citizen or entitled to the rights or privileges of a subject or a citizen of a foreign power’;

(b) the legal liability of Members of the House of Representatives who know, or have grounds to suspect, that they are ineligible for office but do not come forward with that information, and whether they are defrauding the Commonwealth; and

(c) any related matters;

(2) for the purposes of carrying out the inquiry, the committee must, as soon as practicable, appoint an independent auditor, or auditors, with expertise in migration, citizenship and constitutional law to assist the committee who, among other things:

(a) would be able to request the committee to use its powers to order the production of documents from Members of the House of Representatives and order them to appear as witnesses and answer questions; and

(b) on behalf of the committee, may present to representatives of foreign governments in Australia and seek information as relevant to this inquiry;

(3) the committee consist of 10 members, six members to be nominated by the Government Whip or Whips, three members to be nominated by the Opposition Whip or Whips and one non-aligned member;

(4) every nomination of a member of the committee be notified in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(5) the members of the committee hold office as a select committee until presentation of the committee’s report or the House of Representatives is dissolved or expires by effluxion of time, whichever is the earlier;

(6) the committee elect:

(a) a government member as chair; and

(b) a non-government member as deputy chair who shall act as chair of the committee at any time when the chair is not present at a meeting of the committee, and at any time when the chair and deputy chair are not present at a meeting of the committee the members present shall elect another member to act as chair at that meeting;

(7) in the event of an equally divided vote, the chair, or the deputy chair when acting as chair, has a casting vote;

(8) three members of the committee constitute a quorum of the committee provided that in a deliberative meeting the quorum shall include one government member, and one non-government member;

(9) the committee has power to appoint subcommittees consisting of three or more of its members and to refer to any subcommittee any matter which the committee is empowered to examine;

(10) the committee appoint the chair of each subcommittee who shall have a casting vote only and at any time when the chair of a subcommittee is not present at a meeting of the subcommittee the members of the subcommittee present shall elect another member of that subcommittee to act as chair at that meeting;

(11) two members of a subcommittee constitute the quorum of that subcommittee, provided that in a deliberative meeting the quorum shall include one government and one non-government member;

(12) members of the committee who are not members of a subcommittee may participate in the proceedings of that subcommittee but shall not vote, move any motion or be counted for the purpose of a quorum;

(13) the committee or any subcommittee:

(a) has power to call for witnesses to attend and for documents to be produced;

(b) may conduct proceedings at any place it sees fit;

(c) may sit in public or in private; and

(d) has power to adjourn from time to time and to sit during any adjournment of the House of Representatives;

(14) the committee may report from time to time, but will report no later than 14 September 2017; and
(15) the provisions of this resolution, so far as they are inconsistent with the standing orders, have effect notwithstanding anything contained in the standing orders.

(Notice given 8 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

8 MS HUSAR: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the importance of NAIDOC Week;

(2) notes that:
   (a) the promotion of NAIDOC Week celebrations at school is vital to ensuring long term cultural and attitudinal change;
   (b) Western Sydney has the largest Aboriginal population in a metropolitan setting;
   (c) NAIDOC Week’s theme is ‘our language matters’; and
   (d) more needs to be done to record and promote the history, culture and achievement of Aboriginal culture in Western Sydney before it is lost; and

(3) calls on the Government to ensure that greater language education is provided to the community beyond NAIDOC Week.

(Notice given 14 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

9 MS MCGOWAN: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the ongoing uncertainty about the citizenship status of Members of the House is undermining the business of the Parliament;
   (b) Members are responsible for confirming their citizenship status prior to nominating for election by signing the declaration on the nomination form that they are qualified under the Constitution and the laws of the Commonwealth to be elected; and
   (c) there is no current process or requirement for Members to publicly release evidence of their citizenship status; and

(2) amends the resolution relating to the Registration of Members’ Interests so that at (1) (a) the following is added: ‘(iii) the citizenship status of the Member, the Member’s parents and grandparents, and evidence of reasonable steps taken to renounce foreign nationality by the Member’.

(Notice given 15 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

10 MS RISHWORTH: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that 20 September 2017 marks the Centenary of Australia’s contribution to the Battle of Passchendaele, also known as the Battle of the Ypres, when Australia’s infantry took part in the Battle of Menin Road and subsequently the Battle of Polygon Wood;

(2) notes that the Battle of Menin Road was the first involvement of Australian units in the Battle of Passchendaele and took place from 20 to 26 September 1917;

(3) recognises the Battle of Menin Road:
   (a) as an important part of Australia’s military history;
   (b) allowed significant advances by Australian units during the battle; and
   (c) resulted in 5,013 Australian casualties;

(4) recognises that efforts of Australian troops during the Battle of Menin Road would pre-empt Australia’s success in the Battle of Polygon Wood;

(5) notes Australia’s involvement in the Battle of Polygon Wood which took place from 26 September to 3 October 1917, and recognises:
   (a) that Australia’s involvement in the operations of the Battle of the Polygon would contribute to securing strongly defended German positions; and
   (b) the 5,770 Australian casualties in the Battle of Polygon Wood;

(6) recognises the wretched conditions which our servicemen fought in and the contribution and sacrifice made by Australia’s infantry during the Battle of Passchendaele; and
remembers and pays tribute to all Australians who served in the Battle of Passchendaele, those who were wounded and those who made the ultimate sacrifice and their families.

(Notice given 15 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

11 MR WALLACE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) 8 million Australians live outside our capital cities; and
   (b) while some regions like the Sunshine Coast are experiencing strong economic growth, others are not enjoying the same levels of economic activity;

(2) further notes that:
   (a) many regions, including the Sunshine Coast, can supply substantially lower office accommodation costs and lower operating costs;
   (b) regions such as the Sunshine Coast can offer a highly educated workforce, high quality business facilities, first class health and transport infrastructure, as well as innovative start-up communities;
   (c) regions, including the Sunshine Coast, can offer lifestyle benefits like lower cost housing, short commute times and a family-friendly environment; and
   (d) research suggests that highly skilled people are taking increasing account of lifestyle factors when choosing their employer;

(3) welcomes the Government's pursuit of a policy of decentralisation of public sector agencies, and the recent relocation of some parts of the Murray-Darling Basin Authority to Wodonga; and

(4) encourages the Government to continue to explore further options for the relocation of Commonwealth agencies to the regions.

(Notice given 16 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

12 MR BURKE: To move—That this House resolves that as there is doubt over the Government’s reliance on a single vote in the House of Representatives, all divisions in the House shall be deferred until the House has been advised of the determination of the questions this House referred to the Court of Disputed Returns on 14 August 2017 concerning the constitutional qualifications of the Member for New England.

(Notice given 17 August 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

13 MS T. M. BUTLER: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that the Government’s proposed higher education fee hikes and lowering of the HELP repayment threshold disproportionately affect women, specifically in that:
   (a) the lowering of the HELP repayment threshold to $42,000 and the associated changes to indexation of these rates will greatly affect people on low incomes (such as people who are in lower paid professions or working part-time), as they would be required to repay their loan sooner and at a rate that represents a higher proportion of their income; and
   (b) women are over-represented in lower paid professions (such as nursing, teaching and social work), and part-time work (71.6 per cent of all part time employees are women), and many women occupy both of these categories;

(2) expresses concern that increases to fees and debt incurred by students would likely deter debt-averse groups, including women, from participating in higher education;

(3) notes that the Government did not model the impact these changes and other budget measures would have on women and that if it had, it would have quantified the combined effect of the proposed lowering of the HELP threshold, and other measures, on women;

(4) acknowledges that the National Foundation for Australian Women conducted its own analysis and concluded that the new HELP repayments combined with proposed increases in the Medicare levy and changes to other benefits such as rental assistance could lead to effective marginal tax rates of possibly 100 per cent or higher for some women, particularly as Family Tax Benefit Part A begins to decrease at $51,903; and

(5) calls on the Government to abandon its proposed changes to higher education fees and HELP payments.
14 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that rising energy prices and concerns around energy security are putting the Australian manufacturing industry at risk by:
   (a) making Australian firms uncompetitive globally, as they compete with cheaper imports from markets with lower energy cost;
   (b) decreasing businesses’ profit margins and putting jobs at risk; and
   (c) forcing businesses to consider relocating their operations overseas where energy is secure and more affordable;

(2) acknowledges the importance of the manufacturing industry to Australia’s economy, jobs and the retention of skills in Australia;

(3) recognises the Government’s failure to provide solutions to the rising cost of energy for the manufacturing industry;

(4) notes that Western Sydney is the largest manufacturing region in the country, contributing $13.5 billion to the economy annually and providing employment for thousands of Australians.

(Notice given 5 September 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

15 MS KEAY: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) 10 September is World Suicide Prevention Day, with the theme for 2017 being ‘Take a Minute, Change a Life’, which aims to complement the work undertaken by RUOK? Day and encourages people to take the time to notice what is going on with their family, friends, colleagues and themselves;
   (b) 14 September is RUOK? Day is a day that reminds people that they have what it takes to start a meaningful conversation if they are worried about someone, using four steps:
      (i) ask;
      (ii) listen;
      (iii) encourage action; and
      (iv) check in;
   (c) in 2015, 3,027 Australians lost their lives to suicide—a 5.4 per cent increase from the previous year and the highest suicide rate in 15 years;
   (d) this is an average of 8.3 deaths by suicide every day;
   (e) suicide is the leading cause of death for Australians aged 15 to 44; and
   (f) these statistics are heartbreaking and confronting; and

(2) urges all levels of government and the community to work together to:
   (a) reduce the impact of mental ill health and suicide in our society;
   (b) continue to work towards reducing stigma associated with mental ill health; and
   (c) help raise community awareness around suicide prevention.

(Notice given 6 September 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

16 MS L. M. CHESTERS: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges and supports the 190 contracted workers at Esso Australia (a subsidiary of Exxon Mobil) who have been unethically dismissed by UGL Pty Limited (UGL);

(2) condemns the exploitative tactics of the multinational companies Exxon Mobil and UGL, who are attempting to rehire the workers at a 30 to 45 per cent cut to their wages, which is a disaster for their livelihoods;

(3) recognises that these:
   (a) 190 highly skilled maintenance workers are facing this pay cut when Esso Australia made $8.6 billion in 2016-17 from taking Australian gas and oil overseas, helping them become the sixth largest multinational corporation in the world; and
(b) workers are also facing the introduction of casual contracts that strip them of work entitlements such as annual leave or sick leave, and leaves them without job security;

(4) acknowledges that these conditions are being forced on these workers who have no choice but to sign these casual work contracts in hope of providing a living for their families;

(5) recognises that these wealthy multinational corporations are manipulating the *Fair Work Act 2009* and *Corporations Act 2001* to cut wages and working conditions for hard working vulnerable Australians;

(6) acknowledges that Esso Australia’s recruitment of workers from other states to replace local workers is yet another harsh blow to the whole Gippsland community, that is already reeling from huge job losses in the region; and

(7) condemns the Government for:
   (a) pursuing its ideological and dogmatic attack on unions instead of helping workers to regain bargaining power in the industrial relations system; and
   (b) its failure to stand up for the rights of these workers and all Australian workers.

(*Notice given 11 September 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.*)

17 **MR GEORGANAS:** To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that penalty rates are relied upon by Australian workers and their families to cover everyday costs of living, no matter if they are full time, part time or casual, including workers such as:
   (a) nurses;
   (b) police, firefighters and ambulance officers;
   (c) retail and hospitality workers;
   (d) services sector employees; and
   (e) hair and beauty industry employees;

(2) condemns government Members and Senators who oppose penalty rates and pressure the Fair Work Commission to cut them; and

(3) calls on Government Members and Senators to support the Opposition’s private Members bill, the *Fair Work Amendment (Protecting Take-Home Pay) Bill 2017*, which would stop penalty rate cuts now and in the future.

(*Notice given 13 September 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.*)

18 **MS L. M. CHESTERS:** To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the ASC Pty Ltd (ASC) shipyard currently employs approximately 1,100 workers in South Australia, who have been building three air warfare destroyers (AWD);
   (b) by Christmas this year, 250 jobs at ASC will likely be lost, with that number increasing by 400 to 500 between January and June next year as the AWD project winds down; and
   (c) South Australia’s unemployment rate is approximately 7 per cent and mass layoffs in the automotive and shipbuilding industries mean full time employment levels will go backwards;

(2) condemns the Government for:
   (a) decimating South Australia’s manufacturing industries in an act of economic vandalism, which has resulted in Australia’s remaining vehicle manufacturers, Toyota and Holden, closing in October, putting tens of thousands of Australian jobs at risk;
   (b) its manifestly inadequate response to the shutdown of the automotive industry, including its attempt in 2014 to rip $900 million from the Automotive Transformation Scheme, which would have sparked an early exit of automotive manufacturers from Australia and the loss of tens of thousands of jobs; and
   (c) failing to keep its promise to create new jobs within the defence manufacturing and shipbuilding industries, with many South Australian shipbuilders facing unemployment as soon as the end of this year; and
calls on the Government to:

(a) apologise to the Australian people for its reckless and disastrous actions in driving Holden and Toyota offshore and to the workers who will face unemployment as a result; and

(b) ensure there is a requirement in all national naval shipbuilding contracts to use Australian workforces.

(Notice given 14 September 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

MS SHARKIE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) plastic bags are detrimental to the environment;

(b) Australians use an estimated 5 billion plastic bags a year, which represents over 20 million bags used every day;

(c) research has indicated that as of 2013, approximately 5.25 trillion pieces of plastic have been floating in our world’s oceans—these are mostly microplastics of less than 5 millimetres in size and are regularly eaten by marine life, through which they enter the global food chain and are consumed by humans;

(d) thousands of marine mammals and seabirds die every year around the world as a result of plastic litter;

(e) plastic bags are particularly bad for the environment because they take from between 20 and 1,000 years to biodegrade and can travel long distances via air and water;

(f) South Australia led the nation with the phasing out of lightweight non-biodegradable plastic shopping bags, which state legislation defines as a carry bag, the body of which comprises (in whole or in part) polyethylene with a thickness of less than 35 microns and includes handles;

(g) South Australia’s ban on plastic shopping bags came into force on 4 May 2009; and

(h) the South Australian Environmental Protection Authority estimates that the state’s ban on plastic shopping bags has resulted in almost 400 million fewer plastic bags in that state each year; and

(2) calls on the:

(a) state governments yet to enact a ban on lightweight non-biodegradable plastic shopping bags to do so with speed and urgency; and

(b) Australian Government to work with the state Governments to implement a national ban on lightweight non-biodegradable plastic shopping bags by the end of 2018.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

MR VAN MANEN: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises positive effect of the Government’s measures to assist more hard working Australians to:

(a) earn more through the tax system, in particular by:

(i) legislating tax cuts for middle income earners to ensure they are not pushed into the second highest tax bracket;

(ii) introducing to Parliament the Enterprise Tax Plan, which will extend small business tax concessions to businesses up to $10 million from the outdated $2 million threshold; and

(iii) supporting employers to invest more, provide more hours and increase wages through a more competitive international tax rate;

(b) save more for their retirement through increased flexibility in the superannuation system, in particular by:

(i) abolishing the so called ‘10 per cent rule’, which prevents anyone earning more than 10 per cent of their income from salary and wages from claiming a deduction for personal superannuation contributions; and

(ii) introducing catch up concessional contributions to provide assistance to those—particularly women—who have interrupted work patterns, whether to raise children, look after elderly parents, or seek to boost their retirement savings just before retirement; and
notes with deep concern that the Opposition:

(a) refuses to support tax relief for small business, while at the same time advocating tax cuts for foreign workers;
(b) seeks to abolish measures to improve the retirement savings of hard working Australians, particularly those on low incomes and with interrupted work patterns; and
(c) has no plan for jobs and growth, despite having previously advocated for a more competitive tax rate for employers.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

21 MR ZIMMERMAN: To move—That this House:

(1) notes the release on 5 October 2017 of the Consular State of Play 2016-17 (State of Play), which provides an overview of the Government’s provision of consular assistance to Australians in the last financial year;
(2) acknowledges the hard work and dedication of Australian consular officials who have provided high-quality assistance to Australians in distress in 12,454 cases during 2016-17;
(3) notes with concern that a significant number of Australian travellers are travelling overseas without insurance;
(4) reiterates the Minister for Foreign Affairs’ remarks in launching the State of Play that if travellers cannot afford travel insurance, they cannot afford to travel;
(5) acknowledges that the Australian Government will provide consular assistance where possible, while noting there are limits to what it can do to assist Australians in trouble overseas; and
(6) calls on Australians to:
   (a) draw on resources such as Australian Government Smartraveller advice to inform themselves about their destination; and
   (b) purchase insurance appropriate to their activities and circumstances.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

22 MR WALLACE: To move—That this House:

(1) welcomes the Government’s action to make our cities better places to live in and do business through ongoing City Deal developments in Townsville, Launceston, Western Sydney and Darwin;
(2) notes that:
   (a) City Deals:
      (i) bring together all three levels of Government to develop collective plans for growth with a focus on jobs, housing, transport and the environment; and
      (ii) are already delivering firm commitments and real benefits for communities, including the $250 million North Queensland Stadium, the Townsville Eastern Access Rail Corridor, movement of the University of Tasmania’s main campus and the rejuvenation of the CBD in Launceston;
   (b) further benefits through City Deals are under development, including the Western Sydney Housing Package and the redevelopment of Paterson Barracks in Launceston;
(3) commends the Government for continuing to encourage and pursue new City Deals with other regional cities around Australia, including areas such as the Sunshine Coast; and
(4) encourages state and territory governments and local councils in regional cities, especially on the Sunshine Coast, to work closely with their local Members of Parliament and the Assistant Minister for Cities and Digital Transformation to develop City Deals for their eligible communities.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

23 MR COULTON: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the important contribution that the Export Finance and Insurance Corporation (Efic) makes to supporting Australian exporters;
(2) notes the recent passage of the Insurance Corporation Amendment (Support for Commonwealth Entities) Bill 2016 through the Parliament with bipartisan support, helping Efic keep pace with Australia’s changing exports; and
(3) commends the Government for issuing a new Statement of Expectations for Efic, re-enabling it to support onshore resource projects, and related infrastructure.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

24 MS CLAYDON: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) one in three Australian women have experienced physical violence since the age of 15; and
   (b) two thirds of women who experience violence are in paid employment;

(2) recognises that:
   (a) family violence isolates and excludes its victims and disconnects people from community, work, education, friends and family;
   (b) the trauma experienced by an employee facing family violence will be lessened if they have the support of an understanding and accommodating employer that offers domestic and family violence leave; and
   (c) access to a leave specifically allocated for situations of domestic and family violence protects employees from discrimination and allows them to maintain stable employment which increases their likelihood of leaving violent relationships;

(3) commends the many private companies that already provide domestic and family violence leave, including Telstra, Virgin, Qantas, the National Australia Bank, to more than one million Australian workers;

(4) condemns the Government for its public service bargaining policy which has resulted in the removal of domestic and family violence leave provisions in some public service enterprise agreements; and

(5) calls on the Government to amend the National Employment Standards to include domestic and family violence leave as a universal workplace right.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

25 MRS MARINO: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the:
   (a) importance of educating and protecting our children in the online space; and
   (b) work of the Australian Federal Police through the ThinkUKnow program, a free, evidence based cyber safety program, to provide educational presentations to parents, carers and teachers, and students across Australia;

(2) congratulates the Australian Government on passing the Criminal Code Amendment (Protecting Minors Online) Act 2017, also known as Carly’s Law, which targets online predators preparing or planning to cause harm to, procure or engage in sexual activity with a child; and

(3) recognises the new law is a testament to Sonya Ryan, who has advocated for this since her 15 year old daughter Carly was murdered a decade ago by an online predator posing as a teenage boy.

