BUSINESS ACCORDED PRIORITY FOR THIS SITTING

10.10 AM TO 12 NOON

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Notices

1 MS M. M. H. KING: To present a Bill for an Act to amend the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009, and for related purposes. (National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment (Small Amount Credit Contract and Consumer Lease Reforms) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 29 November 2018. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

2 MR WILKIE: To present a Bill for an Act to provide a legislative response to all people seeking asylum in Australia, and for related purposes. (Refugee Protection Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

3 MR BANDT: To present a Bill for an Act to prohibit the mining of thermal coal in the Galilee Basin, and for related purposes. (Galilee Basin (Coal Prohibition) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

4 MR BANDT: To present a Bill for an Act to restrict activities in relation to thermal coal, and for related purposes. (Coal Prohibition (Quit Coal) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

5 MS SHARKIE: To present a Bill for an Act to amend the Banking Act 1959 in relation to loans to primary production businesses, and for related purposes. (Banking Amendment (Rural Finance Reform) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

6 MS MCGOWAN: To present a Bill for an Act to establish the Office for Regional Australia, and for related purposes. (Office for Regional Australia Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

7 MR KATTER: To present a Bill for an Act to amend the Reserve Bank Act 1959, and for related purposes. (Reserve Bank Amendment (Australian Reconstruction and Development Board) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

8 MS SHARKIE: To present A Bill for an Act to amend the Export Control Act 1982, and for related purposes. (Export Control Amendment (Banning Cotton Exports to Ensure Water Security) Bill 2019)
   (Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

* Notifications to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed appear for the first time
† Debate to be adjourned to a future day at the conclusion of the time allotted.
†9 MS O’TOOLE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Townsville has experienced the worst floods in recorded history;
   (b) Townsville received a year’s rainfall in nine days, with 1,134 millimetres recorded up to 9 am on Monday 4 February 2019, reaching over 1.65 metres;  
   (c) the Ross River Dam reached a record breaking 244 per cent capacity; and
   (d) more than 22,000 homes and 110 roads in Townsville were affected by this extreme weather event;

(2) acknowledges the:
   (a) professional and skilled work undertaken by the Townsville Local Disaster Management Group;
   (b) dedicated and collaborative work undertaken by the Australian Defence Force (ADF), Emergency Services and State Emergency Services (SES) in rescuing stranded residents in dangerous circumstances;
   (c) commitment and hard work of the ADF in the massive recovery clean-up process; and
   (d) amazing work of the SES, Ergon Energy, Townsville City Council workers, businesses and the thousands of community volunteers for their efforts to assist the many people whose homes were inundated; and

(3) calls on the Government to end the confusion related to the disaster recovery payment and assist the thousands of distressed Townsville residents during this difficult time.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 12 noon.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day


3 OFFSHORE PETROLEUM AND GREENHOUSE GAS STORAGE AMENDMENT (MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS) BILL 2018 (Minister representing the Minister for Resources and Northern Australia): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 March 2018—Mr Marles).


*9 APPROPRIATION (PARLIAMENTARY DEPARTMENTS) BILL (NO. 2) 2018-2019 (Special Minister of State): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Mr Dreyfus).

*10 GOVERNOR-GENERAL AMENDMENT (SALARY) BILL 2019 (Assistant Minister to the Prime Minister): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Ms Rishworth).


15 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (PROHIBITING ENERGY MARKET MISCONDUCT) BILL 2018 (Treasurer): Further consideration in detail (from 6 December 2018).


*17 TREATMENT BENEFITS (SPECIAL ACCESS) BILL 2019 (Minister for Veterans’ Affairs): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Ms Rishworth).


*19 AUSTRALIAN VETERANS’ RECOGNITION (PUTTING VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES FIRST) BILL 2019 (Minister for Veterans’ Affairs): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Mr Burke).


21 FUTURE DROUGHT FUND (CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS) BILL 2018 (Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Zappia).


32 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (RIGHT TO REQUEST CASUAL CONVERSION) BILL 2019 (Minister for Jobs and Industrial Relations): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 13 February 2019—Mr Zappia).


35 AGED CARE AMENDMENT (MOVEMENT OF PROVISIONALLY ALLOCATED PLACES) BILL 2019 (Minister for Senior Australians and Aged Care): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 13 February 2019—Dr Leigh).


*41 NATIONAL HEALTH AMENDMENT (PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS) BILL 2019 (Minister for Health): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Mr Bowen).


*43 NATIONAL SPORTS TRIBUNAL (CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS) BILL 2019 (Minister for Health): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Mr Bowen).


45 AGRICULTURAL AND VETERINARY CHEMICALS LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (STREAMLINING REGULATION) BILL 2018 (Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 18 October 2018—Mr Bowen).

46 TERTIARY EDUCATION QUALITY AND STANDARDS AGENCY AMENDMENT BILL 2018 (Minister for Education): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 13 February 2019—Ms Templeman, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Tehan—That the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Giles, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House notes that the Government has damaged the quality of Australia’s world-class higher education system, having cut billions from universities by effectively capping undergraduate places, and slashing research funding.”.


48 TIMOR SEA MARITIME BOUNDARIES TREATY CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS BILL 2018 (Minister for Education): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Zappia).

49 PASSENGER MOVEMENT CHARGE AMENDMENT (TIMOR SEA MARITIME BOUNDARIES TREATY) BILL 2018 (Minister for Education): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Zappia).

50 OFFSHORE PETROLEUM AND GREENHOUSE GAS STORAGE AMENDMENT (REGULATIONS REFERENCES) BILL 2018 (Minister for Defence Personnel): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2018—Mr O’Connor).
51 OFFSHORE PETROLEUM AND GREENHOUSE GAS STORAGE (REGULATORY LEVIES) AMENDMENT (REGULATIONS REFERENCES) BILL 2018 (Minister for Defence Personnel): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2018—Mr O’Connor).

52 HIGHER EDUCATION SUPPORT (CHARGES) BILL 2018 (Minister for Education): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 4 December 2018—Ms O’Toole, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Tehan—That the Bill be now read a second time—and on the amendment moved thereto by Ms Plibersek, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House notes that, over five years, the Government has cut billions in funding from Australia’s universities and vocational education and training, making it harder for Australians to attain a university or TAFE qualification.”.