(Notice given 17 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

26 MR ALBANESE: To move—That this House:

(1) declares:
   (a) its support for the vital work performed each and every day by the highly trained professionals providing aviation rescue and fire fighting (ARFF) services to ensure the safety of the flying public;
   (b) that the ARFF service is particularly important to the safe operation of airports in regional Australia where it also responds to non-aviation emergencies within its local communities; and
   (c) that the presence of the ARFF service is key to safeguarding the safety and security at major metropolitan and regional airports around the country, which is critical for international and domestic tourism; and
(2) calls on the Government to reject any proposal to increase the threshold for the provision of ARFF services at airports from the existing 350,000 passenger movements annually, noting that this would preclude the establishment of these services at Proserpine Whitsunday Coast Airport and lead to the removal of these services from the following regional communities: Ballina; Coffs Harbour; Ayres Rock; Gladstone; Hamilton Island; Broome; Karratha; Newman; and Port Hedland.

(Notice given 19 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

27 MS HUSAR: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that the 16 Days of Activism against Gender-Based Violence Campaign (Campaign) will be from 25 November to 10 December, coinciding with Human Rights Day;

(2) recognises the importance of community awareness and action to prevent violence against women;

(3) encourages all Australians to commit to eliminate violence against women;

(4) understands that:

(a) on average at least one woman a week is killed by a current or former partner in Australia;

(b) one in three Australian women has experienced physical violence, since the age of 15; and

(c) one in five Australian women has experienced sexual violence;

(5) acknowledges the:

(a) impact of violence on the safety of women and our communities; and

(b) high cost to the Australian economy of violence against women, estimated at $21.7 billion per year; and

(6) asks all Members to show their support to committing to action in the Campaign.

(Notice given 23 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

28 MS SHARKIE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the Australian Youth Affairs Coalition (AYAC) was established in 2002 as a body to give a national voice to the rights and interests of young people in national policy, provide the most comprehensive access to the full demographic of young people, and contribute to improving national youth services;

(b) in 2008 the Government began funding AYAC, with it receiving $534,748 in Commonwealth funding in 2013;

(c) despite being an important link between young people and the Government, funding for AYAC ceased under the Government’s 2014 budget;

(d) the 2014 funding cut has left Australia’s approximately four and a half million young people without a voice in national policy and contributed to a growing lack of confidence in government amongst young people, despite strong desires to be engaged in politics, due to a perceived lack of influence, resulting in young people seeking new methods of political engagement or disengaging with politics altogether;

(e) growing evidence suggests that young people face entrenched disadvantage, including lower standards of living and poorer outcomes than those enjoyed by the generation before them, evident in low youth employment levels and disparities in the housing market;

(f) the lack of stable and ongoing funding from the Government for a peak body for youth affairs directly contradicts Australia’s commitment to upholding the rights and best interests of young people, as ratified in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child;

(g) on 26 June 2016 at the Liberal Party of Australia’s campaign launch, the Prime Minister stated that ‘as we build a stronger economy, it is vital that we also do all we can to ensure all Australians, especially young Australians, are not left behind’;

(h) the Government’s failure to fund a national peak body for youth affairs constitutes a failure to recognise and respect not only the ability of young people to contribute to national policy, but the legitimacy of the rights and interests of young people; and
(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) recognise the rights and interests of young people in national policy by providing $600,000 in funding to AYAC in 2017-18 to support the operation of its networking secretariat; and

(b) guarantee ongoing funding for AYAC as a commitment to the right of young people to be involved in the decisions that affect them.

(Notice given 23 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

29 MS VAMVAKINOU: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) Amnesty International has evidence that hundreds of Rohingya women, men and children have been killed since the escalation of a violent assault in Northern Arakan/Rakhine State, Myanmar, since 25 August 2017;

(b) the United Nations has estimated that since August 2017, over 589,000 Rohingyas have been forced to flee to refugee camps in Bangladesh;

(c) there are at least another 20,000 Rohingyas being detained at the borders;

(d) the United Nations Human Rights Council has witnessed accounts and heard testimonies of the Myanmar security force setting villages on fire and injuring, torturing, raping, killing and executing innocent victims;

(e) 214 villages have been destroyed through fire and will be taken over by the Myanmar Government because burnt land becomes government-managed land;

(f) the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, Prince Zeid Ra’ad al-Hussein, has called these government attacks ‘a textbook example of ethnic cleansing’;

(g) approximately 600,000 people are still deadlocked inside Rakhine State with limited access to food, medical care or humanitarian assistance;

(h) despite the history of the Rohingya Muslims in the Rakhine region extending back the post-colonial era, this community has been denied citizenship and most basic government services under since 1982; and

(i) the treatment of Rohingya Muslims in the Rakhine region is an issue that deeply concerns the Australian community; and

(2) urges:

(a) the Government of Myanmar to:

(i) recommit to the pursuit of peace and national reconciliation; and

(ii) allow access to all parts of Rakhine State to allow for the provision of humanitarian aid;

(b) the Australian Minister for Foreign Affairs to:

(i) do everything in her power to help alleviate the suffering in Rakhine State;

(ii) lead the push for a strong United Nations General Assembly Resolution on the violence in Rakhine State, and

(iii) work to establish an independent United Nations investigation into human rights abuses in Myanmar; and

(c) the Australian Government to:

(i) support unimpeded humanitarian access to the Rohingya population;

(ii) maintain pressure on the Myanmar Government, particularly the military and security forces, by condemning the persecution, attacks, killings and human rights abuses of the Rohingyas; and

(iii) stand up for the moderate voices in Myanmar which are being widely suppressed by the threat of persecution by the Myanmar military.

(Notice given 23 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
30 **MR M. C. BUTLER:** To move—That this House:

(1) recognises:
   (a) the role of Australia in helping to broker the Paris Peace Accords (PPA); and
   (b) that one of the core promises of the PPA was to provide the Cambodian people with free and fair elections;

(2) expresses serious concerns about:
   (a) political suppression in Cambodia, including the closure of media outlets such as the Cambodia Daily; and
   (b) the arrest and trial of the Cambodia National Rescue Party (CNRP) leader, Kem Sokha, arising from a speech he delivered in Australia in 2013;

(3) calls for:
   (a) the immediate release of Kem Sokha from detention and the removal of restrictions on civil society; and
   (b) greater transparency and assurance of due process in proceedings against political prisoners and dissidents;

(4) condemns the move to disband the CNRP and redistribute seats to minor parties without by-elections;

(5) expresses serious concerns about the timing of the actions against the CNRP and Kem Sokha in light of the impending 2018 general election; and

(6) calls upon the Australian Government to impress upon the Cambodian Government the importance of free and fair elections for the Cambodian people.

*Notice given 24 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.*

31 **MS L. M. CHESTERS:** To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) National Asbestos Awareness Week is 27 November to 1 December;
   (b) as part of this year’s events, the Australian Government Asbestos Safety and Eradication Agency (Agency) is holding the Asbestos Safety and Eradication Summit (Summit) in Canberra;
   (c) this year’s Summit will focus on debate on Australia’s next National Strategic Plan to eliminate asbestos nationwide;
   (d) the Agency has raised concerns over workplace safety following the 100 workers who were exposed to asbestos while working on the Sydney Opera House renovation in July 2017;
   (e) it is unclear how many further building sites across Australia contain asbestos or how many workers are unknowingly exposed to asbestos each day; and
   (f) the Agency advised the Senate Economics References Committee’s inquiry into non-conforming building products that building products containing asbestos are being imported to Australia contrary to Australian law;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) Australia has one of the highest rates of asbestos related deaths and injury in the world, with 33,000 people already having lost their lives to asbestos;
   (b) around 700 Australians die each year from asbestos related diseases, and without proper management experts worry that tens of thousands of Australians could be diagnosed with asbestos related diseases in the coming decades; and
   (c) experts believe that 20,000 to 25,000 Australians will die from asbestos or asbestos related illnesses before the end of this century;

(3) condemns the Government’s inaction and silence on the dangers of asbestos, despite warnings provided to the Senate inquiry; and

(4) calls on the Government to:
   (a) give greater importance to stopping asbestos importers at the border and immediately increase the penalties for illegal asbestos contamination on Australian building sites; and
(b) create greater transparency and accountability between the Australian Border Force and the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission in their dealings with asbestos related importations.

(Notice given 24 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

32 MR BANDT: To present a Bill for an Act to amend the Fair Work Act 2009, and for related purposes.

(Fair Work Amendment (Improving National Employment Standards) Bill 2017)

(Notice given 24 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

33 MR VAN MANEN: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the importance of the trade and economic relationship between Australia and Japan;
(2) welcomes the sixty year anniversary since the signing of the Australia-Japan Agreement on Commerce;
(3) notes the significant opportunities offered by the Japan-Australia Economic Partnership Agreement for Australian exporters;
(4) recognises and celebrates the significant role of Japanese investment in Australia’s economy, noting that this investment is creating and supporting Australian jobs;
(5) notes the ongoing cooperation and commitment between Australia and Japan to open markets and a strong, rules-based global trading system; and
(6) encourages the Australian Government to continue its economic cooperation with Japan to the mutual benefit of both countries, to create jobs and support prosperity in both our nations.

(Notice given 24 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

34 MS MCGOWAN: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) among 15 rural research and development corporations which receive statutory levies partly matched by the Commonwealth, the representation of women is no higher than 44 per cent, is as low as 11 per cent, and averages 26 per cent;
(b) the Australian Institute of Company Directors (Institute) says its quest for 30 per cent female representation across ASX 200 boards by 2018 has stalled;
(c) the Institute’s latest gender diversity report shows that as of 31 August 2017 there were 25.4 per cent female directors, only marginally higher than the 25.3 per cent reached at the end of 2016;
(d) at the time of the publication of the Institute’s latest gender diversity report, 11 ASX 200 companies had no women on their boards; and
(e) the Institute says that the Government may be forced to intervene with quotas to force companies to appoint more female directors;

(2) acknowledges the Diversity in Agriculture Leadership Program (Program) initiative launched by the National Farmers’ Federation and AACo on 15 October 2017, which asks organisations to commit to auditing the gender diversity within their leadership teams and pledge to make ‘meaningful change’ towards achieving enhanced gender equality; and

(3) calls on the:

(a) Government to support the Program and similar initiatives to ensure that companies appoint more female directors; and
(b) Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources to outline to the Parliament a plan to increase the representation of women to a minimum of 30 per cent on all agricultural boards over which the Government has some level of influence, including rural research and development corporations, agricultural committees, panels and councils.

(Notice given 24 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
35 **MS LAMB:** To move—That this House:

(1) notes that increasingly, employers are getting away with using a small cohort of employees to vote up inferior enterprise agreements, which are then used to reduce the pay and conditions of other much larger and very different workforces;

(2) welcomes the announcement by the Shadow Minister for Employment and Workplace Relations on 18 October 2017 at the National Press Club that a Labor government will ensure that collective bargaining is not undermined by sham collective agreements;

(3) notes that Labor’s plan will protect workers from exploitative collective agreements by changing the law to:

(a) ensure that workers who vote on an agreement must be broadly representative of those to be covered by the agreement, which will prevent for example, short term casual workers from reaching agreements on terms that bind permanent workers, and workers in one place from reaching agreements that cover people employed in different locations; and

(b) allow workers and unions to apply to the Fair Work Commission to renegotiate enterprise agreements; and

(4) notes the Government’s inaction regarding the use of sham collective agreements.

*(Notice given 25 October 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)*

36 **MR THISTLETHWAITE:** To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:

(a) the Australian General Strike of 1917 was a mass political and social action by working people starting on the NSW railways;

(b) the strike lasted for approximately six to eight weeks and involved over 100,000 workers;

(c) the 100th anniversary of the beginning of the strike was on 2 August 2017; and

(d) Australia’s largest strike began at the Randwick Tramways Depot which shaped the labour movement for decades to come and involved many of the amazing leaders who would mould this nation into the country it is today, including Ben Chifley, Doc Evatt, Bill McKell, Eddie Ward, Joe Cahill and Jack Lang;

(2) notes with regret the shooting and killing of Mervyn Flanagan during the strike, in particular:

(a) Mr Flanagan was a striking carter;

(b) on 30 August 1917 on Pyrmont Bridge Road in Camperdown, Mr Flanagan was shot dead;

(c) Mr Flanagan was with his brother James Flanagan and friend Henry Williams, who was also shot but not killed;

(d) the man who fired the shots was Reginald Wearne—a stock and station agent and a strike-breaker shipped in from Bingara and the brother of a powerful conservative state politician;

(e) a Coroner’s inquest finding saw manslaughter charges withdrawn; and

(f) the victim’s brother and Mr Williams were each jailed for three months, while Mr Wearne walked free;

(3) congratulates the organisers of the 100th anniversary celebrations including Unions NSW, the Rail Tram and Bus Union, the Maritime Union of Australia, the Australian Workers’ Union, the Carriage works and the Hon. John Graham MLC; and

(4) recognises that:

(a) although the dispute began as a result of significant industrial tensions between rail workers and the (then) NSW Office of the Chief Commissioner of Railways and Tramways, the root causes of the action can be found by looking deeper, including:

(i) class tensions building throughout the first world war;

(ii) a fall in real wages of approximately 30 per cent in the five years following 1914; and

(iii) attempts to introduce conscription; and

(b) while this strike action happened 100 years ago this year, the message of the workers involved still rings loud to this day.

*(Notice given 4 December 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)*
MR HILL: To move—That this House:

(1) affirms the importance of strong and effective pharmacovigilance;
(2) notes that the rates of death due to complications of medical and surgical care are increasing, with drugs, medicaments and biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic uses leading to 40 deaths in 2016 and 60 deaths in 2017;
(3) notes that there are many areas for improvement in Australia’s overall pharmacovigilance regime, in particular that:
   (a) the reported rates of clinical prescribing errors can range from 0.14 to 1.5 per patient while the rate of consumer reporting is only 4 per cent (654) of all reports submitted;
   (b) decision-making in respect of medications has little clinical pharmacy oversight;
   (c) as only limited information is available to community pharmacists, advice to patients regarding potential risks and pharmacological or non-pharmacological alternatives is likewise limited;
   (d) drugs can be Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA) approved for one purpose but be prescribed for another, ie, Diane-35 is a TGA approved drug but is not approved as a contraceptive;
   (e) while off-label use of medications is the prescriber’s responsibility, the system does not ensure that approved pharmacological options are exhausted first;
   (f) the TGA relies on drug sponsors to apply for changes in or extensions to the approved indication and does not proactively monitor post-marketing quality of usage, except known high-risk drugs through Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) data or where there has been a number or cluster of reported sentinel events; and
   (g) there is therefore limited or no oversight of TGA approved medications that are not subsidised through the PBS;
(4) welcomes the TGA’s black triangle system for new medicines, whereby a black triangle symbol is added at the top of the product information and consumer medicines information to advise consumers of additional product monitoring by regulatory authorities;
(5) notes the:
   (a) likely benefits of promoting this initiative to health professionals and consumers, given considerable under-reporting of adverse effects; and
   (b) opportunity to consider extending this system to over-the-counter and complementary medicines where concerns exist about under-reported side effects, off-label prescriptions, etc; and
(6) welcomes advice and contributions from regulatory agencies, professional bodies and the Government to guide the way for change.

(Notice given 4 December 2017. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

Orders of the day

1 PUBLIC SERVICE AMENDMENT (SUPPORTING A REGIONAL WORKFORCE) BILL 2017
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

2 DECENTRALISATION: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Ms Brodtmann—
   That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) Canberra was established to be the Commonwealth seat of Government, administration and policy support;
      (b) more than 60 per cent of the Australian Public Service is located outside of Canberra, serving the needs of communities around Australia; and
      (c) the proposed relocation of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority from Canberra to Armidale demonstrates the adverse impact of the Government’s ad hoc decentralisation decisions on the Canberra community and economy and effective and efficient government; and
calls on the Government to:

(a) commit to a cost-benefit analysis of its proposed decentralisation strategy and make the outcome of that analysis available to the public;

(b) agree that:

(i) decisions regarding decentralisation should only be made subject to an open and transparent public consultation process and take into account the outcome of a cost benefit analysis; and

(ii) any decentralisation of Government agencies is based on a demonstrated net benefit to the nation and does not come at the expense of the Canberra community and economy and effective and efficient government; and

(c) protect the Sir Robert Menzies vision of Canberra as the Commonwealth seat of Government, administration and policy support and a ‘worthy capital’ that Australians can admire and respect.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

3 CYCLONE DEBBIE: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Hogan—That this House:

(1) recognises the widespread devastation in Lismore caused by flooding associated with Cyclone Debbie;

(2) acknowledges the hard work of the state emergency services, rural fire services, police, fire brigades and Australian Defence Force and other emergency services in responding to the recent flooding and damage caused by Cyclone Debbie in numerous communities in Northern NSW and Queensland; and

(3) congratulates the Australian Government, in conjunction with the NSW and Queensland governments, on their swift response to this event.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

5 BUSINESSES AND COMMUNICATIONS BY POST FEE: Resumption of debate (from 29 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Hammond—That this House:

(1) notes:

(a) the rapid increase in the use of electronic communication technology in recent decades, including in commerce;

(b) that access to electronic communication technology differs between Australians, and is often related to income, age, education level and remoteness;

(c) that not all Australians have the skills and infrastructure to communicate effectively via electronic channels;

(d) that many businesses, including banks, telecommunications companies and utilities, charge consumers an extra fee to receive communications via post; and

(e) that often the fee charged by companies to receive communications by post are intended as a disincentive, and do not represent the actual cost incurred by the company; and

(2) calls on the Government to bring forward legislation that will give consumers the right to receive communications from companies by post for no extra fee.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
6 BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION OF INQUIRY BILL 2017 (Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 15 June 2017—Mr Hawke, in continuation) on the motion—That the Bill be made an order of the day for the next sitting—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Burke, viz.—That the words “the next sitting” be omitted with a view to substituting “14 August 2017, where it shall be the first item of private Members’ business, and if the second reading debate has concluded on 14 August 2017, the bill be called on immediately for its third reading as the first item of private Members’ business on 4 September 2017, and on each day it shall be permitted for the debate to conclude and the question to be put.”.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

8 COMPETITION AND CONSUMER AMENDMENT (PAPER BILLS AND STATEMENTS) BILL 2017 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

9 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (PROTECTING TAKE HOME PAY OF ALL WORKERS) BILL 2017 (Mr Christensen): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018. On 22 June 2017, the Selection Committee made a determination that this Bill be referred to the Standing Committee on Employment, Education and Training.)

10 JOBS IN WHYALLA: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Ramsey—That this House:

(1) expresses its support of Adani’s decision to purchase $74 million worth of steel rail from Arrium’s Whyalla steel works;

(2) recognises that the:
   (a) order will help sustain jobs in South Australia and particularly in Whyalla;
   (b) extra work comes at a vital time in the process of selling the Arrium business; and
   (c) Arrium business in Whyalla is vital to the city’s future and loss of this order would have a material impact on its future;

(3) rejects any further:
   (a) attempts to delay the Adani project which was taken by both the Queensland and Commonwealth governments to their respective constituencies prior to their last elections; and
   (b) delays which threaten the jobs of workers in Whyalla; and

(4) condemns actions that threaten Australian manufacturing jobs.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
13 MURRAY-DARLING BASIN PLAN: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Ms Rishworth—That this House:

(1) recognises the importance of the Murray-Darling Basin Plan (MDBP) in returning the rivers to health;
(2) condemns any plans to walk away from the MDBP that will undermine the health of the system and the rivers;
(3) notes the good work of the Member for Watson in his former role as the Minister for Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities, who was able to deliver a once in a century agreement of the MDBP;
(4) expresses concern that the Member for New England, as the Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources, is walking away from the plan by refusing to return 450 gigalitres of water to the Basin;
(5) recognises that:
   (a) removing too much water from the river is bad for irrigators and communities, and devastating for the environment in the long term; and
   (b) South Australians in particular deserve the water they were promised; and
(6) reinstates its commitment to implement the complete MDBP.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

14 TELECOMMUNICATIONS AMENDMENT (GUARANTEEING MOBILE PHONE SERVICE IN BUSHFIRE ZONES) BILL 2017 (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

16 COMMISSION OF INQUIRY (COAL SEAM GAS) BILL 2017 (Mr Katter): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

17 NORTHERN ADELAIDE IRRIGATION SCHEME: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Champion—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that the Northern Adelaide Irrigation Scheme (NAIS) has the potential to create 3,700 jobs for northern Adelaide and add more than $500 million a year to the State’s economy; and
(2) calls on the Government to immediately commit to provide the $45.6 million in funding required by the South Australian Government for the NAIS to proceed.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

18 AUSTRALIAN AID: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Perrett—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that Australia has a significant role in assisting countries to reduce poverty and achieve inclusive prosperity through its international aid;
(2) recognises that:
   (a) every year Australian aid improves the lives of millions of people around the globe;
   (b) Australia is playing a leading role in international initiatives such as the Asia Pacific Leaders Malaria Alliance; and
   (c) Australia has played an important role in having the G20 Health Ministers commit to action on drug-resistant tuberculosis and the World Health Assembly endorsing action to accelerate access to vaccines;
(3) notes that:
   (a) while the global community is making progress towards ending poverty, hunger and the worst epidemics, the world is facing multiple challenges of war, poverty, hunger, displaced people and climate change;
   (b) in the Asia-Pacific region, 330 million people live in extreme poverty, 1.5 billion people lack access to safe sanitation, and one in 7 people suffer from malnutrition; and
   (c) Australia is one of 194 countries which have endorsed the Agenda for Sustainable Development, which sets out 17 goals to eliminate poverty, improve health and achieve inclusive economic and social development; and

(4) calls on the Government to:
   (a) set clear long term goals for the Australian aid program, consistent with our interests in supporting sustainable economic development, health security and poverty reduction for countries throughout our region in the forthcoming Foreign Policy White Paper, which has received more than 9,000 public submissions on a range of issues, including our aid commitments;
   (b) commit to consideration of increasing Australian aid in real terms in the next four years, to support achieving these goals;
   (c) build understanding within the Australian community of the work that has been achieved through Australian aid, to lift our national pride in our contribution to the world; and
   (d) expand opportunities for everyday Australians to contribute in practical ways to regional development, through short work parties to exchange agricultural and practical skills in developing countries.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

23 ISRAEL: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017—Mrs Prentice) on the motion of Mr Robert—That this House:
   (1) supports the right of Israel to defend its citizens against terrorist attacks by organisations or by individuals;
   (2) calls on the Palestinian Authority to cease incitement of its population to attack Israel and Israelis;
   (3) further calls on the Palestinian Authority to take seriously the task of educating its people on the options, process and potential for peace;
   (4) urges the Palestinian Authority to abide by the Oslo Accords and specifically to cease attacking Israel in an unfounded manner in international forums;
   (5) further urges the Israel and the Palestinian Authority to return to negotiations in good faith and without preconditions;
   (6) acknowledges and affirms the Jewish connection to the Jewish holy sites in Jerusalem and elsewhere in Israel; and
(7) condemns the Boycott, Divestment, Sanctions movement as inherently anti-Semitic and calls on all Australian political parties and institutions to disavow it.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

25 COMPETITION AND CONSUMER LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (SMALL BUSINESS ACCESS TO JUSTICE) BILL 2017 (Dr Leigh): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

26 AUSTRALIA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:

(1) recognises the strong historic relationship that exists between Australia and the United States of America;

(2) acknowledges the Australia, New Zealand, United States Security Treaty, which for the past 65 years has provided for our mutual defence, anchored regional stability, and spurred economic growth;

(3) notes the many ties that bind our nations together, in areas including:

   (a) intelligence and law enforcement, where information sharing and coordination are at all-time highs, which has led to the prevention of far more terrorist attacks than have occurred;

   (b) security cooperation, in which Australia has made valuable contributions in the past 15 years to the United States-led campaigns against terror in Afghanistan, Iraq and across the Middle East, noting as well that the United States Force Posture Initiatives in Australia, launched in 2012, have and will continue to enhance the readiness and interoperability of our militaries;

   (c) trade, with the Australia-United States Free Trade Agreement in particular having expanded the flow of fair, free, and high-standard trade between our countries for 12 years;

   (d) investment, recognising that the United States is Australia’s largest foreign investor, and the top destination for Australian investment, with mutual investment by the United States and Australia in each other’s economies having grown to nearly AUD$2 trillion; and

   (e) political engagement, including the frequent exchange of politicians, officials and dignitaries between our nations, recognising in particular that over the last three years alone, the President, Vice President, and half of the President’s cabinet has visited Australia, as well as more than 100 congressional delegations and prominent United States governors; and

(4) affirms that our nations’ mutual and long-standing commitment to freedom, democracy and the pursuit of happiness will continue to guide and shape our relationship into the future, through both challenging and prosperous times ahead.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

27 CATHETER ABLATION: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Dr Freelander—that this House:

(1) acknowledges the outstanding work of hearts4hearts and its CEO Ms Tanya Hall in promoting awareness and improved treatment of cardiac arrhythmias;

(2) notes that:

   (a) atrial fibrillation affects at least 500,000 Australians and comes with high risk of stroke and heart failure with conventional treatments;

   (b) while many cardiovascular conditions have declined in mortality rates in the past years, the mortality rates for atrial fibrillation have almost doubled in the last two decades;

   (c) catheter ablation is the acknowledged best practice treatment;

   (d) there are long waiting lists for catheter ablation in the public hospital system and the treatment is not listed on the Prostheses List; and

   (e) up to 40,000 Australians could benefit from catheter ablation, including 13,000 on private health insurance; and
welcomes the recent announcement by the Minister for Health that the Government will consider changes to Prostheses List processes in order to account for catheter ablation and other non-implantable devices, but calls on the Minister to provide further details on this announcement, including a clear time line for implementation.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

MEDICINAL CANNABIS LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (SECURING PATIENT ACCESS) BILL 2017 (from Senate): Second reading (from 19 October 2017).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

WHITE RIBBON DAY: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

(1) notes that 25 November 2017 is White Ribbon Day (WRD), the United Nations’ symbol of the International Day for the Elimination of Violence Against Women;
(2) recognises that WRD aims to prevent violence against women by increasing public awareness and challenging attitudes and behaviours that allow violence to continue;
(3) encourages all Australian men to join the ‘My Oath Campaign’ and take the oath: ‘I swear never to commit, excuse or remain silent about violence against women’;
(4) understands that:
   (a) one in three women have experienced physical and/or sexual violence perpetrated by someone known to them;
   (b) each week approximately one woman is killed by a current or former partner; and
   (c) domestic and family violence is the principle cause of homelessness for women and their children;
(5) acknowledges the high economic cost of violence against women, which is estimated to cost the Australian economy $21.7 billion a year; and
(6) asks all Members to show their support for the principles of WRD by taking the oath and wearing a white ribbon or wristband on the day.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

TADEUSZ KOŚCIEUSZKO: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Falinski—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) 15 October 2017 marks the 200th anniversary of the death of Tadeusz Kosciuszko; and
   (b) on 22 June 2016 the Polish Sejm (the lower chamber of Polish Parliament) adopted a special resolution proclaiming 2017 ‘The Year of Tadeusz Kosciuszko’, leading to world wide celebrations under the patronage of UNESCO;
(2) recognises Tadeusz Kosciuszko as an indomitable fighter for the universal values of freedom, liberty and equality;
(3) acknowledges the importance of Tadeusz Kosciuszko to the 180,000 strong Polish community in Australia, marked by our naming of the highest mountain on Australian mainland after him; and
(4) recognises the work of Kosciuszko Heritage Inc. whose mission is to promote Kosciuszko in Australia, and to organise activities aimed at commemorating this Polish national hero.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
MARRIAGE AMENDMENT (DEFINITION AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOMS) BILL 2017 (Mr Entsch); Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2017—Mr Keogh, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Abbott, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House notes that it is vital that individuals and entities are not disadvantaged nor suffer any adverse effects as a result of conscientiously holding a particular view of the nature of marriage.”.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS has precedence each Monday in the House of Representatives Chamber from 10.10 am to 12 noon; and in the Federation Chamber from 11 am to 1.30 pm and 4.45 pm to 7.30 pm (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS has precedence from the conclusion of consideration of committee and delegation business each Monday (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

The SELECTION COMMITTEE is responsible for arranging the timetable and order of committee and delegation business and private Members’ business for each sitting Monday. Any private Members’ business not called on, or consideration of private Members’ business or committee and delegation business which has been interrupted and not re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays, shall be removed from the Notice Paper (standing order 42).
BUSINESS OF THE FEDERATION CHAMBER

Wednesday, 6 December 2017

The Federation Chamber meets at 10 am

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 DEATH OF THE HONOURABLE WALLACE CLYDE (WAL) FIFE—CONDOLENCE MOTION: Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2017—Mr McCormack, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Turnbull.

COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—INTERIM REPORT: LEGAL FOUNDATIONS OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 4 December 2017) on the motion of Mr K. J. Andrews—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—continued

Orders of the day—continued

2 RESPONSE TO SENATE FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE REFERENCES COMMITTEE’S REPORT ON THE INQUIRY INTO SUICIDE BY VETERANS AND EX-SERVICE PERSONNEL—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 4 December 2017—Mr K. J. Andrews) on the motion of Mr Tehan—That the House take note of the document.

3 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (ENTERPRISE TAX PLAN NO. 2) BILL 2017 (Treasurer): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 October 2017—Mr L. S. O’Brien) on the motion of Mr Morrison—That the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Bowen, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “the House declines to give this bill a second reading as:

(1) this significant structural deterioration in the Budget is unaffordable;
(2) the Government has prioritised giving millionaires and big business tax cuts, and raising income taxes on workers earning above $21,000, over saving penalty rates; and
(3) the Government has failed to deliver any economic leadership”.

4 VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 16 August 2017—Ms Flint) on the motion of Mr C. A. S. Laundy—That the House take note of the document.

5 CONCLUSION OF THE REGIONAL ASSISTANCE MISSION TO SOLOMON ISLANDS—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 August 2017—Mr Entsch) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

6 NATIONAL SECURITY UPDATE TO PARLIAMENT—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 13 June 2017—Mr Burke) on the motion of Dr Gillespie—That the House take note of the document.

7 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 1967 REFERENDUM AND 25TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MABO HIGH COURT DECISION—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 8 August 2017—Mr Hastie) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

8 LAST VETERANS’ MISSION TO KOREA—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 28 March 2017—Mrs Wicks) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.
9 AGREEMENT TO AMEND THE SINGAPORE-AUSTRALIA FREE TRADE AGREEMENT—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 March 2017—Mr Falinski) on the motion of Mr Ciobo—That the House take note of the document.

10 RECENT MILITARY COMMEMORATIONS—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 March 2017—Mr Crewther) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

11 CLOSING THE GAP—PRIME MINISTER'S REPORT 2017—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 February 2017) on the motion of Mr C. A. S. Laundy—That the House take note of the document.

12 AUDITOR-GENERAL—AUDIT REPORT NO. 38 OF 2016-2017—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 February 2017—Mr Albanese, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

13 DOMESTIC AND FAMILY VIOLENCE: Resumption of debate (from 30 November 2016—Mr Littleproud) on the motion of Mr Turnbull—That the Parliament:
   (1) acknowledge that violence against women is a national issue that requires a whole of community response;
   (2) acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women are 34 times more likely to experience violence;
   (3) call on all men to take action, call out violence, and link arms and say ‘No More’ to domestic violence; and
   (4) stand united in its commitment to eliminate violence against women.

14 INFRASTRUCTURE—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 30 November 2016—Mr Morton) on the motion of Mr Fletcher—That the House take note of the document.

15 INVESTMENT—WORKING IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 24 November 2016—Mr Drum) on the motion of Mr Ciobo—That the House take note of the document.

16 NATIONAL SECURITY—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 23 November 2016—Mr Drum) on the motion of Ms Ley—That the House take note of the document.

17 EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL AUSTRALIANS: Resumption of debate (from 23 November 2016—Mr Alexander) on the motion of Mr Turnbull—That this House:
   (1) reaffirms its commitment to the right of all Australians to enjoy equal rights and be treated with equal respect regardless of race, colour, creed or origin;
   (2) reaffirms its commitment to maintaining an immigration policy wholly non-discriminatory on grounds of race, colour, creed or origin;
   (3) reaffirms its commitment to the process of reconciliation with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, in the context of redressing their profound social and economic disadvantage;
   (4) reaffirms its commitment to maintaining Australia as a culturally diverse, tolerant and open society, united by an overriding commitment to our nation, and its democratic institutions and values; and
   (5) denounces racial intolerance in any form as incompatible with the kind of society we are and want to be.