54 MIGRATION AMENDMENT (STREAMLINING VISA PROCESSING) BILL 2018 (Minister for the Environment): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 29 November 2018—Mr Bowen).


57 SOCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (PAYMENT INTEGRITY) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 21 June 2017—Mr Clare).

58 AUSTRALIAN PASSPORTS AMENDMENT (IDENTITY-MATCHING SERVICES) BILL 2018 (Minister for Foreign Affairs): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 7 February 2018—Mr Fitzgibbon).


60 SOCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (MAINTAINING INCOME THRESHOLDS) BILL 2018 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 10 May 2018—Mr Husic).

61 EXPORT LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (LIVE- STOCK) BILL 2018 (Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 31 May 2018—Mr Pyne) on the motion of Mr Littleproud—That the Bill be now read a second time—and on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Fitzgibbon, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House notes the Turnbull Government’s failure to protect Australia’s reputation as an exporter of clean, green, safe, high quality and ethically produced food”.


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70 MARINE SAFETY (DOMESTIC COMMERCIAL VESSEL) LEVY BILL 2018 (Assistant Minister to the Deputy Prime Minister): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 February 2018—Ms C. F. King).

71 MARINE SAFETY (DOMESTIC COMMERCIAL VESSEL) LEVY COLLECTION BILL 2018 (Assistant Minister to the Deputy Prime Minister): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 February 2018—Ms C. F. King).

72 MARINE SAFETY (DOMESTIC COMMERCIAL VESSEL) LEVY (CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS) BILL 2018 (Assistant Minister to the Deputy Prime Minister): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 28 February 2018—Ms C. F. King).

73 COMMONWEALTH REDRESS SCHEME FOR INSTITUTIONAL CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 26 October 2017—Mr Albanese).

74 COMMONWEALTH REDRESS SCHEME FOR INSTITUTIONAL CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE (CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS) BILL 2017 (Minister for Social Services): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 26 October 2017—Ms Rishworth).


76 TAXATION ADMINISTRATION AMENDMENT (CORPORATE TAX ENTITY INFORMATION) BILL 2018 (from Senate): Second reading (from 26 June 2018).

77 PRODUCTIVITY COMMISSION AMENDMENT (ADDRESSING INEQUALITY) BILL 2017 (from Senate): Second reading (from 26 November 2018).


79 LONG-HAUL LIVE SHEEP EXPORTS: Consideration of Senate’s message No. 483 (from 5 December 2018).

80 MURRAY-DARLING BASIN PLAN: Consideration of Senate’s message No. 191 (from 10 August 2017).


**Notices**

1 **MR PYNE**: To move—that orders of the day Nos 2 to 6, 8 to 10 and 12, government business in the Federation Chamber, be discharged from the Notice Paper.

   (Notice given 29 March 2017.)

2 **MR PYNE**: To move—that the introduction to the table in standing order 1 be amended to read as follows:

   1 Maximum speaking times
   
   The maximum time limits that apply to debates, speeches and statements are as follows provided that any time taken by interruptions for the purposes of calling and forming a quorum shall not count towards the maximum speaking time allowed to the Member speaking at the time.

   (Notice given 30 August 2016.)

3 **MR PYNE**: To move—that standing order 47 be amended to read as follows:

   47 Motions for suspension of orders
   
   (a) A Minister may move, with or without notice, the suspension of any standing or other order of the House.
   
   (b) If a suspension motion is moved on notice, it shall appear on the Notice Paper and may be carried by a majority of votes.
   
   (c) If a suspension motion is moved without notice it:
   
   (i) must be relevant to any business under discussion and seconded; and
   
   (ii) can be carried only by an absolute majority of Members.
   
   (d) Any suspension of orders shall be limited to the particular purpose of the suspension.

   (Notice given 30 August 2016.)
MR PYNE: To move—That standing order 31 (automatic adjournment of the House) and standing order 33 (limit on business) be suspended for the sitting on Wednesday, 28 March 2018.  
(Notice given 27 March 2018.)

MR PYNE: To move—That standing order 31 (automatic adjournment of the House) and standing order 33 (limit on business) be suspended for the sitting on Thursday, 6 December 2018.  
(Notice given 5 December 2018.)

Orders of the day—continued

82 STATUTE LAW REVISION BILL 2016 (Prime Minister): First reading (from 30 August 2016).

83 MESSAGE FROM SENATE: Resumption of debate (from 1 September 2016) on the motion of Mr Albanese—That Senate’s message No. 1 be considered at the first available opportunity.

84 FINANCIAL SERVICES INDUSTRY: Consideration of Senate’s message No. 80 (from 1 December 2016).

85 TARIFF PROPOSALS (Mr Dutton):  
Customs Tariff Proposal (No. 1) 2017—moved 15 February 2017—Resumption of debate (Mr Zappia).

86 TARIFF PROPOSALS (Mr Taylor):  
Customs Tariff Proposal (No. 1) 2018—moved 7 February 2018—Resumption of debate (Mr Fitzgibbon).  
Customs Tariff Proposal (No. 2) 2018—moved 31 May 2018—Resumption of debate (Ms Rishworth).

Contingent notices of motion

Contingent on the motion for the second reading of any bill being moved: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the resumption of debate on the motion that the bill be read a second time being made an order of the day for a later hour.

Contingent on any report relating to a bill being received from the Federation Chamber: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the remaining stages being passed without delay.

Contingent on any bill being agreed to at the conclusion of the consideration in detail stage: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

Contingent on any message being received from the Senate transmitting any bill for concurrence: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the bill being passed through all its stages without delay.