18 NATIONAL SECURITY—STATEMENT BY THE PRIME MINISTER, 1 SEPTEMBER 2016—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 12 September 2016) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

19 GRIEVANCE DEBATE: Question—That grievances be noted—Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2017).
Orders of the day—continued


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

3 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—PROVISION OF HEARING SERVICES UNDER THE NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2017) on the motion of Mr K. J. Andrews—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

4 NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—THE ROLLOUT OF THE NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK (1ST REPORT OF THE 45TH PARLIAMENT)—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Ley—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

5 PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT—JOINT COMMITTEE—REPORT 465: COMMONWEALTH PROCUREMENT—INQUIRY BASED ON AUDITOR-GENERAL’S REPORTS 1, 13 AND 16 (2016-17)—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Hill—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

6 HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT—STANDING COMMITTEE—STILL WAITING TO BE HEARD: REPORT ON THE INQUIRY INTO THE HEARING HEALTH AND WELLBEING OF AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 14 September 2017—Mr Leeser) on the motion of Mr Zimmerman—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

7 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION, SCIENCE AND RESOURCES—STANDING COMMITTEE—SOCIAL ISSUES RELATING TO LAND-BASED AUTOMATED VEHICLES IN AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 12 September 2017—Mr Littleproud) on the motion of Ms M. L. Landry—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

8 PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT—JOINT COMMITTEE—REPORT 463: COMMONWEALTH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: INQUIRY BASED ON AUDITOR-GENERAL’S REPORT 33 (2016-17)—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 7 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Hill—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

9 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—MODERN SLAVERY AND GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAINS: INTERIM REPORT OF THE JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE’S INQUIRY INTO ESTABLISHING A MODERN SLAVERY ACT IN AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 6 September 2017—Mr T. R. Wilson) on the motion of Mr Crewther—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
RESOLUTION

(1) notes that:
   (a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and
   (b) the Government:
      (i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by
          the scourge of illicit drugs; and
      (ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to
           keep drugs off our streets;

Orders of the day

1 ILLICIT DRUGS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Morton—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and
      (b) the Government:
         (i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by
             the scourge of illicit drugs; and
         (ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to
              keep drugs off our streets;

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 ILLICIT DRUGS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Morton—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and
      (b) the Government:
         (i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by
             the scourge of illicit drugs; and
         (ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to
              keep drugs off our streets;

Orders of the day

1 ILLICIT DRUGS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Morton—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and
      (b) the Government:
         (i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by
             the scourge of illicit drugs; and
         (ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to
              keep drugs off our streets;

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 ILLICIT DRUGS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Morton—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and
      (b) the Government:
         (i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by
             the scourge of illicit drugs; and
         (ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to
              keep drugs off our streets;
acknowledges that Australian law enforcement officers continue to confront Australia’s drug market and combat the criminal syndicates that peddle illicit drugs; and

(3) calls on all Members to promote greater awareness of the harmful effects of illicit drugs on individuals and communities across Australia and support our law enforcement agencies in keeping drugs off our streets.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

2  CARERS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Claydon—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) 15 to 21 October 2017 is National Carers Week and that it is estimated that there are 2.7 million carers who provide care and support to a family member or friend with a disability, mental illness, chronic condition, terminal illness, or who is frail aged in Australia; and
   (b) the theme for National Carers Week is ‘Carers Count’;

(2) acknowledges the significant contribution that carers make to the Australian community, saving the nation an estimated $60 billion per year; and

(3) recognises the incredible sacrifices carers make and the challenges they face including fewer employment options and a restricted capacity to participate in community life.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

3  WOMEN’S LEADERSHIP INITIATIVE: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Banks—That this House:

(1) welcomes the announcement by the Minister for Foreign Affairs at the United Nations General Assembly on 22 September 2017 of the Women’s Leadership Initiative (Initiative);

(2) notes that the Initiative is a five year program to support emerging women leaders in the Pacific and to help participants—selected from Australia Awards scholars—to fulfil their leadership potential and drive ideas and reforms in their communities;

(3) further notes that the Initiative is part of Australia’s partnership with Pacific Island countries to meet shared challenges and support a stable, secure and prosperous Pacific region;

(4) acknowledges that the Initiative will deepen our long standing relationship with our Pacific neighbours and see Pacific women mentored by successful female leaders, including Australian Indigenous leaders, private sector representatives and pioneering leaders from the Pacific; and

(5) recognises that the empowerment of women and girls is a priority for Australia’s development assistance and is fundamental to our increased engagement in the Pacific.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

4  HOLDEN: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Champion—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the important role Holden’s workforce has played in Holden Australia’s history including when it:
   (a) was established in 1856 by James Alexander Holden as a saddlery business;
   (b) became the exclusive supplier for General Motors in Australia in 1924;
   (c) built the first all-Australian motor vehicle in 1948, the FX Holden;
   (d) commenced construction on the current Holden site in Elizabeth, South Australia in 1958; and,
   (e) hosted Queen Elizabeth II at the Elizabeth plant in 1963;

(2) congratulates the current Holden workforce for its ongoing professionalism which has ensured the Holden Elizabeth plant remains General Motors’ top factory for quality globally; and

(3) acknowledges the role of Prime Minister Chifley and South Australian Premier Sir Thomas Playford in establishing the Australian automotive industry.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
5 SCHOOL FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the Government’s additional $23.5 billion investment in Australian schools over the next 10 years, on top of the 2016 budget, will deliver the real needs based funding that our students need to succeed;
   (b) this funding package will ensure that all students and schools are treated fairly and equitably, and that students with the same need in the same sector receive the same support from the Commonwealth; and
   (c) in the electoral division of Fisher this action by the Government will ensure that, for example, Glasshouse Christian College will receive an additional $28.5 million, Chancellor State College will receive an additional $24.6 million, and Meridan State College will receive an additional $23.5 million in funding over the next ten years;

(2) congratulates the Government on this major investment in Australia’s future and on delivering needs based funding into the school system;

(3) welcomes the Government’s action to ensure that this additional funding delivers improved results, through initiatives like the Review to Achieve Educational Excellence in Australian Schools, the Review into Regional, Rural and Remote Education, and the Teacher Performance Assessment; and

(4) encourages the Government to continue its focus on improving educational outcomes and ensuring that school funding is well spent, particularly in regional areas such as the Sunshine Coast.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

6 ELEPHANT IVORY AND RHINOCEROS HORN BAN: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Wood—That this House:

(1) welcomes and congratulates the Government for banning the importation of African lion hunting trophies and its participation in helping end the practice of canned hunting;

(2) acknowledges and commends the Government for its elephant ivory and rhinoceros horn ban for products produced after 1975 but recognises that these bans need to be implemented for all products produced prior to 1975 as well;

(3) notes that elephants and rhinoceroses are facing extinction due to poaching with:
   (a) one elephant dying every 15 minutes for its tusks;
   (b) one rhinoceros dying every 8 hours for its horn;
   (c) less than 400,000 African elephants remaining; and
   (d) less than 27,000 rhinoceroses remaining;

(4) notes with concern that we can still buy and sell elephant ivory and rhinoceros horn in Australia, which is part of the problem;

(5) notes the sadistic and cruel method poachers use when harvesting elephant ivory and rhinoceros horn;

(6) recognises that this ban is not about attacking legal hunters, it is about stopping illegal poaching and illegal trading in elephant ivory and rhinoceros horn; and

(7) calls on all governments to help Australia be part of the solution and prohibit the domestic trade of elephant ivory and rhinoceros horn, additionally to set up an infringement fine system, offense provisions and penalties.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

7 OFFSHORE PROCESSING OF ASYLUM SEEKERS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the planned closure of the regional processing centre on Manus Island in Papua New Guinea (PNG) on 31 October 2017 is creating a highly stressful situation for the 773 asylum seekers who remain on Manus Island;
   (b) the Australian Government is seeking to relocate people to East Lorengau or elsewhere in PNG ahead of the deadline;
there will be a withdrawal of current medical and mental health care, torture and trauma support and security services to detainees on 31 October;

(d) a UNHCR survey of the deterioration of the mental health of those on Manus Island and Nauru in May 2016 showed that more than 88 per cent of offshore detainees are suffering serious mental health issues after several years in detention; and

(e) there is enormous pressure on the detainees on Manus Island to relocate in PNG or return to where they fled, ahead of the deadline, whereas the UNHCR says a majority have been recognised as refugees who would qualify for resettlement; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) urgently find viable and humane solutions outside of PNG and Nauru for those remaining under offshore processing arrangements; and

(b) ensure all detainees are settled safely and with appropriate medical support prior to the 31 October closure of the Manus Island regional processing centre.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

8 NEW COLOMBO PLAN: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Flint—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the success of the New Colombo Plan (Plan);

(2) recognises that the Plan will have supported more than 30,000 Australian undergraduates to live, study and undertake internships in the Indo-Pacific by the end of 2018;

(3) welcomes the establishment of the Plan’s alumni ambassadors program, which will support the Plan’s alumnus from across the country to promote the value of engaging with the Indo-Pacific region;

(4) notes that numerous prime ministers, presidents and foreign ministers of the Indo-Pacific region have lauded the Plan as evidence of Australia’s commitment to building enduring relationships across the region; and

(5) recognises that the Plan is enhancing Asian literacy amongst Australian undergraduates, deepening Australia’s engagement in the region and strengthening Australia’s international education sector, which is one of our largest services export industries.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

9 ENDOMETRIOSIS: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Brodtmann—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) one in ten Australian women have endometriosis, a disease in which the tissue that is similar to the lining of the womb grows outside it in other parts of the body;

(b) there is a lack of understanding in the Australian community about endometriosis and the impact it has on women’s lives;

(c) the disease can lead to extreme pain, infertility and other complications related to the bowel, periods, headaches and a variety of other symptoms around the body;

(d) there is a delay in diagnosing endometriosis of up to seven to ten years because the symptoms are variable; and

(e) University of Sydney research has shown that endometriosis costs Australia $7.7 billion each year—two thirds of this is in lost productivity and the rest is in direct healthcare costs; and

(2) calls on the Australian Government to end the silence about endometriosis by raising awareness of the disease and its symptoms across Australia and promoting further research.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

10 COAL: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Christensen—That this House recognises:

(1) the long term global demand predictions for coal in providing reliable, secure and affordable baseload power;

(2) that power prices in Queensland have reached record highs, including up to $14,000 MW/H in January 2017;
(3) that the high cost of electricity supply in North Queensland has been a disincentive to business investment for many years, putting a strain on Australian businesses and households;

(4) that Australia has an abundance of high quality coal, better than in many countries around the world; and

(5) that Australia should utilise this natural advantage by maintaining its prominent role in providing secure, reliable and affordable energy, and that in order to do this, there should be a coal fired power station built in North Queensland.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

11 CLIMATE CHANGE: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Perrett—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the scientific consensus about climate change, and particularly the role of human activity in driving it, is undeniable;
   (b) the case for real and immediate action on climate change has never been stronger; and
   (c) renewable energy, when combined with storage, is the most economical method of creating new and reliable power;

(2) recognises that the:
   (a) decisions we make now concerning environment, climate and energy policy will have lasting and profound affects for the future; and
   (b) transition to a low carbon economy will provide significant opportunities for regional development; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) commit to:
      (i) utilising the Northern Australia Infrastructure Facility for investments that deliver real benefits to communities in Northern Australia, now and into the future; and
      (ii) a considered and integrated energy policy in Northern Queensland that actively supports the transition to a low carbon economy; and
   (b) recommit to protecting Australia’s marine resources, like the Great Barrier Reef, from modern and evolving threats, to ensure their economic benefits can be borne by future generations.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

12 MENTAL HEALTH: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) according to Australian Bureau of Statistics figures one in five Australians report having a mental or behavioural condition, while the prevalence is highest among people aged 18 to 24; and
   (b) data from the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare suggests that 54 per cent of people with a mental illness do not access treatment;

(2) congratulates the Government for its engagement with the mental health community and for its measures to support mental health in Australia including:
   (a) additional investment of $170 million in mental health programs in the 2017 budget including $80 million to maintain community psycho-social services for people with mental illness who are not eligible for the National Disability Insurance Scheme, $11.1 million to prevent suicide in specific locations where it is a frequent occurrence, $15 million to support mental health research initiatives such as the Thompson Institute on the Sunshine Coast and $50 million for mental illness prevention and support for serving Australian Defence Force members, veterans and their families; and
   (b) investment of:
      (i) $9.5 million to expand mental health first aid training in 14 high risk communities; and
      (ii) $9.1 million to support rural telehealth services for mental health and the appointment of the first National Rural Health Commissioner;
encourages the Government to continue this focused work and to seek additional ways to support the mental health of Australians; and

(4) further encourages anyone who believes that they might be suffering from a mental illness to seek immediate help from their General Practitioner or a qualified mental health practitioner.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

13 70TH ANNIVERSARY OF PEACEKEEPING: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Ms Rishworth—That this House:

(1) recognises:
   (a) 14 September 2017 marks the 70th anniversary of Australia’s involvement in international peacekeeping; and
   (b) the important and unique role peacekeepers and peacemakers provide in the transition from conflict to peace;

(2) notes that:
   (a) over 70,000 Australians have been involved in peacekeeping and humanitarian operations since 1947; and
   (b) Australia has had peacekeepers in the field with the United Nations continuously for over 50 years, through which:
      (i) peacekeeping has involved members of Australian Defence Force, civilians and Australian police;
      (ii) since 1964, Australian police have served in Cyprus and places as widely separated as Cambodia, Haiti, Mozambique, Bougainville and Timor; and
      (iii) peacekeepers are often at the centre of dangerous conflicts and are exposed to the impacts of war;

(3) recognises those who are on peacekeeping missions at the moment, as we assist the United Nations with its mission in the Republic of South Sudan and looks forward to their safe return;

(4) congratulates all those who have worked hard to deliver the new Australian Peacekeeping Memorial Project on Anzac Parade; and

(5) remembers and pays tribute to all those who have served Australia in peacekeeping operations, those who have been wounded and the 14 Australians who lost their lives whilst on peacekeeping operations.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

14 REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AUSTRALIA COMMITTEES IN VICTORIA: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Giles—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the good work of the Northern Melbourne Regional Development Australia (RDA) committee;

(2) condemns the Government for shutting down the Northern Melbourne RDA;

(3) recognises that Melbourne’s northern suburbs are a significant growth area, which has not received its fair share of vital infrastructure support under this Government and that this is adversely impacting on productivity and liveability; and

(4) calls on the Minister to reconsider amalgamating the RDA committees in Victoria.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

15 TRADE UNIONS: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that trade union malfeasance has cost taxpayers around 30 per cent, and possibly more, of their investment in recent infrastructure projects, and has led to widespread harm among Australian workers;

(2) welcomes the Government’s decisive and comprehensive program of measures to investigate, stamp out and punish union malfeasance, including:
   (a) the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2016;
(b) the Building and Construction Industry (Improving Productivity) Act 2016, which included the restored Australian Building and Construction Commission (ABCC), and the Building Code 2016; and

(c) the Fair Work Amendment (Corrupting Benefits) Act 2017;

(3) congratulates the Government on dealing with the scourge of union misbehaviour on Australian construction sites; and

(4) encourages the Government to continue to explore ways of eliminating unethical trade union practices and to provide all necessary legal and financial support to the ABCC in its work to investigate and punish illegality in the construction industry.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

16 FOOD, BEVERAGE AND GROCERY INDUSTRY: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Champion—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the important contribution that the Australian food, beverage and grocery industry and its workers make to the Australian economy including:

(a) creating over 300,000 Australian jobs;

(b) contributing over $125 billion in turnover; and

(c) exporting over $30 billion of products; and

(2) encourages the Government to work with the Australian food, beverage and grocery industry to ensure its continued success.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

17 STRONGER COMMUNITIES PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) applications are now open for Round Three of the Stronger Communities Programme (SCP);

(b) the SCP has:

(i) invested in thousands of worthwhile projects applied for by small community groups and organisations which would often not have received funding another way; and

(ii) had a positive impact on the lives of all kinds of Australians, supporting youth sporting clubs, community halls and clubhouses, surf lifesavers, aged and day care facilities among many more;

(2) welcomes the funding allocated to all successful projects under Rounds One and Two of the SCP, including the Caloundra Woodworking Club’s grant of $15,000 to enable the construction of an extension to their building and the grant of $8,700 to Caloundra Surf Club which enabled the purchase of an inflatable rescue boat;

(3) congratulates the Government for developing the SCP, for its ongoing commitment to building stronger and safer communities, and for investing a further $22.5 million in the 2017 budget to enable a third round of the SCP to proceed in 2017-18; and

(4) encourages local community groups across Australia to contact their Federal Member of Parliament to find out more about how to apply for a grant under the Stronger Communities Fund.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

18 CORAL BLEACHING: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2017) on the motion of Ms T. M. Butler—That this House:

(1) notes that the:

(a) last three years have seen an unprecedented global coral bleaching event which has had a devastating impact on many coral reefs ecosystems around the world, including our own Great Barrier Reef (GBR); and

(b) World Heritage Committee:

(i) met in early July in Poland and expressed its ‘utmost concern’ regarding the ‘serious impacts from coral bleaching that have affected World Heritage properties’; and
(ii) noted that the most widely reported impacts were on the GBR and called on all States Parties to undertake ‘the most ambitious implementation of the Paris Agreement’;

(2) recognises that:
   (a) the World Heritage Centre released the first global scientific assessment of the impact of climate change on World Heritage coral reefs;
   (b) the assessment found that it is a well established conclusion of international peer reviewed literature that limiting the global average temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels provides a chance of retaining coral-dominated communities for many reef locations around the globe;
   (c) the assessment also found that the GBR will start to experience severe coral bleaching twice per decade by 2035, a mere 18 years away; and
   (d) this frequency of bleaching will not allow coral reefs to recover, putting the survival of the GBR in danger along with the 64,000 jobs that are dependent on it; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) urgently adopt a clean energy target that is fully consistent with Australia’s obligations within the World Heritage Convention to protect the outstanding universal value of the GBR World Heritage area; and
   (b) abandon plans for a $1 billion loan through the Northern Australian Infrastructure Facility to Adani to help establish one of the world’s largest coal mines.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

19 REGIONAL UNIVERSITIES: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) regional universities:
      (i) play an active role in developing regional economies and contributing to the social and cultural development of their regions; and
      (ii) act as an anchor for investment and workforce development;
   (b) education is a major driver of economic development in regional Australia and should not be seen in isolation from other regional economic development issues;
   (c) one of the biggest threats to the sustainability of rural communities is a declining population of young people;
   (d) regional universities will educate the future regional workforce;
   (e) students who study in regional areas are more likely to stay in regional areas after they graduate;
   (f) the Regional Universities Network reports about three-quarters of those who study at regional universities stay in the regions to work and, by contrast, students who leave their communities to take up university studies in major cities are much less likely to return after graduating; and
   (g) the measures in the Government’s Higher Education Reform Package do not adequately consider the role of regional universities in educating the future workforce in regional communities and driving regional development; and