Contingent on the second reading of a bill being agreed to and the Speaker having announced any message from the Governor General under standing order 147: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS—continued

Notices—continued

1 MR GEORGANAS: To move—That this House:  
(1) notes that:  
(a) South Australia’s involvement in the space industry dates back to 1947 when the Woomera Rocket Range (the Range) was established on the Arcoona plateau as part of an agreement between the British and Australian governments under the Anglo-Australian Joint Project;  
(b) the Range was initially established to develop long range missiles in response to the threat of attacks on London in World War II and the developing cold war in Europe—over 4,000 short range missiles were tested between 1947 and 1980;  
(c) in 2016 the South Australian Government released the Space Innovation and Growth Strategy (South Australia): Action Plan 2016-2020, the first space strategy of any Australian jurisdiction;
(d) in 2017 the South Australian Government created the South Australian Space Industry Centre (SASIC) to support the growing space ecosystem in the state; and

(e) SASIC is well positioned to drive space industry innovation, research and entrepreneurial development and is already home to around 60 space related organisations;

(2) recognises that:

(a) for over 70 years South Australia has been a national leader in the development of capability for an Australian space industry and has provided a world class launch facility at Woomera;

(b) annual revenue from the Australian space industry sector is estimated at between $3 and $4 billion, and employment in the sector is estimated to be between 9,500 and 11,500 full time equivalent; and

(c) South Australia is well positioned to participate in an Australian space program in the future;

(3) notes the:

(a) challenges faced by the Australian Space Agency (ASA) as identified by the Review of Australia’s Space Industry Capability; and

(b) Australian Government’s:

(i) failure to give ASA the certainty it needs, through its refusal to enshrine its work, structure and objectives in legislation; and

(ii) irresponsibility in allowing decisions around the long term location of this important nation building project to deteriorate into a politically motivated bidding war;

(4) welcomes that the new ASA be based in Canberra with nodes in the states and territories; and

(5) further notes:

(a) that the development of an Australian space industry is a national endeavour which requires the active participation of companies, universities, workers and scientists across the nation;

(b) that a Labor Australian Government will invest over $51 million in an Australian Space Industry Plan to promote the development of the Australian space industry, including establishing:

(i) the Australian Space and Science and Industry Agency to drive investment and co-ordinate the activities of state governments, scientists, industry and universities;

(ii) a Space Industry Innovation Council to serve as an advisory board for the agency, develop an industry wide agenda and build international confidence; and

(iii) a Space Industry Supplier Advocate to open up opportunities for space industry companies, attracting investment and jobs;

(c) the success of the International Astronautical Congress 2017; and

(d) that South Australia is well positioned to participate in an Australian space program in the future based on our world class tertiary institutions, active international engagement strategies with lead countries, business environment and defence reputation.

(Notice given 28 June 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 18 February 2019.)

2 MS T. M. BUTLER: To move—That this House:

(1) abhors the Government’s neglect of Queensland in respect of arts funding;

(2) notes that Queensland is significantly under-represented in the allocation of federal arts funding;

(3) notes that even though Queenslanders pay about 18 per cent of the country’s individual taxes, Queensland received:

(a) on average only 6.18 per cent of Department of Communications and the Arts grants in 2014 to 2017; and

(b) on average only 9.26 per cent of Australia Council arts grants for those years; and

(4) calls on the Government to address its failure to support the arts in Queensland.

(Notice given 14 August 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 18 February 2019.)
3 MR HILL: To move—That this House:

(1) reaffirms that:

(a) Australian citizenship is precious and the community must have confidence that the Australian Citizenship Act 2007 is administered fairly, impartially and with integrity; and

(b) the law provides that Australian citizenship by conferral is available to permanent residents who meet the legislated criteria, regardless of visa class;

(2) notes the enormous, inexplicable and unconscionable delays by the Department of Home Affairs in processing thousands of citizenship applications;

(3) notes that since it last debated this issue on 20 March 2017, processing times have continued to deteriorate with the current processing times for conferral applications on the department’s website indicating that 75 per cent of applications are processed within 14 months and 90 per cent of applications are processed within 17 months;

(4) decries:

(a) the appalling and growing backlog which has seen the number of applications on hand for citizenship by conferral blow out from 26,920 in 2013-14, the year that the Labor Government left office, to 106,384 in 2016-17 and, shockingly, to 242,606 at 30 June 2018; and

(b) the devastating impact of delays and uncertainty on affected Australian permanent residents seeking to confirm their commitment to Australia, whose lives are in limbo, whose mental health is suffering, who are often unable to travel and who have been separated from their family for many years;

(5) notes the lack of a proper response by the Government to the Federal Court of Australia’s judgment in BMF v Minister for Immigration and Border Protection [2016] which:

(a) found that there had been unreasonable delays in the department’s processing of citizenship applications of two men on protection visas who had been waiting 18 months and 23 months, respectively;

(b) received evidence from the Minister for Immigration and Border Protection that more than 10,000 applications requiring ‘further assessment’ were outstanding as of July 2016, yet only 12 officers in the department were even trained to assess these applications; and

(c) noted that the evidence provided suggested that something beyond resourcing of the citizenship program had caused very significant delays, and that the possibility of applications being ordered by reference to an ‘unreasonable rationale’ could not be excluded; and

(6) rejects the conflicting advice provided by two Ministers as to what is actually going on in the Department of Home Affairs as the then Minister for Immigration and Border Protection in a submission to the Federal Court of Australia in relation to BMF v Minister for Immigration and Border Protection [2016] stated that ‘over the last two years, there were 13,900 applications identified as requiring “thorough analysis” or “further assessment” and of those applications, only 3,669 applications have been finalised’, yet responses to Questions in Writing provided by the current Minister for Citizenship and Multicultural Affairs on 6 June 2018 (House Hansard 18 June 2018), claimed that the department ‘does not attribute applications into broad designations or categories’ such as those requiring “thorough analysis” or “further assessment”;

(7) notes the Commonwealth Ombudsman’s statement in Report No. 3 of 2017 Delays in processing of applications for Australian Citizenship by conferral that ‘the department risks unlawfully delaying citizenship conferral for some applicants while it either defers decision-making because it is too hard, struggles with a lack of verifiable evidence, or while it allows an application to be inactive (not processed) for long periods of time’;

(8) notes that despite the then Minister for Immigration and Border Protection asserting on 5 April 2017 that ‘additional Caseload Assurance Officers have been allocated to support and assess complex applications with higher identity risks’, the number of applicants who acquired Australian citizenship by conferral plummeted from 139,285 in 2016-17 to 80,562 in 2017-18; and
calls on the Government to:
(a) admit to and apologise for these delays;
(b) take immediate action to process the full backlog of citizenship applications this year; and
(c) publicly assure affected people and the wider community that the citizenship function will be administered fairly, impartially and expeditiously in the future.

(Notice given 15 August 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 18 February 2019.)

4 MR BANDT: To move—That this House has no confidence in the Minister for Home Affairs.
(Notice given 10 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

5 MR KEOGH: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) Labor committed to a legislated Fair Share Fund for Western Australia back in August 2017 to bring Western Australia up to 70 cents equivalent in GST distribution;
(b) after delaying the release of the Productivity Commission Horizontal Fiscal Equalisation report for months, the Australian Government only announced a package to assist Western Australia on GST distribution in July 2018; and
(c) the Australian Government has failed to:
(i) provide the states and territories or this parliament with any detail about how its GST ‘plan’ will be funded; and
(ii) guarantee it will not cut other state funding like schools, hospitals or infrastructure to fund their plan;
(2) acknowledges:
(a) the importance of legislating a GST floor to ensure certainty for the people of Western Australia and indeed the entire nation of a fair go on GST distribution; and
(b) that the Opposition has committed to legislate, should it win Government, a 70 cent floor for Western Australia’s GST share in its first 100 days from 2019-20, and 75 cents from 2024-25 as a permanent fixture of the Horizontal Fiscal Equalisation system;
(3) condemns the so called ‘New Generation’ Australian Government for:
(a) running a misinformation campaign through misleading advertisements from Government members regarding Labor’s position on GST;
(b) refusing to deliver details of its plan for GST to the states and territories; and
(c) failing to guarantee that no state or territory will be worse off under any such plan; and
(4) calls on the Australian Government to work co-operatively with federal Labor and the states and territories to solidify the GST plan for Western Australia and across our nation to ensure a fair share for Western Australia and for all on GST.
(Notice given 11 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

6 MS SHARKIE: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) Australians are increasingly required to go online to access government and community services;
(b) as measured by the Australian Digital Inclusion Index, there is a growing ‘digital divide’ between Australians who have the means and capacity to access online services and those who do not;
(c) low income, elderly, Indigenous, rural and disabled Australians, but especially elderly women, are over-represented on the far side of the digital divide;
(d) households are spending a growing proportion of their income on internet services (from 1 per cent in 2014 to 1.19 per cent in 2017) raising affordability concerns for the poorest segments of the Australian community; and
(e) the withdrawal of face-to-face Centrelink and Medicare services is having a particularly detrimental impact upon Australians on the far side of the digital divide; and
(2) calls on the Australian Government to:
   (a) recognise the importance of access for all Australians to essential government services;
   (b) use digitisation of essential government services to enhance rather than to replace face-to-face services; and
   (c) undertake a review into the effect of the digital divide upon the delivery of Centrelink and Medicare services.

(Notice given 11 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

7 MR BANDT: To move—That this House:
   (1) expresses concern at the continuing and alarming practice of so-called conversion and reparative therapies on LGBTIQ+ people;
   (2) notes the call for the criminalisation of such practices, including by the United Nations Human Rights Commissioner and most recently in Australia by Amnesty International and a number of religious and community leaders, including Victorian Young Australian of the Year recipients Mr Jason Ball and Ms Georgie Stone; and
   (3) calls on the Government to legislate for the criminalisation of such practices.

(Notice given 11 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

8 DR ALY: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) the National Ice Action Strategy currently relies on 2011 Census population data to allocate funds to treatment services across the country; and
      (b) recommendation 11 of the Joint Committee on Law Enforcement’s inquiry into crystal methamphetamine (ice) Final Report (March 2018) recommends that the Department of Health considers using 2016 Census and National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program data to determine the allocation of National Ice Action Strategy funding for 2019-20;
   (2) recognises the Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission’s National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program Report 4 (March 2018) shows Western Australia’s ice usage figures far exceed the national average;
   (3) condemns the Australian Government for its failure to:
      (a) provide sufficient funding for treatment services in Western Australia; and
      (b) enact Recommendation 11 of the inquiry into crystal methamphetamine (ice) Final Report; and
   (4) calls on the Government to enact Recommendation 11 to allocate funding for 2019-20.

(Notice given 13 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

9 MR KEOGH: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) the fear of insurance implications has been shown to deter the uptake of potentially lifesaving clinical genetic testing and research participation;
      (b) the Parliamentary Joint Committee on Corporations and Financial Services unanimous report Life Insurance Industry (27 March 2018), revealed that genetic data is not presently sufficiently accurate or reliable, particularly in relation to the increasingly popular direct to consumer genetic testing, for a duty to disclose to be appropriate;
      (c) the Committee was unanimously of the view that a ban on the use of predictive genetic test results in life insurance underwriting be implemented, at least in the medium term, in a form similar to the United Kingdom Moratorium; and
      (d) there are concerns that the current self-regulation model applied to use of genetic data by the life insurance industry is conflicted and a co-regulatory approach would strike an appropriate balance between safeguarding against the improper use of genetic information by the life insurance industry while still allowing it to operate efficiently;
(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) the Government was due to respond to the unanimous Report three months after it was presented; and
   (b) nearly six months after the Committee report was presented, the Government is yet to respond; and
(3) calls on the Government to respond to the Report, particularly in respect of its recommendations concerning the use of genetic information by life insurers.

(Notice given 18 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

10 MR WATTS: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) tragically, so called ‘gay conversion therapy’ remains an issue in Australia;
      (b) ‘gay conversion therapy’ is a practice that:
         (i) is outdated, discredited and dangerous; and
         (ii) has been condemned by experts as a form of torture;
      (c) it is impossible to measure the harm inflicted on the LGBTI community through the practice of ‘gay conversion therapy’ as it operates outside the regulated medical system;
      (d) the Australian Medical Association unequivocally condemns ‘gay conversion therapy’ because it recognises that that the practice is not only harmful to individuals, but to broader society;
      (e) the practice of ‘gay conversion therapy’ presents a serious threat to the health and human rights of anyone who suffers through it;
      (f) for the above reasons, the vast majority of Australians are against this harmful and inhumane practice; and
   (2) calls on the Government to:
      (a) recognise the harm that the practice of ‘gay conversion therapy’ has on not only LGBTI Australians, but also on the wider Australian community; and
      (b) reflect the views of the majority of Australians by condemning the abhorrent practice of so-called ‘gay conversion therapy’.