(2) calls on the Government to develop a National Regional Higher Education Strategy that:
   (a) considers the role of regional universities in educating the future workforce in regional communities and driving regional development; and
   (b) ensures regional higher education is prioritised and remains a focus of future governments.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

20 SMALL BUSINESSES AND GOVERNMENT DEFENCE CONTRACTS: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the Government’s record $200 billion investment in the Australian Defence Force (ADF) capabilities represents a unique opportunity for Australian businesses;
(b) many Australian businesses who first supplied defence materials to the Australian Government go on to export these products overseas; and
(c) Australia ranks thirteenth in the world for defence expenditure, but is only the twentieth largest exporter;
(2) congratulates the Government on its activities to date to encourage local small businesses to bid for Government defence contracts, including the 2016 Defence White Paper, and Integrated Investment Program, the Defence Industry Policy Statement and the Centre for Defence Industry Capability (CDIC);
(3) welcomes the Government’s efforts to develop a Defence Export Strategy to plan, guide and measure defence export outcomes that will support our foreign and trade policies, defence industry, defence capability and national security objectives; and
(4) encourages small and medium enterprises all over Australia to explore the opportunity to supply products and services for the ADF, and to contact the CDIC to learn more.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

21 MELANOMA AND LEGO SURF RESCUE PROJECT: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Ms Rowland—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) Australia has the highest incidence of melanoma in the world and that melanoma is the most common cancer in young Australians aged 15 to 39; and
   (b) LEGO is a world-renowned brand with a philosophy to foster imaginative and creative learning and development through play;
(2) congratulates Mr Damien MacRae and his seven year old son Aiden on creating an Australian sun smart beach themed LEGO project entitled ‘LEGO Surf Rescue’, which has reached the required 10,000 supporters for the LEGO Ideas review;
(3) recognises that:
   (a) Mr MacRae and his family have shown remarkable resilience and positivity, in spite of his terminal melanoma diagnosis, in highlighting the dangers of skin cancer and the importance of sun safety; and
   (b) the ‘LEGO Surf Rescue’ project:
      (i) demonstrates not only the importance of sun safety to reduce the risks of melanoma, but also highlights the importance of surf lifesaving and promotes healthy and active lifestyles for children; and
      (ii) would be the first set in LEGO history to feature figures wearing sunscreen; and
(4) calls on LEGO to support ‘LEGO Surf Rescue’, and to approve the project to become an official LEGO set.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

22 457 VISA PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Christensen—That this House:

(1) recognises the importance of the actions of this Government in abolishing the Temporary Work (Skilled) visa (subclass 457) program to ensure that the interests of Australian workers are protected;
(2) notes that a review of the changes by Dr Bob Birrell of the Australian Population Research Institute highlights their significance by making the following points, that the:
   (a) abolition of the 457 visa program is a ‘game changer’ rather than being mere ‘window dressing’ as was claimed by critics in the media and members of the Opposition;
   (b) reset stops the past immigration policy outcome of employers recruiting as many temporary skilled foreign workers as they wanted and then facilitating their transition to permanent residence via the Employer Nomination Scheme visa (subclass 186); and
   (c) changes go some way to ‘redressing the balance between employer interests and those of domestic workers’;
(3) further notes that the 457 visa program had become ‘bloated out and a proxy pathway to permanent residence’ as stated by the head of the Department of Immigration and Border Protection, Mr Mike Pezzullo; and
(4) commends the Government on its actions which are predicted to reduce skilled migration numbers by more than 50,000, or one quarter, of the total program, thus resulting in more jobs being available for Australian workers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

23 THOMPSON SQUARE, WINDSOR: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Ms Templeman—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Thompson Square, Windsor, is Australia’s only surviving Georgian public town square;
   (b) in 1810 Governor Lachlan Macquarie proclaimed Thompson Square as the first public place named to honour the contributions of an ex-convict, sending a strong message about Australia as a place of the ‘fair go’;
   (c) the NSW Government’s Windsor Bridge replacement project will result in a large modern concrete structure destroying the current Square; and
   (d) a community action group, Community Action for Windsor Bridge, has staged a 24 hour occupation of Thompson Square since 21 July 2013 in order to fight the NSW Government’s plan;

(2) condemns the NSW Government for ignoring the advice of its own Office of Environment and Heritage, the Heritage Council of NSW and the National Trust; and

(3) calls on the Minister for the Environment and Energy to exercise his powers under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 and grant emergency heritage listing to the Thompson Square Precinct to protect this unique place of Australia’s cultural heritage.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

24 REGIONAL AUSTRALIA’S INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAMS: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Ms M. L. Landry—That this House:

(1) notes that the Government is committed to securing the economic future of regional Australia;

(2) commends the $500 million National Water Infrastructure Development Fund which implements the Government’s commitment to start the detailed planning necessary to build or augment existing water infrastructure, including dams, pipelines or managed aquifer recharge, and welcomes the dedicated northern component of $170 million;

(3) notes that the $481.6 million Building Better Regions Fund supports the Government’s commitment to create jobs, drive economic growth and build stronger regional communities into the future;

(4) praises the $600 million Northern Australia Roads Programme which enables upgrades to high priority roads in northern Australia essential to the movement of people and freight to support the north’s economic development;

(5) welcomes the additional $272.2 million Regional Growth Fund that provides grants of $10 million or more for major transformational projects which support long term economic growth and create jobs in regions undergoing structural adjustment; and

(6) commends the Government for delivering infrastructure programs that are making a real difference to regional Australia’s ability to diversify its economies.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

25 SEXUAL ASSAULT AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRAUMA COUNSELLING: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Ms T. M. Butler—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) victims and survivors of sexual and family violence should be able to gain access to the highest standard of professional counselling support;
   (b) 1800 RESPECT, a national telephone and on line counselling service for people living with sexual assault and family violence, is an important part of the national response to family and domestic violence;
   (c) since the establishment of the 1800 RESPECT service, Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia has provided specialist sexual assault and domestic violence trauma counselling for the service; and
(d) Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia, which has operated for almost fifty years, has achieved international recognition for its expertise in its field;

(2) notes that:
   (a) Medibank Health Solutions (MHS), a for-profit company, receives public funds to administer 1800 RESPECT;
   (b) MHS recently announced that the service previously provided by Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia would now be provided by four organisations, three of which have not previously provided trauma counselling for the 1800 RESPECT service;
   (c) the consequence of this decision is a 75 per cent reduction in the public funding provided to Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia via MHS for the provision of the 1800 RESPECT service, as that organisation becomes one of four providers, rather than the sole provider; and
   (d) in those circumstances, the Board of Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia has decided not to accept the proposed MHS contract, which the Board states does not provide sufficient funding to enable Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia to provide the service, and imposes obligations which the Board considers unethical; and

(3) calls upon the Prime Minister to ensure that victims and survivors of family and domestic violence continue to have access to best practice specialist sexual assault and family violence trauma counselling services as previously provided by Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

26 BUILDING BETTER REGIONS FUND: Resumption of debate (from 11 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:
   (1) welcomes the results of Round One of the Building Better Regions Fund (BBRF), including the allocation of $3 million in funding to the Events Centre, Caloundra, on the Sunshine Coast;
   (2) congratulates all of the successful applicants in Round One of this program;
   (3) notes that:
      (a) the BBRF is another example of the Government investing in our regions to boost local economies, grow regional confidence, create jobs and build vibrant communities;
      (b) nationally the successful projects will support a diverse range of important infrastructure in regional and remote areas for projects ranging from tourism and transport, to culture, sporting and healthcare facilities;
      (c) the Events Centre is such an important piece of infrastructure, providing world class cultural experiences for local people on the Sunshine Coast and drawing tourists from all over South East Queensland; and
      (d) nearly 550 organisations applied from all across Australia for the Infrastructure Projects stream;
   (4) commends the Government for its allocation of an additional $200 million in funding for this important program in the 2017 budget; and
   (5) encourages eligible organisations to make an application to Round Two of the BBRF, which is anticipated to open later in 2017.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

28 SMALL AMOUNT CREDIT CONTRACT LAWS REVIEW: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Hammond—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) the Government established a panel to review the Small Amount Credit Contract (SACC) laws on 7 August 2015, which provided its final report to the Government on 3 March 2016;
      (b) the Government released its response to the SACC review on 28 November 2016, in which it agreed with the vast majority of the recommendations in part or in full;
(c) the Minister for Revenue and Financial Services said at the time that ‘the implementation of these recommendations will ensure that vulnerable consumers are afforded appropriate levels of consumer protection while continuing to access SACCs and leases’;

(d) the Minister claimed in an interview on Lateline on 28 February 2017 that Treasury was drafting legislation to implement the review’s recommendations; and

(e) in response to questioning in Senate Additional Estimates by Senator Gallagher on 1 March 2017, Treasury’s head of the Financial System Division confirmed that drafting had not commenced for a bill to enact the SACC review recommendations accepted by the Government;

(2) acknowledges that consumer credit contracts and consumer leases have been shown to cause unnecessary hardship to vulnerable consumers, and that the Parliament should act to protect vulnerable consumers;

(3) recognises that the delay in introducing legislation for consideration by the Parliament, to implement the SACC review recommendations, results in an unnecessary continuation of hardship to vulnerable consumers and their families;

(4) congratulates the consumer advocate groups who attended Parliament House on 27 March 2017 to raise the profile of this important issue; and

(5) calls on the Government to immediately prepare legislation for consideration by the Parliament, to implement the SACC review recommendations.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

29 CRIMES PERPETRATED BY INTERNATIONAL TERRORIST GROUPS: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Ms Brodtmann—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the use of sexual violence in armed conflict is a war crime; and

(b) the use of sexual violence as part of a widespread or systematic attack directed against any civilian population is a crime against humanity;

(2) acknowledges that Islamic State:

(a) is perpetrating war crimes and crimes against humanity against minority Muslim groups, Christians, Yazidis and other religious and ethnic minorities in Iraq and Syria;

(b) has perpetrated acts of sexual violence amounting to war crimes and crimes against humanity; and

(c) has dedicated infrastructure for the kidnap, trafficking and sale of sex slaves; and

(3) calls on the Australian Government to:

(a) investigate, prosecute and hold to account Australians who have committed crimes, according to domestic or international law, as members of Islamic State or other recognised international terrorist groups; and

(b) support international efforts to gather evidence, investigate and prosecute those responsible for international crimes perpetrated by Islamic State or other recognised international terrorist groups.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

30 SUPERANNUATION GUARANTEE NON-COMPLIANCE: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the Superannuation Guarantee system—in conjunction with voluntary superannuation contributions and a means-tested, government funded age pension—forms an integral part of Australia’s retirement income policy;

(b) recent analysis by Industry Super Australia indicates employers failed to pay an aggregate amount of $5.6 billion in Superannuation Guarantee contributions in 2013-14;

(c) this amount represents 2.76 million affected employees, with an average amount of more than $2,000 lost per person in a single year;

(d) within the electoral division of Indi there were 16,068 affected employees, with an average amount of $2,001 lost per person in a single year;
(e) evidence received by the Senate Economics References Committee inquiry into the Superannuation Guarantee indicates a failure to adequately detect and address that Superannuation Guarantee non-compliance causes long term financial detriment to millions of Australian employees, significant competitive disadvantage to compliant employers, and an unnecessary impost to Government finances through additional reliance on the age pension; and

(f) in its report, the Committee:

(i) concluded the current approach of the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) in identifying and addressing Superannuation Guarantee non-compliance is inadequate and recommends that the ATO takes a more proactive stance;

(ii) argued that there is a compelling need for the determination of a reliable Superannuation Guarantee gap figure annually in order to track rates of Superannuation Guarantee non-payment, analyse which policies are effective, and ultimately minimise the problem;

(iii) recommended the current Superannuation Guarantee Charge framework, with its reliance on employer self-reporting, should be reviewed in order to ensure that penalties are strong enough deterrents; and

(iv) considered it is crucial to move Superannuation Guarantee compliance from the ‘paper age’ to the ‘digital age’, enabling a greater focus on proactive methods, and in turn increasing the effectiveness of efforts to detect and remedy Superannuation Guarantee non-compliance; and

(2) calls on the Government to accept and act upon all 32 recommendations made in the Committee’s report to address the significant problem of Superannuation Guarantee non-compliance.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

31 NATIONAL POLICE REMEMBRANCE DAY: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

(1) notes that National Police Remembrance Day is observed on 29 September;

(2) acknowledges the significant role police officers across Australia play in our local communities and the great deal of risk and sacrifice that comes with their duty;

(3) honours the lives and memories of those police officers who have made the ultimate sacrifice in the course of their duty and tragically this year we specifically honour Senior Constable Brett Forte of the Queensland Police Service, who was shot and killed in the Lockyer Valley on 29 May;

(4) pays tribute to the families and friends of police officers who have been killed in the line of duty throughout our nation’s history;

(5) commends the good work of Police Legacy, who look after the loved ones of police officers that have fallen; and

(6) reaffirms its support for the nation’s police officers and honours their courage, commitment and dedication to ensuring the peace and safety of our communities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

32 ROYAL NATIONAL PARK: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Burke—That this House notes that:

(1) Australia has over 500 national parks that protect our unique and precious environment;

(2) Sydney’s Royal National Park (RNP) was established in 1879 and is Australia’s oldest national park and the world’s second oldest national park;

(3) the 16,000 hectare RNP has unique cultural, heritage and environmental values;

(4) the RNP:

(a) is the traditional country of the Dharawal people;

(b) has one of the richest concentrations of plant species in temperate Australia with more than 1,000 species; and

(c) is rich in wildlife such as birds, reptiles and butterflies and exemplifies the biodiverse Hawkesbury Sandstone environment;

(5) the RNP’s importance to the nation was recognised with a National Heritage listing in 2006;

(6) the values of the RNP deserve World Heritage protection;
(7) federal Labor will consult Traditional Owners and the local community on nominating the RNP for the World Heritage List; and

(8) with the consent of the Traditional Owners, Labor will prioritise a World Heritage nomination.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

33 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (PROTECTING TAKE HOME PAY) BILL 2017 (Mr Shorten): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Shorten—That the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Christensen, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “The House is of the opinion that the bill does not fully address the issue of penalty rates, and:

(1) notes that:
   (a) when the Leader of the Opposition was Secretary of the Australian Workers’ Union (AWU), his union negotiated enterprise agreements that reduced or removed Sunday penalty rates, including for:
      (i) around 780 workers at Big W in North Queensland, whose penalty rates were 50 per cent under the award;
      (ii) around 129 workers at Target Country in North Queensland, whose penalty rates were 50 per cent under the award;
      (iii) around 119 workers at Just Jeans in Queensland, whose penalty rates were 50 per cent under the award;
      (iv) around 101 workers at Rydges Tradewinds in Cairns, who got no penalty rates at all; and
      (v) around 480 workers at Cleanevent, who lost all their penalty rates;
   (b) when the Labor Party was in Government, penalty rates were reduced in 2010 following its award modernisation process, including for many workers in the hospitality, restaurants, fast food and clubs sectors;
   (c) presently, millions of workers—including staff at multinational and large businesses, such as Woolworths, Coles, Bunnings, McDonalds, KFC, Pizza Hut, Officeworks, Target, Kmart and the Langham Hotel—receive Sunday penalty rates that are below the award, thanks to enterprise agreements negotiated with large unions, including the AWU and the Shop, Distributive and Allied Employees’ Association (SDA);
   (d) the proposed Sunday rate of 150 per cent in the retail industry that has been determined by the Fair Work Commission is the same as the Sunday rate in a range of retail industry agreements negotiated by the AWU and the SDA; and
   (e) small businesses that compete with large retail and fast food chains, and wish to employ staff on a Sunday, must currently employ them at higher rates than those large chains; and

(2) agrees that any legislation to address cuts in penalty rates under awards must also address cuts in penalty rates under union negotiated enterprise agreements.”.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

34 CAMBODIANS AND HUMAN RIGHTS: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Bowen—That this House:

(1) notes that between 1975 and 1986, over 12,000 Cambodians were settled in Australia under the Special Humanitarian Program after being forced to flee their homeland by the Khmer Rouge;

(2) acknowledges the contribution that Cambodian-Australians have made to our nation since that time and the role they have played in the success story of Australian multiculturalism, including the large Cambodian communities in Fairfield, Liverpool and Cabramatta;

(3) notes that the Cambodian community in Australia faces challenges that require attention, including a higher than average unemployment rate and a higher proportion of lower wage employment than the national average;

(4) notes the struggle that many in Cambodia still face from their Government, including the right to peaceful assembly and opposition to Government policies; and
reaffirms Australia’s commitment to the United Nations Human Rights Council’s statement of 14 September 2016 that we are ‘deeply concerned about escalating threats to legitimate activities by Opposition parties and Human Rights NGOs’ in Cambodia’.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

35 CYSTIC FIBROSIS: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—
That this House:

(1) notes that:
  (a) Cystic Fibrosis is a condition that causes impairment of the lungs, airways and digestive system and leaves sufferers with an average life expectancy of 37 years;
  (b) over 3,000 Australians live with Cystic Fibrosis and every four days an Australian child is born with the condition;
  (c) over one million Australians are carriers of the gene that causes Cystic Fibrosis;
  (d) there is currently an application before the Pharmaceutical Benefits Schedule Advisory Committee (PBSAC) for the drug known as Orkambi which is used to treat the most common mutation of Cystic Fibrosis; and
  (e) if approved, Orkambi will be available to over 1,000 Australians aged 12 and over who are currently suffering from this life shortening condition; and

(2) calls on the Government to:
  (a) continue to support research into Cystic Fibrosis and its possible cure; and
  (b) expedite the PBSAC review of the application to have Orkambi listed on the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme so that over 1,000 Australians can have access to a potentially lifesaving drug.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

36 OLDER AUSTRALIANS CARE ASSISTANCE: Resumption of debate (from 4 September 2017) on the motion of Mr Georganas—
That this House:

(1) acknowledges the significant contribution of the previous Labor Government’s Living Longer Living Better reforms that were designed to deliver:
  (a) more support and care at home;
  (b) additional home and residential care places;
  (c) a focus on greater consumer choice and control; and
  (d) greater recognition of diversity and support to carers;

(2) notes:
  (a) the growing number of:
      (i) older Australians who would like to remain living in their own home for as long as possible; and
      (ii) carers who work hard to ensure their loved one is able to remain at home for as long as possible;
  (b) that older Australians need adequate, flexible and responsive care options to ensure that they remain safe and healthy; and
  (c) that many older Australians are experiencing long delays in accessing the necessary care they need, and are having to make do with lower levels of care than they were assessed for; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
  (a) ensure that older Australians receive home care assistance when they need it and at a level they need in order to allow them to remain living in their own home safely and independently for as long as possible; and
  (b) release the number of people waiting for each level of the package.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
37 **PENALTY RATES:** Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017—Mr Howarth, in continuation) on the motion of Ms Keay—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the retail trades industry is the second largest employment category in Australia, it employs 1.2 million, or one in nine, Australians and 52 per cent of these workers have no post school qualification;
(b) the Fair Work Commission’s (FWC’s) decision to cut penalty rates in the retail trade will hit those most powerless to change jobs;
(c) the take home pay of hundreds of thousands of workers will be cut because of the FWC decision to cut Sunday and public holiday penalty rates for the retail trade;
(d) workers affected are being treated as second class citizens and their work is not being valued;
(e) whilst a few jobs may be created on the margins of the economy, the removal of these workers’ spending power from the economy will override any minimal jobs growth; and
(f) many families will struggle all over the country because of this short sighted decision;

(2) condemns Government Members and Senators who called for cuts to penalty rates and their continuous pressuring of the FWC to reduce penalty rates;

(3) calls on Government Members and Senators to stand with Labor to protect low paid workers take home pay; and


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

38 **ASEAN—50TH ANNIVERSARY:** Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Mr Hill—That this House:

(1) notes that 8 August 2017 is the 50th anniversary of the founding of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), which has grown from its initial five members to a key regional association comprising ten of Australia’s neighbours and partners;

(2) congratulates ASEAN on five decades of patient and effective work promoting regional peace and stability while advancing economic growth, social progress and cultural development;

(3) notes that:

(a) considered collectively, ASEAN countries are Australia’s third largest trading partner, with current two-way trade surpassing $100 billion annually since 2014;
(b) more than 65 per cent of ASEAN’s population is under 35 years old, presenting a growth opportunity across the region; and
(c) Australia’s regional aid programs focusing on economic growth and human security help ensure our commitments to ASEAN countries in support of economic integration are met;

(4) welcomes the:

(a) strong partnership between Australia and ASEAN, established and deepened over 43 years; and
(b) advancement of Australia’s status as a dialogue partner and the appointment of an Australian ambassador to ASEAN;

(5) encourages the Government to place the highest priority on the 2018 ASEAN-Australia Special Summit; and

(6) calls on the Government to make the most of the opportunity presented by the 2018 ASEAN-Australia Special Summit to reaffirm and strengthen Australia’s strategic partnership with ASEAN, and to identify practical actions whereby Australia can deepen its collaboration in support of ASEAN’s future success.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
39 WESTERN AUSTRALIA’S INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Dr Aly—That this House:

(1) notes that:
(a) Western Australia has consistently been neglected by the Government;
(b) despite promising $860 million during the federal election campaign for road and rail projects in Western Australia, the Government will instead dedicate just over $40 million for much needed projects;
(c) the Government has failed to deliver key infrastructure funding in Western Australia; and
(d) families and businesses in Western Australia continue to be disadvantaged by a government that ignores them;
(2) condemns the Government for its failure to deliver on its infrastructure promises for West Australians; and
(3) calls on the Prime Minister to explain why West Australians are consistently neglected, ignored and ripped off by the Government.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

40 OCEAN CONSERVATION: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Mr Burke—

That this House:

(1) notes:
(a) that the international community came together to recognise the importance of our oceans at the 2017 United Nations Ocean Conference on 5 to 9 June 2017 in New York;
(b) that the oceans are under increasing pressure and other nations have started to establish protected areas;
(c) that Australia cannot afford to leave its oceans exposed given the impacts of climate change, including the severe coral reef bleaching, unprecedented mangrove dieback and significant loss of kelp forests already seen around Australia;
(d) the progress globally by other countries to put in place marine national parks, such as the:
   (i) Ross Sea region Marine Protected Area (MPA), declared by 24 nations of the world, including Australia, in 2016 to protect 1,549,000 square kilometres of the Antarctic high seas in high level International Union for Conservation of Nature, Category II (IUCN II) National Park protection;
   (ii) Papahānaumokuākea Marine National Monument, declared by the United States of America (USA) in 2006 and expanded in 2016 to protect 1,508,870 square kilometres of Hawaiian islands and atolls in high level IUCN II protection;
   (iii) Pacific Remote Islands Marine National Monument, declared by the USA in 2009 and expanded in 2014 to protect 1,270,000 square kilometres in high level IUCN II protection; and
   (iv) Pitcairn Islands Marine Reserve, declared by the United Kingdom in 2015 to protect 834,334 square kilometres around the Pitcairn Islands in the Pacific in high level IUCN II protection;
(e) that Labor’s 2012 Commonwealth Marine Reserves Network (CMRN):
   (i) is the world’s largest network;
   (ii) put Australia at the forefront of ocean conservation globally, with other countries following suit; and
   (iii) was based on science and extensive consultation, with Labor holding more public and stakeholder meetings which were attended by more people and received more submissions than the Government’s recent review;
(f) the Government’s own review of the CMRN found that extensive:
   (i) science went into the development of the CMRN and recognised the scientifically proven benefits of Marine National Park (MNP) IUCN II zones; and
   (ii) consultation went into the development of the CMRN, stating there was in fact a considerable amount of ‘consultation fatigue’ expressed by many stakeholders; and
(g) that after 15 years of process, regional businesses and industry leaders are seeking certainty with the completion of the CMRN; and

(2) calls on the Government to honour its domestic and international obligations, and to bring the CMRN that was declared in 2012 into operation without further delay, and with no reduction of MNP IUCN II zone protection.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

41 DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF KOREA: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That this House:

(1) strongly condemns the Government of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea (DPRK) for:
   (a) ongoing development and testing of illegal nuclear and ballistic missile programs including intercontinental ballistic missile tests in June and July 2017;
   (b) destabilising the Korean peninsula and Asia-Pacific region more widely through aggressive acts and rhetoric particularly against South Korea, Japan, the United States and Australia; and
   (c) significant and ongoing human rights abuses committed against the people of North Korea;

(2) acknowledges the actions of the Australian Government in maintaining diplomatic and economic pressure on the DPRK including through:
   (a) co-sponsoring United Nations Security Council (UNSC) Resolution 2321, placing additional United Nations sanctions on the DPRK;
   (b) co-sponsoring UNSC Resolution 2270, condemning North Korea’s nuclear test and long-range ballistic missile launch in 2016; and
   (c) imposing financial sanctions and travel bans on five North Korean individuals for their association with North Korean weapons of mass destruction or missile program in June 2017;

(3) calls upon the DPRK to:
   (a) abandon its missile and nuclear program;
   (b) use the resources spent on its nuclear and missile programs to improve the livelihood of its citizens and implement policies for economic development to better the situation for the North Korean people;
   (c) adhere to multiple UNSC resolutions; and
   (d) re-join the international community and contribute to peace and stability in the region, rather than deepening tensions and the insecurity of other states; and

(4) acknowledges China’s position of influence in relation to the DPRK and encourages China to:
   (a) pressure the DPRK to adhere to international agreements;
   (b) continue to engage with the international community to decrease tensions on the Korean peninsula; and
   (c) begin constructive talks to permanently dismantle the DPRK’s nuclear capabilities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

42 RENEWABLE ENERGY: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2017) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) there is electorate wide support for renewable energy;
   (b) in March 2017, the Australia Institute reported that in a national poll 67 per cent think that Australia is moving into renewable energy too slowly and 73 per cent supported setting a new renewable energy target for 2030;
   (c) the Government has committed to ensuring that 23.5 per cent of Australia’s electricity generation in 2020 will be from renewable sources;
   (d) the transition to a renewable energy future will require high levels of social consensus and engagement;
   (e) international best practice has demonstrated that community ownership has become a well established mechanism to build consensus and assist the transition to increased renewable energy sources;
Australian households are amongst the highest adopters in the world of photovoltaics solar, driven primarily to help control their own energy costs; community owned renewable energy projects that allow communities to reduce their energy costs, or even make income from power production, would enable these benefits to be felt across the broader community, addressing the Government’s energy policy priority of security, reliability and affordability; the absence of clarity in Government policy has led to many communities ‘going it alone’ to secure their energy future; and continued investment and innovation in the sector requires a clear message of support from the Government; and
calls on the Government to:
recognise that the community energy sector can play a significant role in the Government achieving its policy trifecta of secure, affordable and reliable energy; and
demonstrate this recognition with a dedicated funding program for community energy projects to support the design and implementation and management of their own community specific integrated energy plans and projects.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
45 PNG-AUSTRALIA POLICING PARTNERSHIP: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Evans—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the ongoing work of the Australian Federal Police (AFP) in the Pacific to keep our region safe and support our neighbours;
(2) recognises the Australian Government and the AFP’s commitment to supporting our neighbour, Papua New Guinea (PNG), and the capacity building of the Royal PNG Constabulary;
(3) congratulates the Australian Government for announcing in January 2017 the extension of the PNG-Australia Policing Partnership with 73 AFP personnel assisting PNG in planning for the 2018 Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation forum; and
(4) recognises that the:
   (a) increasingly transnational nature of crime, including illegal movement of drugs, weapons and people, highlights the importance of cooperation between Australia and PNG; and
   (b) Australian and PNG governments share an important and enduring relationship, which will be further strengthened through this investment in law enforcement.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

46 PENALTY RATES AND WOMEN: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Ms Husar—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) reducing penalty rates will have a disproportionate effect on women;
   (b) women make up 54 per cent of workers on the Fast Food Industry Award, 55 per cent on the General Retail Industry Award and 77 per cent on the Pharmacy Industry Award;
   (c) in hospitality women are disproportionately part time and award reliant;
   (d) the Government has refused to rule out cuts to the Hair and Beauty Industry Award, an award for an industry comprised of 87 per cent women; and
   (e) thousands more women will be affected by these penalty rates cuts than men;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) women are more likely to rely on penalty rates to meet household expenses;
   (b) the cuts in take home pay of up to $77 a week will make it harder for women to pay rent and feed their families; and
   (c) the cuts to penalty rates in these industries will widen the gender pay gap;

(3) condemns the Government’s:
   (a) failure to protect the take home pay of low paid women workers; and
   (b) support for further cuts to the Hair and Beauty Industry Award; and

(4) calls on the Government to:
   (a) support Labor’s Fair Work Amendment (Protecting Take Home Pay) Bill 2017 to protect the take home pay of low paid workers;
   (b) exercise some leadership and stand up for low paid workers; and
   (c) start working to close the gender pay gap.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

47 COST OF ELECTRICITY IN QUEENSLAND: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Ted O’Brien—That this House:

(1) recognises that electricity prices affect every Australian, whether it be the price of electricity at home or the cost to businesses that will flow on to threaten jobs and business competitiveness;
(2) acknowledges that since 2009, in Queensland the average price of electricity has risen from $35 MW/H to $95.27 MW/H which is a 180 per cent increase;
(3) further acknowledges that there has been a 59 per cent increase in the last year in electricity prices;
(4) notes that electricity prices have reached record levels in Queensland, including $14,000 MW/H in January 2017;
(5) notes with concern the allegations of Rio Tinto that the Queensland Government is manipulating the electricity grid to keep prices high and increase revenue for its state owned assets; and
calls for a full and transparent inquiry to be conducted into the cost of electricity in Queensland with recommendations for solutions to fix the problem.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

48 LANGUAGE SERVICES: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Georganas—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the important and vital role played by professional interpreters and translators in Australia;

(2) notes that:

(a) Australia has been at the forefront of the provision of language services since the late 1970s, becoming one of the first countries in the world to mandate and subsidise the use of interpreters and translators for all people whose first language is not English when accessing public services; and

(b) the provision of regulated and accredited language services is fundamental to enabling people whose first language is not English to fully participate in society and Australia;

(3) notes and commends the professionalism and ethical behaviour of National Accreditation Authority for Translators and Interpreters accredited interpreters and translators, and the important contribution of their work to our country’s social cohesion; and

(4) acknowledges the importance of supporting the interpreting and translating industry and practitioners through appropriate training, professional development, regulation, recognition and remuneration.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

49 CROSS RIVER RAIL PROJECT: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Ms T. M. Butler—That this House:

(1) notes that the 2017 budget has ignored Queenslanders’ calls for funding of the Cross River Rail (CRR) project;

(2) recognises that the:

(a) CRR project is urgently needed to keep pace with Brisbane’s growing population;

(b) existing rail crossing over the Brisbane River in the CBD, the Merivale Bridge, is approaching full capacity; and

(c) CRR was declared ready to go by the independent experts at Infrastructure Australia in 2012; and

(3) acknowledges that the former Government allocated funding to the CRR project in its 2013 budget, only to have the current Government scrap the investment in its 2014 budget.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

50 QUEENSLAND JOBS: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mr van Manen—That this House:

(1) condemns the Queensland Government for failing the people of Queensland;

(2) notes that:

(a) Queensland is leading the nation on job losses;

(b) more than 30,000 jobs have disappeared from Queensland in the last year and almost 40,000 people have given up looking;

(c) Queensland’s participation rate is at a more than 20-year low and more people are giving up looking for work; and

(d) Queensland is in a jobs crisis and it is clear that the Premier of Queensland has no plan for the future; and

(3) calls on the Queensland Government to end its empty rhetoric on jobs and actually start delivering for the people of Queensland.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
51 TASMANIA AND AUSTRALIA’S DEFENCE CAPABILITY: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Ms Keay—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that Tasmania has the defence knowledge, capabilities and capacities to participate in the defence industries sector;

(2) notes that:

(a) the University of Tasmania, through its world leading marine research, engineering and training facility the Australian Maritime College (AMC), is the acknowledged Australian leader in maritime education in both technical skills and research;

(b) the AMC has developed a range of Autonomous Underwater Vehicles (AUVs) which are suited for defence purposes and provide the opportunity for:

(i) increased consolidation of research and innovation at the University of Tasmania Inveresk site;

(ii) the redevelopment of the University of Tasmania, AMC Newnham site; and

(iii) associated local advanced manufacturing, particularly in North and North West Tasmania;

(c) the state-of-the-art AUVs enable a broad range of scientific, industry and defence related projects by facilitating exploration and data collection in remote and inhospitable locations;

(d) the AMC has the capability to lead or play a key role in any necessary training associated with significant defence projects, such as the Future Submarines Program;

(e) in addition to the defence opportunity that the AUVs represent, Tasmania already has a number of industries with the capability to participate in defence related industries supporting for example combat reconnaissance vehicles, shield and antenna protection and marine survival;

(f) defence industry opportunities for Tasmania will deliver a range of significant social and economic benefits across the state including a growth in industry research and increased employment through advanced manufacturing; and

(g) there is unequivocal and mutual support from both the Labor and Liberal parties at a state and federal level for Tasmania as a key centre for defence research, development and industry; and

(3) calls on the:

(a) Department of Defence to continue to work with industry with the goal of ensuring Tasmania is as integrated as possible in Australia’s defence capability, including defence research, associated education, training and manufacturing; and

(b) Government to continue working collaboratively with the Tasmanian Government so Tasmania can play its role in the defence research and manufacturing industries sector.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

52 THINKUKNOW PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mrs Marino—That this House:

(1) recognises the work of the Australian Federal Police (AFP) through the ThinkUKnow program, a free, evidence-based cyber safety program, to provide educational presentations to parents, carers and teachers, and students across Australia;

(2) further recognises that ThinkUKnow is Australia’s first and only nationally delivered crime prevention program that is delivered in partnership with law enforcement and industry;

(3) thanks the dedicated volunteers and federal, state and territory police forces that have delivered ThinkUKnow presentations to more than 150,000 school students from year three through to year 12; and

(4) congratulates the Government and the AFP for leading the way by partnering with state and territory police forces, and the private sector, to develop new measures to keep our children safe in the online environment.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
53 **AUSTRALIA AND THE PHILIPPINES:** Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Husic—That this House:

1. recognises that 2017 marks 70 years since the Philippines established its first diplomatic office in Australia;
2. celebrates the strength of the bilateral diplomatic relations between Australia and the Philippines over those 70 years; and
3. acknowledges the importance of effective diplomatic relations with the Philippines, which are underpinned by our shared history and deep and enduring relationship.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

54 **CRIME IN VICTORIA:** Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017—Mr Giles, in continuation) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That this House:

1. notes that:
   a. there has been a significant increase in crime in Victoria;
   b. the latest figures from Victoria’s Crime Statistics Agency show that the total number of offences reached 535,826 during the past financial year, an increase of 13.4 per cent, with assaults increasing by 11 per cent, robberies by 14 per cent, and aggravated burglaries by 7 per cent;
   c. Victorians increasingly feel unsafe in their homes and on their streets;
   d. the Victorian Government has lost control of the Victorian justice system; and
   e. Victoria has the most lenient bail laws in the country, a contributing factor in the prevalence of crime; and
2. calls on the Victorian Government to:
   a. start taking crime and community safety seriously;
   b. dramatically strengthen Victoria’s bail system;
   c. fix the crisis in the youth prison network, which has seen unprecedented riots and breakouts; and
   d. dedicate more resources to community safety and Victoria Police.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

55 **CRAFT BREWING SECTOR:** Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Albanese—That this House:

1. notes the growth of the craft brewing sector in recent years as a generator of employment, tourism and exports in capital cities and regional communities;
2. further notes:
   a. there is an inequity between how Commonwealth excise is calculated for small and large scale brewers which disadvantages the craft brewing sector;
   b. that excise currently accounts for a disproportionate amount of the costs of production for small brewers and the calculation of excise imposes a significant burden on them; and
   c. this small business sector provides local employment and is an emerging tourism attraction; and
3. urges:
   a. the Australian Government to ensure policy settings which encourage the realisation of the potential of the craft brewing sector; and
   b. state and local governments to update their planning controls and development approval to facilitate the growth of the craft brewing sector.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)
COUNTER-TERRORISM STRATEGY: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Wood—That this House:

1) notes that on Friday, 28 April 2017 four individuals faced court charged with terrorism offences in relation to a 2016 Christmas Day terror plot to attack Melbourne landmarks;

2) acknowledges the:
   (a) excellent work being undertaken by Australia’s law enforcement and security agencies to keep the community safe, including:
      (i) 61 people charged as a result of 26 counter-terrorism operations around Australia;
      (ii) 38 people convicted of terrorism related offences;
      (iii) 41 people before the courts for terrorism related offences; and
      (iv) 12 major counter-terrorism disruption operations in response to potential attack planning in Australia; and
   (b) importance of providing law enforcement agencies with the appropriate powers and resources to disrupt terrorist activity and protect Australians; and

3) congratulates the Government for its world leading counter-terrorism strategy, including:
   (a) eight successful tranches of counter-terrorism and national security legislation;
   (b) significant investment of $1.3 billion to support law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism;
   (c) tripling investment in initiatives to counter violent extremism to $45 million; and
   (d) investment in our law enforcement and security agencies to ensure they have the appropriate powers, skills and resources to fight terrorism.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

REPATRIATION MEDICAL FEE SCHEDULE INDEXATION FREEZE: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Ms Rishworth—That this House:

1) notes that the Australian Medical Association’s survey highlights that the freeze of the Repatriation Medical Fee Schedule (RMFS) is leading to some healthcare professionals no longer accepting Department of Veterans’ Affairs (DVA) clients;

2) recognises the negative impact that the DVA RMFS freeze has had on veterans accessing specialist medical care;

3) notes that the Australian Institute for Suicide Research Prevention, the Australian Psychological Society and the Royal Australian and New Zealand College of Psychiatrists have raised the negative impact that the freeze is having on veterans accessing skilled clinicians;

4) expresses concern that some mental health and allied health services are not accepting veterans into their service as a result of the indexation freeze; and

5) calls on the Government to immediately drop the RMFS indexation freeze, which is significantly impacting on veterans’ access to mental health and specialist medical services.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

ACCESS TO TIBET: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That this House:

1) notes:
   (a) that the Australian Government grants free access and unrestricted travel to officials, journalists and citizens from the People’s Republic of China, and the same level of access and freedom to travel to Tibet is not afforded to Australian officials, journalists and citizens by the Government of the People’s Republic of China;
   (b) Australian officials, journalists and travellers wanting to visit China’s Tibetan Autonomous Region and Tibetan autonomous prefectures in China’s Qinghai, Gansu, Sichuan and Yunnan provinces are routinely denied access and if access is granted, are subjected to close monitoring, compelled to join government-organised tours, and/or face other restrictions;
(c) repeated requests since mid-2014, for the Chinese Government to respond positively to members of the relevant Australian All-Party Parliamentary Group seeking approval for a delegation to visit China’s Tibetan areas, and that over the same period, delegations representing China’s Tibetan Autonomous Region, Qinghai, Gansu, Sichuan and Yunnan provinces have received approval to enter Australia and travel freely within the country; and

(d) reciprocity is a fundamental principle of diplomatic practice that promotes mutual exchanges, mutual benefit and the development of friendly relations between countries;

(2) expresses concern that:

(a) China has regularly closed the Tibet Autonomous Region and other Tibetan areas in China to any entry by foreign tourists; and

(b) Australian officials, journalists and citizens regularly face refusals and restrictions when applying to visit Tibetan areas in China;

(3) calls on the Australian Government to:

(a) renew efforts to ensure reciprocal access to China for Australian officials, journalists and citizens and for travel within China—as Chinese officials, journalists and citizens have to Australia for travel within Australia; and

(b) ensure that visits to China by Australian officials and journalists, to a similar extent as visits to Australia by Chinese officials and journalists, are unrestricted and allow open interaction with the local population, freedom to move about and observe unhindered, and promote genuine understanding between the peoples of the two countries; and

(4) calls on the Chinese Government to lift restrictions on access to China’s Tibetan Autonomous Region and Tibetan autonomous prefectures in Qinghai, Gansu, Sichuan and Yunnan provinces for officials, journalists and citizens from Australia and respond positively to the pending request by Australian parliamentarians to visit Tibetan areas in China.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

59 LIVE MUSIC TICKETS: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr Burke—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) music fans are missing out on tickets because bots have bought up tickets in bulk and these tickets are being on-sold at inflated prices;

(b) music fans are also having to endure the disappointment and the loss of missing out on seeing live music through no fault of their own but because websites like Viagogo allow the selling of fake tickets and tickets that have been sold multiple times over;

(c) major search engines are profiting from advertising these websites and the tickets sold on these websites at the top of search results; and

(d) the loss felt by many people is not simply the loss of an experience but a substantial loss of money for what can be one of their biggest discretionary purchases of the year; and

(2) calls on the Government to explain the action being taken to ensure that if someone buys a ticket to live music, they know they can turn up and get entry to the music they love.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

60 ILLICIT DRUGS: Resumption of debate (from 19 June 2017) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) illicit drugs can cause untold harm in our communities and on our streets; and

(b) the Government:

(i) is committed to targeting the supply, demand, and harm caused to our communities by the scourge of illicit drugs; and

(ii) has made significant investments in our law enforcement agencies to do all they can to keep drugs off our streets;

(2) acknowledges that:

(a) in the last two years alone, our agencies have detected and intercepted more than 12.5 tonnes of narcotics that have been attempted to be imported into Australia; and
(b) Australian law enforcement officers continue to confront Australia’s drug market and combat the criminal syndicates that peddle illicit drugs; and

(3) calls on all members of the House to promote greater awareness of the harmful effects of illicit drugs on individuals and communities across Australia and support our law enforcement agencies in keeping drugs off our streets.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 5 February 2018.)

61 MOBILE PHONE BLACKSPOTS: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Ms M. L. Landry—That this House notes:

(1) the Government’s $220 million commitment to fixing mobile phone blackspots in regional Australia;
(2) that rounds one and two of the Mobile Black Spot Program have led to many positive outcomes for regional and remote Australians through the rollout of 765 towers; and
(3) that when in Government, Labor failed to set aside appropriate funds to help improve mobile phone coverage in regional and remote Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

62 PRIVATE SPONSORSHIP OF REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Watts—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) according to the UNHCR, the number of displaced people fleeing from war, conflict or persecution is the highest since World War II, and includes around half a million refugees and asylum seekers in South East Asia;
   (b) the increase in the number of people seeking asylum in recent years and the decrease in the number of third country resettlement places being offered in 2017 means that refugees face waiting more than a decade before they are able to safely restart their lives;
   (c) during the Leaders’ Summit on Refugees and Migrants at the United Nations in New York City in 2016, the Canadian Government, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, and the Open Society Foundations launched a joint initiative to increase the private sponsorship of refugee resettlement around the world;
   (d) since the late 1970s, the Canadian Government has facilitated the resettlement of more than 275,000 refugees through private sponsorship by individuals, community groups and private sector organisations; and
   (e) the previous Australian Government initiated a community sponsorship program in Australia in 2012 and the current Australian Government committed to making this program permanent during the Leaders’ Summit on Refugees and Migrants; and

(2) calls on Australian governments, businesses and community organisations to explore ways to use private sponsorship to expand the resettlement of refugees in Australia through formal channels.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

63 ISRAEL: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Israel is a legitimate democratic state and ally of Australia;
   (b) Australia remains committed to Israel’s right to exist in peace and security, and continues to support a peaceful two-state resolution for the Israeli-Palestinian issue;
   (c) Australia and Israel have a unique relationship supported by a commitment to the rights and liberty of their citizenry, the rule of law and a pluralist society underpinned by mutual respect;
   (d) there is a concerning collapse of the traditional support among Australia’s political parties for the path to a peaceful agreement between the State of Israel and the Palestinians for a two-state solution; and
   (e) the culture within the Australian Labor Party (ALP) regarding foreign policy is deteriorating, aided by high profile party figures who perpetrate enduring myths about the causes of instability in the Middle East; and

(2) calls on the ALP to:
   (a) reject the empty symbolism within the politically correct interpretation of issues in the Middle East; and
condemn senior figures within it who have called for Australia, independent of any agreement between Israel and the Palestinians, to formally recognise a Palestinian state.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

64 SCHOOLS: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Georganas—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the pivotal and vital role that our schools play in preparing our children to be active and contributing citizens;

(2) notes:
   (a) that school education is an essential component in providing children with the skills and knowledge they need to reach their full potential, including academic, social and communication skills; and
   (b) the important work that schools undertake to ensure that students are prepared for the challenges of further study and working life, especially in new emerging technological and scientific fields;

(3) acknowledges and thanks school leaders, teachers and support staff for their dedication, commitment and professionalism in ensuring not only that every child learns, but is also nurtured and cared for; and

(4) further notes:
   (a) that the one factor that makes the biggest difference in a child’s learning is the quality of their teachers;
   (b) the challenges faced by teachers and support staff in providing individual care and assistance to students who are struggling with various aspects of their school life; and
   (c) the need for governments to fully support teachers in this important work.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

65 ADULT MIGRANT ENGLISH PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That this House:

(1) recognises that the Adult Migrant English Program (AMEP):
   (a) has been operating since 1948;
   (b) aims to promote and support English language skills for new migrants and humanitarian entrants;
   (c) is the Government’s largest English language program;
   (d) provides English language training for new members of the Australian community; and
   (e) provides essential life skills for all eligible new migrants and humanitarian entrants;

(2) acknowledges the importance of the AMEP in delivering foundation English language skills to newly arrived migrants and humanitarian entrants to prepare them for work and participation in Australian society; and

(3) notes:
   (a) that last year more than 59,000 new migrants and humanitarian entrants benefited from training delivered by the AMEP; and
   (b) this Government’s ongoing support for the AMEP, in the interests of all Australians.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

66 LABOUR HIRE INDUSTRY: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Giles—That this House:

(1) condemns the shocking findings uncovered by the Victorian Inquiry into the Labour Hire Industry and Insecure Work, including revelations of widespread underpayment, workplace health and safety breaches, maltreatment of workers, and tax avoidance in Victoria;

(2) welcomes the 35 recommendations made by the inquiry in its final report (August 2016);

(3) commends the Victorian Government for:
   (a) establishing the inquiry; and
   (b) committing to a labour hire licensing scheme in response to the inquiry’s final report; and

(4) calls on the Australian Government to:
   (a) investigate the operation of the labour hire industry Australia-wide; and
(b) commit to developing a national response to widespread exploitation in the industry based on findings.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

67 VIOLENT SEXUALLY EXPLICIT MATERIAL: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Howarth—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the easy access of violent sexually explicit material online poses a risk to our children’s wellbeing; and
   (b) authoritative research has linked regular consumption of pornography by adolescents depicting violence with increased degrees of sexually aggressive behaviour; and

(2) calls on our community to work together to:
   (a) increase awareness that exposure to graphic images can influence children’s attitude towards sexual behaviour;
   (b) encourage open discussions within families; and
   (c) utilise the services of the eSafety Commissioner’s online iparent website to increase awareness of how families can keep safe online.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

68 INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Albanese—That this House:

(1) recognises that:
   (a) Australia’s cities require investment and leadership from the Government to deal with a number of pressing challenges, especially urban congestion;
   (b) Infrastructure Australia has estimated that urban congestion will cost $53 billion in lost productivity by 2031 if left unaddressed; and
   (c) public transport is essential for the realisation of the vision of 30 minute cities;

(2) notes that a number of factors contribute to the worsening of urban congestion, including:
   (a) Australia’s transition to a knowledge intensive economy, which means employment opportunities continue to cluster in the CBDs of our cities;
   (b) high house prices that have seen key workers, single person households and families on very low and middle incomes struggle to find homes close to work, resulting in drive-in drive-out suburbs in nearly all capital cities; and
   (c) the rapid growth of Australia’s cities, which will see the four largest capitals—Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane and Perth—increase their population by 46 per cent and Adelaide, Canberra, Hobart and Darwin increase their population by nearly 30 per cent by 2031; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) use evidence-based policy to support investment in the infrastructure that is required to reduce urban congestion in Australia’s cities; and
   (b) use the upcoming budget to provide investment for public transport projects listed by Infrastructure Australia as priorities, some of which have suffered funding cuts under the Coalition Government, including the Metro Trains Melbourne, the Cross River Rail, Western Sydney Rail, the Gawler rail line upgrade, and the AdeLINK tram network.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

69 ENERGY SECURITY: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Littleproud—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Australian Government for its sensible and pragmatic approach to ensuring energy security and affordability in Australia;

(2) acknowledges that balancing our energy supply through the use of clean-fired coal, renewable energy sources and liquefied gas will be key to the Australian Government’s approach;

(3) notes that:
   (a) Queensland is home to a number of coal-fired stations and is advancing a number of renewable energy projects, placing it in a prime position to become an energy hub; and
(b) the coal industry directly employs over 44,000 people and pays over $5.7 billion in wages and salaries; and

(4) condemns the Federal Opposition and Queensland Government for their reckless and unrealistic renewable energy targets of 50 per cent, which only serve to threaten energy security and jobs, as well as drastically escalate the cost of electricity for individuals, businesses and industry as a whole.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)

70 VOLUNTEER MANAGEMENT SERVICES FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 22 May 2017) on the motion of Mr Hill—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) pursuant to a decision of the 2016-17 federal budget, the Department of Social Services is currently undertaking a redesign of the Strengthening Communities grants program, to be known as the Strong and Resilient Communities grants program from 1 January 2018;

(b) the Strengthening Communities grants program currently provides around $18 million per year to projects which address disadvantage and build opportunity in communities around Australia;

(c) under the current grants program, there is a specific funding stream for volunteer management programs, which in 2017 will fund volunteer support services in local communities to a total of around $7.4 million;

(d) the Department of Social Services has proposed that this volunteer management stream of grants funding will be abolished from 1 January 2018, meaning volunteer support services will be forced to compete with other worthwhile community services and removing any guarantee that they will be funded at all;

(e) this is the latest reduction in funding allocated to volunteer management since the decision was made to transfer responsibility for volunteering from the Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet to the Department of Social Services in 2014, a move which volunteering peak bodies and representatives opposed; and

(f) the national peak body for volunteering, Volunteering Australia, states that this move will ‘rip the heart out of local volunteer support services’, which play an important role in Australian communities by leading volunteers in a wide variety of organisations and services, from the human services and the arts to environmental, animal welfare and sporting groups;

(2) acknowledges that:

(a) approximately 5.8 million Australians, or 31 per cent of the population, volunteer, with Dr Lisel O’Dwyer of Flinders University estimating their annual contribution to Australia as $290 billion;

(b) volunteering plays an important role in delivering the priorities of the Government, with volunteers contributing many thousands of hours per year to the aged care workforce, the disability services, schools and hospitals, art galleries, libraries and sporting clubs—bolstering economic participation, mitigating isolation and loneliness and increasing social inclusion and participation;

(c) while volunteering is defined as ‘time willingly given, for the common good and without financial gain’, it does not happen free, and requires the investment of resources in volunteer support services in order to maintain a professional, responsive and efficient volunteer workforce; and

(d) the withdrawal of funding to volunteer management services will threaten the viability of the thousands of volunteering organisations and will have a huge impact on the community; and

(3) calls on the Government to:

(a) congratulate community-based volunteer support services for the work that they do to support strong, healthy and resilient Australian communities through an effective and professional volunteer workforce; and

(b) recognise the importance of funding volunteer management services and Volunteering Australia’s campaign to retain funding for volunteer management as part of the federal budget.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 5 February 2018.)
QUESTIONS IN WRITING

On the first sitting day of each fortnight, a complete Notice Paper is published containing all unanswered questions. On subsequent days, only new questions for the sitting are included in the Notice Paper. The full text of all unanswered questions is available at:


Questions unanswered


6 December 2017

*869 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In 2016-17, what total sum was spent by his department on credit card (a) interest, and (b) fees.

*870 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—
(1) In 2016-17, what sum was spent on his (a) domestic travel, and (b) international travel.
(2) Of this, (a) on what dates and to what locations did he travel, (b) how many departmental staff accompanied him on this travel, and (c) what was the purpose of the travel.

*871 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In 2016-17, what sum was spent on replacing lost, stolen or misplaced equipment of his ministerial staff, and what goods were replaced.

*872 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum was spent by his department on advertising and associated services in 2016-17, and what policy areas did this relate to.

*873 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum was spent by his department on market research and associated services 2016-17, and what policy areas did this inform.

*874 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum was spent on replenishing his drinks cabinet in 2016-17, on what date were these purchases made, and what was purchased.

*875 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—Were there any instances of fraud or theft detected by his department from (a) internal sources, or (b) external sources, that incurred costs to his department in 2016-17; if so (i) what fraud or theft took place, (ii) when did the fraud or theft take place, (iii) what was the cost to his department of this fraud or theft, and (iv) what action has been taken to prevent such theft or fraud occurring again.

*876 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of staff in his department, (a) how many redundancies were made in 2016-17, (b) in what area(s) were these redundancies, and (c) what was the cost of payments associated with these redundancies.

*877 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum was spent by his department on research and associated services 2016-17, and what policy areas did this inform.

*878 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of the use of (a) consultants, and (b) contractors, by his department in 2016-17, (i) what total sum was spent, (ii) what services were provided, and (iii) which firms provided the services.