(Notice given 18 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

11 MS MCGOWAN: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) under the pension assets test, which was introduced in 1985, the value of the residential family home is exempt when assessing the assets to be tested;
      (b) when the family home is located on a large block of land, such as a farm or rural residential block, land around the home up to the amount of two hectares is also exempt;
      (c) in 2006 the Government introduced changes to allow for the exemption of all the land on the same title document as the family home where:
         (i) the claimant is of age pension age and claiming Age Pension, Carer Payment or Service Pension;
         (ii) they have a long term attachment to the land of at least 20 years; and
         (iii) they can show that land with commercial potential is being used to generate an income;
      (d) the requirement for a 20 year attachment to the land, requires the person to have been living on the land for 20 years, a definition which excludes a significant number of rural pensioners;
      (e) at the time, the stated intent of the 2006 measure was to assist people owning land in rural residential areas, those with bush blocks with little commercial potential, retired farmers with small holdings and retired farmers who still live on their farm while it is being worked by someone else;
      (f) the definition of attachment to land as ‘living on the land’, excludes many pensioners that may own rural property but have not lived there continuously, even when they have owned the land for decades—in many cases pensioners decide to move to their rural property as part of their retirement and this is often the case in rural residential areas, or those with bush blocks;
(g) some pensioners have the potential to make an income themselves, while others have lease arrangements in place or have the younger generation working their properties;

(h) other properties will have very limited capacity to generate income and any income derived from the land by the owners is subject to the asset test; and

(i) the Parliamentary Budget Office has completed a costing on the cost of reducing the 20 year requirement to 10 years—reducing the Extended Land Use Test to 10 years would cost $120 million over the forward estimates; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) bring fairness to the treatment of rural land under the social security and veterans’ affairs pension assets test; and

(b) change the rules relating to the provisions for the Extended Land Use Test under the social security and veterans’ affairs pension assets test to reduce the continuous attachment to land requirement to 10 years.

(Notice given 19 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

12 MS MCGOWAN: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 10 to 16 September was the inaugural nation-wide Social Sciences Week;

(b) Social Sciences Week showcased the breadth and depth of issues being addressed through the social sciences, inspiring the next generation of students and social scientists;

(c) social scientists work on systematic development of logic and evidence to understand human behaviour in its social setting, including the nature of economic, political, and community activity and institutions;

(d) the high quality research of the social sciences in support of public policy is crucial;

(e) social scientists work for the public and in the national interest, providing information based on rigorous research that guides development of sensible and effective public policy;

(f) the social sciences fine tune existing systems and help to design innovative future public policies;

(g) in addition to assisting government and its institutions, the social sciences also strive to inform business, community groups, and the wider public;

(h) according to the 2016 Census of Population and Housing, 195,892 individuals were working in the social sciences (89,912 in management and commerce, 105,980 in society and culture) in the education and training industry;

(i) social science student enrolments constitute well over half of both domestic and international higher education enrolments, with education earnings now at $30 billion as of 2017, and $20.7 billion of this being from higher education, meaning that university-based social sciences generate over $10 billion in revenue for Australia;

(j) a 2012 study found that humanities, arts and social sciences produced 34 per cent of university research, and accounted for 44 per cent of the fields of research judged worthy of research funding, but got just 16 per cent of Australian Research Council (ARC) funding;

(k) in 2018 the ARC funding round provided 21 per cent of its funds for the social sciences; and

(l) social sciences deserve more research funds and Commonwealth research funding for NHMRC, CSIRO, DSTO, the Bureau of Meteorology and similar bodies should require collaborative inclusion of the social sciences, recognising their capacity for public policy development; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) honour the contribution of the social sciences by providing adequate funding for those disciplines to contribute to the health, wellbeing and prosperity of Australians and the continued success of our national innovation system;

(b) complement the Chief Scientist with a Chief of Research, that is inclusive of all research disciplines; and

(c) appoint a social scientist to the Commonwealth Science Council.

(Notice given 19 September 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
13 **MS HUSAR:** To move—That this House:

1. notes that this month is Frocktober, an Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation initiative in its twelfth year, that encourages people to become more aware of the symptoms and effects of ovarian cancer;
2. recognises that one Australian woman dies every eight hours from ovarian cancer, one of the most lethal gynaecological cancers, and it has no warning symptoms and no early detection test;
3. supports the need for action and greater awareness of ovarian cancer, its symptoms and devastating effects; and
4. understands that:
   a. there is a need for greater focus on education and funding for additional research to help Australian scientists find early detection markers and more effective treatments for ovarian cancer; and
   b. when ovarian cancer is diagnosed at an early stage, the outlook is positive—as many as 90 per cent of women diagnosed early are cured, however 75 per cent of women are diagnosed at the advanced stage when it is very difficult to treat.

(Notice given 15 October 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

14 **MS RISHWORTH:** To move—That this House:

1. notes:
   a. 11 November is Remembrance Day;
   b. on the 11th hour of the 11th day of the 11th month Australians observe one minute’s silence in memory of those who died or suffered in all wars and armed conflicts;
   c. 2018 also marks the centenary of the Armistice which ended the First World War; and
   d. on Remembrance Day we pay our respects and honour the memory of all those who have served in our country’s defence forces;
2. encourages all Australians to attend a commemoration ceremony in their local community, and to pause for a minute of silence to remember those who have served in our defence force and made the ultimate sacrifice; and
3. acknowledges:
   a. the service and sacrifice of all who served;
   b. those who were wounded or came home bearing the hidden scars of war;
   c. those who made the ultimate sacrifice in service to our country; and
   d. family members whose lives were shaped by their loved ones’ service.

(Notice given 16 October 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

15 **MR BANDT:** To move—That this House:

1. notes that:
   a. the Australian Renewable Energy Agency (ARENA) has unlocked $3.5 billion of public and private investment in the nation’s renewable energy sector since 2012;
   b. ARENA currently has only $401 million left in its budget to spend on the next generation of clean technologies, like the renewable energy export industry; and
   c. there is cross-parliamentary support for ARENA’s work, but the Government has made no commitment to continue funding ARENA; and
2. calls on the Government to:
   a. immediately provide at least an additional $300 million of funding to ARENA to ensure its long term future is secure so that it can continue growing the Australian renewable energy industry; and
   b. ensure that the Climate Change Authority is not disbanded and continues to operate in the 46th Parliament and beyond.