*879 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of labour hire firms contracted by his department in 2016-17, (a) how many positions were filled using casual staff from labour hire firms, (b) what sum was spent on the provision of these casual staff, and (c) what roles did these casual staff fill.

*880 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of costs for departmental media, what sum was spent on drones in 2016-17.

*881 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of costs for departmental staff, what sum has been spent on (a) gym, and (b) pool, memberships in 2016-17, and was this part of an enterprise agreement entitlement.

*882 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum did his ministerial office spend on office furniture in 2016-17.

*883 MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum did his department spend on the end of 2016-17 party.
MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—What sum has been spent on media and public speaking training for Ministers within his portfolio since 2014.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of costs for departmental media, what sum was spent on (a) external social media and marketing consultants and/or agencies, (b) boosting or sponsoring Facebook posts, (c) boosting twitter posts, (d) advertising on YouTube, (e) advertising on Google, (f) advertising on snapchat, and (g) sponsored Instagram posts.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of non ‘.gov.au’ domain names for his department, (a) what sum was spent on domain names owned by his department in 2016-17, (b) how many domain names are owned by his department, (c) what are their urls, and (d) why does his department own these domain names.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of ministerial office expenses, what sum was spent on portrait photos of him in 2016-17.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In 2016-17, what sum was spent on (a) indoor plants, (b) office decorations, and (c) artwork, in his (i) ministerial office, and (ii) department.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of ministerial office expenses in 2016-17, (a) what sum was spent on the use of private dining rooms, and (b) where were these dinners held.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—In respect of departmental office expenses, (a) what sum was spent on the use of private dining rooms, and (b) where were these dinners held.

MR KEOGH: To ask the Minister for Social Services—Were there any instances of cyber security breaches within his ministerial office concerning the hacking of (a) mobile phones, (b) social media accounts; if so, what sum did it cost to (i) investigate, and (ii) remedy, these breaches.

MR GEORGANAS: To ask the Ministers listed below (question Nos. *893 to *894)—

1. How many tests have been conducted around Defence and non-Defence sites for perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) or other chemicals related to fighter fighting foams and retardants.

2. What were the results, broken down by location tested, and including maps of the impacted areas.

3. Specifically, have the estuaries, beaches and waterways around the Adelaide Airport been tested for contamination; if so, what were the results.

4. What remediation, if any, has been considered for contaminated sites around Australia.

5. Do any sites in South Australia require treatment or further testing; if so, what are the timelines.

6. What resources have been allocated to test firefighters and other personnel exposed to PFOS and PFOA.

7. What ongoing testing and treatment and or medial monitoring have been considered or implemented by the Government.

MR GEORGANAS: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Defence.

MR GEORGANAS: To ask the Minister for Infrastructure and Transport.

MR GEORGANAS: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Communications—

1. How many Australia Post posting boxes have been removed from around Australia over the last six years, broken down by (a) postcode, (b) state/territory, and (c) electorate.

2. How many Australia Post (Government) owned post offices have been closed or transferred to private ownership/franchisee status over the last six years.

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DAVID ELDER
Clerk of the House of Representatives
OCCUPANTS OF THE CHAIR

The Speaker
Mr A. D. H. Smith

The Deputy Speaker
Mr Coulton

The Second Deputy Speaker
Mr Mitchell

Speaker’s Panel Members
Ms Bird, Mr Buchholz, Ms Claydon, Mr Georganas, Mr Goodenough, Mr Hastie, Mr Hogan, Mr Howarth, Mr Irons, Ms Price, Ms Vamvakion, Mr Vasta, Mrs Wicks.

COMMITTEES

Unless otherwise shown, appointed for life of 45th Parliament

Standing

Pursuant to standing orders
AGRICULTURE AND WATER RESOURCES: Mr R. J. Wilson (Chair), Ms Keay (Deputy Chair), Mr Broad, Mr Fitzgibbon, Mr Keogh, Dr McVeigh, Mr Pasin, Mr Ramsey.

Current inquiry:
Water use efficiency.

APPROPRIATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Hart, Mr Hayes, Mrs Marino, Mr R. G. Mitchell, Mr Morton, Ms Owens, Mr Ramsey, Mr van Manen.

COMMUNICATIONS AND THE ARTS: Mr Howarth (Chair), Mr Watts (Deputy Chair), Mr Broad, Ms Henderson, Mr Littleproud, Ms McBride, Ms Templeman, Mr R. J. Wilson.

Current inquiry:
Australian film and television industry.

ECONOMICS: Mr Coleman (Chair), Mr Thistlethwaite (Deputy Chair), Mr Bandt, Ms Banks, Mr Buchholz, Mr Evans, Mr Hogan, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Keogh, Ms M. M. H. King.

Current inquiry:

EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING: Mr Laming (Chair), Ms T. M. Butler (Deputy Chair), Mr Evans, Mr Falinski, Ms Lamb, Mr O’Connor, Mr O’Dowd, Ms Sharkie, Mrs Sudmalis, Mr Wallace. (Mr Giles to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into school to work transition.)

Current inquiries:
Fair Work Amendment (Protecting Take Home Pay of All Workers) Bill 2017.
School to work transition.

ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY: Mr Broad (Chair), Mr Conroy (Deputy Chair), Mr Entsch, Mr Evans, Mr Howarth, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Khalil, Ms Stanley. (Mr Bandt to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into modernising Australia’s electricity grid.)

Current inquiry:
Modernising Australia’s electricity grid.

HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT: Mr Zimmerman (Chair), Mr Georganas (Deputy Chair), Mr Drum, Dr Freelander, Mr Laming, Mrs Wicks, Mr T. R. Wilson, Mr Zappia.

Current inquiry:
The use of electronic cigarettes and personal vaporisers in Australia.
HOUSE: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Hayes, Mrs Marino, Mr Perrett, Mr Ramsey, Ms Ryan, Mr van Manen.

INDIGENOUS AFFAIRS: Ms Price (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Ms Claydon, Mr Hammond, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mrs Sudmalis, Mr R. J. Wilson.

Current inquiries:
Educational opportunities for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students.

The growing presence of inauthentic Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ‘style’ art and craft products and merchandise for sale across Australia.

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION, SCIENCE AND RESOURCES: Ms M. L. Landry (Chair), Mr Gosling (Deputy Chair), Mr Khalil, Mr Littleproud, Dr McVeigh, Mr B. K. Mitchell, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr T. R. Wilson.

Current inquiry:
Impacts on local businesses in Australia from global internet-based competition.

INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND CITIES: Mr Wallace (Chair), Ms Bird (Deputy Chair), Mr Entsch, Mr Gee, Mr Giles, Ms McBride, Ms McGowan, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Zimmerman (Member to be appointed). (Mrs Sudmalis to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the development of cities.)

Current inquiry:
Development of cities.

PETITIONS: Mrs Wicks (Chair), Mrs Elliot (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Buchholz, Mr Georganas, Mr Morton, Mr O’Dowd. (Member to be appointed)

Current inquiry:
E-petitions.

PRIVILEGES AND MEMBERS’ INTERESTS: Mr Vasta (Chair), Mr Conroy (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Fitzgibbon, Mr Giles, Mr Goodenough, Mr Irons, Ms M. L. Landry, Mrs Marino, Mr Snowdon, Mr Swan.

Current inquiry:
Whether the former Member for Dunkley, Mr Bruce Billson, by accepting an appointment as, and acting as, a paid director of the Franchise Council of Australia whilst still a Member of the House gives rise either to any issues that may constitute a contempt of the House or to any issues concerning the appropriate conduct of a Member having regard to their responsibilities to their constituents and to the public interest.

PROCEDURE: Mr Pasin (Chair), Mr Dick (Deputy Chair), Ms T. M. Butler, Mr Gee, Mr Goodenough, Mr Irons, Ms Ryan.

Current inquiry:
Maintenance of the Standing Orders.

PUBLICATIONS: Mr Christensen (Chair), Ms M. M. H. King (Deputy Chair), Mr Falinski, Ms Lamb, Mrs Marino, Ms Stanley, Mr Vasta.

Current inquiry:
Printing standards for documents presented to Parliament.

SELECTION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Drum, Mr Georganas, Mr Hayes, Ms M. L. Landry, Mrs Marino, Mr Perrett, Mr Ramsey, Mr Robert, Ms Ryan, Mr van Manen.

SOCIAL POLICY AND LEGAL AFFAIRS: Ms Henderson (Chair), Ms Claydon (Deputy Chair), Ms Banks, Mr Christensen, Dr Freelander, Ms Husar, Ms Ley, Mr T. R. Wilson.

Current inquiry:
A better family law system to support and protect those affected by family violence.

TAX AND REVENUE: Mr Hogan (Chair), Ms Owens (Deputy Chair), Ms T. M. Butler, Mr Dick, Mr Falinski, Ms Flint, Mr Leeser, Mr van Manen.

Current inquiries:
Taxpayer engagement with the tax system.

Select

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND DECENTRALISATION: (Formed 1 June 2017): Dr McVeigh (Chair), Ms Swanson (Deputy Chair), Ms L. M. Chester, Mr Drum, Mr Jones, Mr Littleproud, Ms McGowan, Mr Pasin, Ms Price, Mr Ramsey. (To report by 28 February 2018.)

Joint Select

GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT: (Formed 1 December 2016): Senator Xenophon (Chair), Senator Kitching (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Ms Ley, Ms Sharkie, Ms Swanson, Mr Zappia, Senator Abetz, Senator Bushby, Senator Carr (Final report presented 8 August 2017; Committee dissolved.)

OVERSIGHT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF REDRESS RELATED RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ROYAL COMMISSION INTO INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSES TO CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE: (Formed 20 June 2017): Senator Duniam, Senator Moore, Senator Stewart. (Members to be appointed) (To report on 29 November 2018.)

Joint Statutory

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT INTEGRITY: Senator McKenzie (Chair), Senator Bilyk (Deputy Chair), Mr Buchholz, Mrs Elliot, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr Robert, Mr Zappia, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Watt. (Member to be appointed)

Current inquiries:
- Examination of the Annual Report of Integrity Commissioner 2015-16.
- Integrity of Australia’s border arrangements.

BROADCASTING OF PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS: The Speaker (Chairman), The President (Vice-Chairman), Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Mr Christensen, Ms Templeman, Mr Vasta, Senator Bushby, Senator Farrell.

CORPORATIONS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES: Mr Irons (Chair), Senator O’Neill (Deputy Chair), Ms T. M. Butler, Mr Falinski, Mr Keogh, Mr van Manen, Senator Hume, Senator Ketter, Senator Williams, Senator Whish-Wilson.

Current inquiries:
- Life insurance industry.
- Oversight of ASIC, the Takeovers Panel and the Corporations Legislation No. 1 of the 45th Parliament.
- Whistleblower protections in the corporate, public and not-for-profit sectors.

HUMAN RIGHTS: Mr Goodenough (Chair), Mr Perrett (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Ms M. M. H. King, Mr Leeser, Senator Brown, Senator McKim, Senator Moore, Senator Paterson, Senator Reynolds.

INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY: Mr Hastie (Chair), Mr Byrne (Deputy Chair), Mr Dreyfus, Dr M. J. Kelly, Mr Leeser, Mr Wood, Senator Bushby, Senator Fawcett, Senator McAllister, Senator McKenzie, Senator Wong.

Current inquiries:
- Review of Administration and Expenditure No. 16 (2016-17).
- Review of ASIO’s questioning and detention powers.
- Review of police stop, search and seizure powers, the control order regime and the preventative detention order regime.
- Review of the ‘declared area’ provisions.
- Review of the listing of Islamic State Khorasan Province and the re-listing of al-Murabitun as terrorist organisations under the Criminal Code.

LAW ENFORCEMENT: Mr C. Kelly (Chair), Senator Singh (Deputy Chair), Dr Aly, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Ms O’Neill, Mr Wood, Senator Bushby, Senator Abetz, Senator Farrell, Senator Kakoschke-Moore.

Current inquiries:
- Crystal methamphetamine (ice).
- Examination of the Australian Federal Police Annual Report 2015-16.
Illicit tobacco.
The impact of new and emerging information and communications technology.

**PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT:** Senator Smith (Chair), Mr Hill (Deputy Chair), Ms Brodtmann, Ms Flint, Mr Gee, Mr Hart, Mr Hogan, Ms M. M. H. King, Mr Laming, Mrs Marino, Dr McVeigh, Senator Abetz, Senator Ketter, Senator McAllister, Senator McKenzie. (Member to be appointed)

*Current inquiries:*
- Auditor-General’s report no. 5 (2017-18).
- Commonwealth performance framework.
- Commonwealth procurement.
- Defence sustainment expenditure.

**PUBLIC WORKS:** Mr Buchholz (Chair), Mr Zappia (Deputy Chair), Mr Coleman, Mr Goodenough, Ms Keay, Ms Ryan, Senator Gallacher, Senator Smith, Senator Williams.

**Joint Standing**

**ELECTORAL MATTERS:** Senator Reynolds (Chair), Mr Giles (Deputy Chair), Mr Buchholz, Mr Dick, Mr Morton, Mrs Wicks, Senator Brown, Senator Ketter, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Rhiannon.

*Current inquiries:*
- Conduct of the 2016 federal election and matters related thereto.
- Matters relating to Section 44 of the Constitution.

**FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE:** Senator Fawcett (Chair), Mr Champion (Deputy Chair), Dr Aly, Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Claydon, Mr Crewther, Mr Drum, Mr Feeney, Mr C. Kelly, Ms M. M. H. King, Mr Littleproud, Dr McVeigh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Perrett, Ms Price, Mr Ramsey, Mr Snowdon, Mrs Sudmalis, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Wallace, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Gallagher, Senator Macdonald, Senator McKenzie, Senator McCarthy, Senator Moore, Senator O’Neill, Senator Reynolds, Senator Singh, Senator Smith, Senator Whish-Wilson. (Member to be appointed)

*Current inquiries:*
- Australia’s trade and investment relationship with the United Kingdom.
- Benefits and risks of a Bipartisan Australian Defence Agreement.
- Establishing a Modern Slavery Act in Australia.
- Freedom of religion and belief.
- Human organ trafficking and organ transplant tourism.

**MIGRATION:** Mr Wood (Chair), Ms Vamvakinou (Deputy Chair), Mr Drum, Mr Georganas, Mr Neumann, Mr Vasta, Senator Brockman, Senator Dastyari, Senator McKim, Senator Paterson.

*Current inquiry:*
- Migrant settlement outcomes.

**NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK:** Ms Ley (Chair), Mr J. H. Wilson (Deputy Chair), Mr Broad, Ms Brodtmann, Mr Howarth, Mr Jones, Ms McGowan, Mr B.K. Mitchell, Mrs Wicks, Senator Griff, Senator Hanson, Senator Hanson-Young, Senator Hume, Senator Ketter, Senator O’Neill, Senator Smith, Senator Urquhart.

**NATIONAL CAPITAL AND EXTERNAL TERRITORIES:** Mr Morton (Chair), Ms Brodtmann (Deputy Chair), Mr Coulton, Mr Leeser, Ms Ley, Mr Snowdon, Senator Duniam, Senator Gallagher, Senator Lines, Senator McCarthy, Senator Paterson, Senator Rhiannon.

*Current inquiries:*
- Australia’s Antarctic Territory.
- Review of the National Capital Authority: Biannual Public Briefings.
- Strategic importance of the Indian Ocean Territories.
NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME: Mr K. J. Andrews (Chair), Senator Gallacher (Deputy Chair), Ms Husar, Ms Macklin, Mrs Sudmalis, Mr Wallace, Senator Brockman, Senator Brown, Senator Duniam, Senator Siewert.

Current inquiries:
- General issues around the implementation and performance of the NDIS.
- Provision of services under the NDIS Early Childhood Early Intervention Approach.
- Transitional arrangements for the NDIS.

NORTHERN AUSTRALIA: Mr Entsch (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Ms M. L. Landry, Ms O’Toole, Ms Price, Senator Dodson, Senator Macdonald, Senator McCarthy, Senator Smith. (Member to be appointed)

Current inquiry:
- Opportunities and methods for stimulating the tourism industry in Northern Australia.

PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY: Mr Ramsey (Chair), Senator Lines (Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Byrne, Dr Freelander, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Brockman, Senator Duniam, Senator Moore, Senator Paterson. (Member to be appointed)

TRADE AND INVESTMENT GROWTH: Mr O’Dowd (Chair), Senator Watt (Deputy Chair), Mr Hart, Mr Khalil, Mr R. J. Wilson, Senator Abetz, Senator Chisholm, Senator Hume. (Members to be appointed)

Current inquiry:
- The trade system and the digital economy.

TREATIES: Mr Robert (Chair), Mr Danby (Deputy Chair), Mr Crewther, Mrs Marino, Ms Templeman, Mr Vasta, Mr Wallace, Mr J. H. Wilson, Senator Brockman, Senator Dastyari, Senator Fawcett, Senator Hanson-Young, Senator Kitching, Senator Macdonald, Senator McAllister. (Member to be appointed)

Current inquiries:
- Air Force Training—Singapore.
- Bonn Convention—Amendment.
- Deployment of Personnel—Solomon Islands.
- Extradition—Jordan.
- Mutual Legal Assistance—Jordan.
- PACER Plus—Agreement.
- Reprocessing Nuclear Fuel—France.
- Space Tracking and Communication—USA.
- Universal Postal Union—Amendments.

APPOINTMENTS TO STATUTORY BODIES

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF AUSTRALIA ADVISORY COUNCIL: Mrs Prentice (appointed 20 March 2017, for a period of 3 years).

COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY OF AUSTRALIA: Mr Leeser (appointed 10 November 2016, for a period of 3 years).

PARLIAMENTARY RETIRING ALLOWANCES TRUST: Mr Entsch (appointed 15 September 2016); Mr Fitzgibbon (appointed 19 October 2010).

By Authority of the House of Representatives