(Notice given 23 October 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
16 **DR FREELANDER**: To move—That the House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the assisted reproductive technology of in vitro fertilisation (IVF) is a valid pathway towards reproduction for many Australian families;
   (b) as a procedure, IVF enables couples to overcome a range of different fertility issues to conceive a child;
   (c) in addition to being a means to overcome fertility issues, IVF can also be employed in certain cases to overcome genetic problems;
   (d) as the Australian population ages, the demand for IVF techniques will rise as fertility declines with age; and
   (e) Australia is leading the world in terms of IVF technology;

(2) recognises that:
   (a) IVF can be a costly exercise to undertake, with a single cycle of treatment costing in excess of $9,000;
   (b) the costs associated with undertaking IVF can far exceed this figure, with many couples made to undertake a number of cycles before successfully conceiving a child, and having to pay for additional services such as the freezing and storage of embryos; and
   (c) while bulk billing and Medicare rebates are available for certain fertility treatment services, large out-of-pocket expenses are still associated with these procedures; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) introduce measures to make IVF technologies more affordable; and
   (b) commit to increasing the accessibility of IVF treatments.

(Notice given 25 October 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

17 **MR BANDT**: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that on Friday 30 November 2018, students from the movement School Strike 4 Climate Action will hold a national school strike calling for emergency action on climate change;

(2) commends the students for their strike action; and

(3) calls on the Government to listen to the students and take immediate action to prohibit coal mining in the Galilee Basin.

(Notice given 27 November 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

18 **MS SHARKIE**: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) craft distillers:
      (i) make an increasingly important contribution to the Australian economy; and
      (ii) are a significant tourism attraction and have a significant multiplier effect on the wider economy, particularly in rural and regional areas;
   (b) the excise regime faced by craft distillers is excessively complex, burdensome, and is a major obstacle for smaller operators;
   (c) the timing of excise payments can have a negative effect upon cashflow for start-up craft distillers; and
   (d) the levying of excise payments on tastings and samples is limiting opportunities for tourism, export, and growth; and
(2) calls on the Government to:
   (a) take steps to reduce the tax complexity and barriers to growth faced by craft distillers;
   (b) assess the effect that the timing of excise payments has on cash flow for smaller businesses and
       the resultant influence this has on growth;
   (c) target the excise refund scheme more effectively towards craft distillers; and
   (d) consider the removal of excise payments on samples and tastings.

(Notice given 27 November 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of
the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

19 MS M. M. H. KING: To move—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
       (a) the Government:
           (i) established a panel to review the Small Amount Credit Contract (SACC) laws on
               7 August 2015, which provided its final report to the Government on 3 March 2016; and
           (ii) released its response to the SACC review on 28 November 2016, in which it agreed with
               the vast majority of the recommendations in part or in full;
       (b) the then Minister for Revenue and Financial Services, the current Minister for Industrial
           Relations, Jobs and Women, said at the time that ‘the implementation of these
           recommendations will ensure that vulnerable consumers are afforded appropriate levels of
           consumer protection while continuing to access SACCs and leases’;
       (c) the Minister claimed in an interview on Lateline on 28 February 2017 that Treasury was
           drafting legislation to implement the review’s recommendations;
       (d) a consultation draft of SACC legislation was published by Treasury on 23 October 2017 but
           was only open for comment for two weeks; and
       (e) it has since been 1,209 days since the commencement of the SACC review, and 729 days since
           the publication of the final report;
   (2) acknowledges that consumer credit contracts and consumer leases have been shown to cause
       unnecessary hardship to vulnerable consumers, and that the Parliament should act to protect
       vulnerable consumers;
   (3) recognises that the delay in introducing legislation for consideration by the Parliament, to implement
       the SACC review recommendations, results in unnecessary continuation of hardship to vulnerable
       consumers and their families; and
   (4) calls on the Government to introduce legislation, for consideration by the Parliament, to implement
       the SACC review recommendations as a matter of urgency.

(Notice given 29 November 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of
the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

20 MR CHAMPION: To move—That this House:
   (1) acknowledges and thanks all RAAF personnel involved in operations of the AP-3C Orion aircraft;
   (2) notes that the AP-3C Orion has served the ADF with distinction in:
       (a) Operation Resolute in conducting maritime border patrols;
       (b) Operation Slipper and Operation Catalyst from 2003 to 2012 in the Middle East;
       (c) the Black Saturday bushfires in Victoria in 2009;
       (d) the search for Malaysia Airlines Flight 370 in 2014;
       (e) Operation Gateway in conducting freedom of navigation exercises over the South China Sea in
           2015;
       (f) operations over Mindanao in the Philippines in 2017; and
       (g) air sea rescue operations;
   (3) recognises the contribution of the AP-3C Orion, crews and logistical support personnel in advancing
       and protecting Australia’s strategic interests; and
   (4) congratulates the AP-3C Orion crews and logistical support personnel for their service on the
       retirement of the AP-3C Orion from operational duty.

(Notice given 3 December 2018. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of
the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
21 MS RYAN: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) approximately 350,000 four year olds across Australia begun their first steps of early learning this year as they begun preschool and kindergarten; and
   (b) there was no funding the in the 2018-19 MYEFO for four year old preschool/kindergarten after this school year;

(2) notes that:
   (a) the Government has left parents and providers in limbo with their refusal to provide funding certainty;
   (b) without funding, 350,000 Australian kids could miss out on kindergarten, including more than 98,000 in the state of Victoria alone;
   (c) the electoral division of of Lalor has the highest number of four year olds, with 5,348 children who access kindergarten; and
   (d) those families with three year olds who are planning to send their children to kindergarten or preschool next year will stand to lose under this Government more than $1,200 in funding per child; and

(3) calls on the Government to properly fund four year old preschool/kindergarten and follow Labor’s commitment to provide ongoing funding to four year olds and extend this to three year olds.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

22 MS VAMVAKINOU: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) 14 February 2019 is Her Heart Day, a national day to raise awareness of women’s heart health in Australia;
   (b) despite its perception as a men’s health issue, heart disease is one of the biggest killers of women in Australia;
   (c) in 2017, the ABS listed heart disease as killing more women than all cancers combined, a rate of more than one woman per hour;
   (d) the Australian Institute for Health and Wellbeing states that the risk factors associated with heart disease are largely avoidable, and the majority of deaths related to heart disease are preventable;
   (e) according to Heart Research Australia, 90 per cent of Australians have at least one risk factor, which include: family history, age, smoking, high cholesterol, high blood pressure, diabetes, inactive lifestyle, obesity, unhealthy diet, and depression;
   (f) there is a misperception of the risk of heart disease for women held by women themselves and also among health professionals like General Practitioners and triage nurses; and
   (g) this misperception can mean women that receive fewer tests, are under diagnosed, and are less likely to be referred for cardiac rehabilitation; and

(2) recognises the contribution of Her Heart—Australia’s only not-for-profit organisation dedicated to women’s heart health—which aims to raise the national awareness of women’s risk of heart disease and cut the number of women dying of heart disease in half by 2025; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) support the continuing work of Her Heart; and
   (b) make women’s heart health a national priority.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
23 **MR CHRISTENSEN:** To move—That this House acknowledges both the extreme stress experienced as well as the incredible resilience demonstrated by people in North Queensland who have been devastated by what has been dubbed the ‘Monster Monsoon’, an event which has delivered a year’s worth of rainfall in nine days, and places on record:

(1) that its deep gratitude is extended to Australian Defence Force personnel, all emergency services personnel including the Queensland Police, Queensland Fire and Rescue, State Emergency Services, council workers at both Townsville City Council and Burdekin Shire Council, and all other personnel involved in the massive rescue and recovery operation extending over many days in these communities;

(2) the outpouring of community spirit, with neighbour helping neighbour and numerous community organisations and not for profits contributing greatly to the relief effort by providing support which goes far beyond monetary terms in uplifting those who suffered great losses;

(3) that all flood affected victims have access to assistance measures—via various federal as well as joint federal and state payments—which have been adjusted in order to enable all who have suffered adverse effects to access this assistance; and

(4) that while acknowledging the rapid response of the insurance sector in responding to this disaster, insurers should place the highest priority on:

(a) ensuring assessors are fully qualified and experienced in North Queensland requirements;

(b) ensuring that scopes of work are undertaken properly in the first instance and do not drag on for months and months;

(c) believing what customers are saying unless there is clear evidence against this; and

(d) being fair and reasonable in payout figures.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

24 **MR BANDT:** To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the latest Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change report makes clear that the world must rapidly decarbonise to avoid the worsening impacts of global warming;

(b) Australia is one of the countries most vulnerable to climate change—Australians are already experiencing the worsening impacts of global warming around us such as:

(i) deadly heat waves;

(ii) unprecedented and catastrophic bushfires;

(iii) prolonged and severe droughts and dust storms; and

(iv) unseasonal rainfall and flash flooding; and

(c) the Prime Minister acknowledged last week that climate change was ‘a factor’ in the frequency of extreme weather events that Australia has experienced, such as the recent floods in Queensland and fires in Tasmania, observing also that most Australians recognise this;

(2) condemns the Government’s years of inaction, dysfunction and proactive wrecking of climate policy in Australia; and

(3) calls on the Prime Minister to urgently commit to measures that will reduce Australia’s contribution to global greenhouse gas emissions.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

**Orders of the day**

1 **SOCIAL SECURITY COMMISSION BILL 2018** *(Ms McGowan):* Second reading—Resumption of debate *(from 20 August 2018).*

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019. On 19 September 2018, the Selection Committee made a determination that this Bill be referred to the Standing Committee on Social Policy and Legal Affairs.)
2 FAMILY LAW AMENDMENT (REVIEW OF GOVERNMENT SUPPORT FOR SINGLE PARENTS) BILL 2018 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 20 August 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

3 AIME MENTORING PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 20 August 2018) on the motion of Dr Chalmers—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the power of mentoring and its impact in fighting inequality;
(2) recognises the outstanding work of the AIME mentoring program;
(3) notes that:
   (a) 15,000 Indigenous high schoolers and 5,000 university students have been through the AIME program since it began in 2005;
   (b) the program aims to mobilise a generation of university students to volunteer and mentor disadvantaged high school students; and
   (c) the program is helping to close the education gap between Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians; and
(4) calls on the Government to explore how AIME’s successful model can be strengthened to help address Indigenous inequality and assist other marginalised Australians.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

4 THAI CAVE RESCUE: Resumption of debate (from 20 August 2018) on the motion of Mrs Marino—That this House:

(1) notes with great relief that the young boys trapped in the caves in Thailand have all been rescued;
(2) congratulates the:
   (a) Thai authorities on managing a successful rescue mission; and
   (b) international effort to support the Thai authorities and bring the boys out;
(3) especially recognises the Australian support to the rescue mission;
(4) recognises Dr Richard Harris and Dr Craig Challen for their heroic actions during the rescue and their awarding of the Medal of the Order of Australia and the Star of Courage;
(5) further recognises the awarding of the Medal of the Order of Australia and the Bravery Medal to Troy Either, Robert James, Kelly Boers, Benjamin Cox, Matthew Fitzgerald, Justin Bateman and Chris Markcrow for their brave actions during the rescue;
(6) notes with sadness the tragic death of the Royal Thai Navy SEAL veteran during the rescue mission; and
(7) warmly congratulates all involved in the rescue mission and gives thanks for their courage and heroism.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

5 R U OK? CONVERSATION CONVOY: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Ms Collins—That this House notes that:

(1) the R U OK? Conversation Convoy began on 30 July 2018 to raise awareness that a conversation could change a life, and the Convoy will:
   (a) travel across 14,000 kilometres and 25 communities to show Australians that every day is the day to ask: Are you Ok?; and
   (b) conclude in Sydney on 13 September 2018 which is also R U OK? Day, an important day which was first established in 2009 to raise awareness around suicide prevention and mental ill health;
(2) the statistics around suicide and mental ill health are heartbreaking and confronting:
   (a) in 2016, 2,866 Australians lost their lives to suicide;
   (b) research reveals that around 65,000 Australians attempt suicide every year and hundreds of thousands of people are impacted by each suicide death; and
   (c) one in five Australians experience mental ill health in any year;
(3) all levels of government and the community are urged to work together to reduce the impact of suicide and mental ill health in our society; and

(4) work must continue towards reducing stigma and raising community awareness around suicide prevention and mental ill health.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

6 UYGHURS AND HUMAN RIGHTS: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Zappia—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   - (a) an estimated 25 million Uyghur people live in Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;
   - (b) many Uyghur people have fled their homeland and sought refuge in other countries including Australia;
   - (c) in recent years there have been increasing reports of violations of human rights of Uyghurs by Chinese Government authorities including arrest, interrogation, detention and incarceration in what are referred to as re-education camps; and
   - (d) many Uyghurs now living in Australia have lost contact with family members and relatives in their homeland and they hold grave concerns for their safety; and

(2) calls on the Government to:
   - (a) raise concerns about allegations of human rights abuse against Uyghurs with the Chinese Government through whatever opportunities are available;
   - (b) assist in whatever way is possible Australian Uyghur residents to make contact with family members and relatives in their homelands; and
   - (c) expeditiously process permanent resident visa applications for Uyghur people in Australia on temporary protection visas.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

7 HIGH SPEED RAIL PLANNING AUTHORITY BILL 2018 (Mr Albanese): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

8 A FAIR GO FOR AUSTRALIANS IN TRADE BILL 2018 (Mr Clare): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

9 ROYAL COMMISSION INTO THE AGED CARE SECTOR: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Ted O’Brien—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   - (a) the Government is asking the Governor-General to establish a Royal Commission into the Aged Care Sector;
   - (b) this Royal Commission will primarily look at the quality of care provided in residential and home aged care to senior Australians, but also include young Australians with disabilities living in residential aged care settings, as well as the challenges associated with the provision of aged care in remote, rural and regional Australia;
   - (c) evidence to date shows that the problems are not restricted to any one part of the aged care sector, whether it is for profit or not for profit, large or small facilities, or regional or major metropolitan; and
   - (d) the Royal Commission will look at the sector as a whole, without bias or prejudice, and make findings on the evidence;

(2) commends the Government for taking action to ensure that older Australians have access to care that supports their dignity and recognises the contribution that they have made to society; and

(3) calls on the Government to continue to provide record level funding to the aged care sector.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

12 MIGRATION AMENDMENT (KIDS OFF NAURU) BILL 2018 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

18 LIVE SHEEP LONG HAUL EXPORT PROHIBITION BILL 2018 (No. 2) (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


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(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

23 LIVE ANIMAL EXPORT PROHIBITION (ENDING CRUELTY) BILL 2018 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

25 QUEENSLAND ELECTRICITY PRICES: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Ted O’Brien—That this House:

(1) recognises that:

(a) many Queensland families are struggling with cost of living pressures and many small businesses are being crippled by the cost doing business;

(b) the primary responsibility for lowering power prices for Queensland families and small businesses lies with the Queensland Government; and

(c) the Queensland Government is ripping off everyday Queenslanders through a sophisticated scam that funnels billions of dollars into government coffers;

(2) calls on the Queensland Government to:

(a) immediately pass on recent reductions in wholesale prices to customers in full;

(b) end the network ‘gold plating’, write down regulated assets and accept a lower return so that Queenslanders can be charged less;

(c) provide adequate subsidies to Queensland families and businesses in recognition of the interest they have been paying on unnecessary debt carried by state-owned electricity businesses;

(d) increase competition in the Queensland electricity market by splitting the two state owned generators into three viable businesses with ‘fair dinkum’ electricity generation; and

(e) be honest with Queenslanders by informing them of the real cost of increasing the supply of unreliable electricity to meet Labor’s 50 per cent Renewable Energy Target; and

(3) acknowledges that if the Queensland Government was prepared to take serious action, electricity prices could be lowered immediately for millions of hard working Queensland families and hundreds of thousands of small businesses.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

*26 SUSPENSION OF STANDING AND SESSIONAL ORDERS—ROYAL COMMISSION TO INQUIRE INTO VIOLENCE, ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF PEOPLE WITH A DISABILITY: Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Mr Morrison, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Shorten—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the Member for Maribyrnong from moving the following motion forthwith—That the House:

(1) notes that:

(a) Australians with a disability and their loved ones have been crying out for a Royal Commission to inquire into violence, abuse and neglect of people with a disability;

(b) only a Royal Commission has the powers to compel evidence, conduct public hearings and provide a safe place for witnesses to shine a light on the shameful abuse and neglect being suffered by Australians with a disability;

(c) today in the Senate at approximately 12.15 pm, the Government voted against a Royal Commission to inquire into violence, abuse and neglect of people with a disability;

(d) the Government is right now desperately running down the clock so that there is not enough time for the House to vote on the Senate’s message; and

(e) the Government is doing all it can to avoid a second loss on the floor of Parliament in just one week; and
(2) therefore, calls on this Prime Minister to allow enough time in the House so that the Australian people can know where he and his Government stands on this important issue.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019. Time remaining—3 minutes.)

COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS has precedence each Monday in the House of Representatives Chamber from 10.10 am to 12 noon; and in the Federation Chamber from 11 am to 1.30 pm and 4.45 pm to 7.30 pm (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS has precedence from the conclusion of consideration of committee and delegation business each Monday (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

The SELECTION COMMITTEE is responsible for arranging the timetable and order of committee and delegation business and private Members’ business for each sitting Monday. Its determinations for today are shown under ‘Business accorded priority for …’. Any private Members’ business not called on, or consideration of private Members’ business or committee and delegation business which has been interrupted and not re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays, shall be removed from the Notice Paper (standing order 42).
BUSINESS OF THE FEDERATION CHAMBER

Monday, 18 February 2019

The Federation Chamber meets at 10.30 am

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS ACCORDED PRIORITY FOR THIS SITTING

11 AM TO 1.30 PM

Notices

†1 MR ENTSCH: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 24 March is World Tuberculosis Day, a day to commemorate the precious lives lost due to tuberculosis, a disease that is preventable and curable;
(b) tuberculosis is contagious and airborne—it is the world’s leading infectious disease killer, killing more people than HIV/AIDS;
(c) in 2017 alone, 1.6 million people died from tuberculosis worldwide and 10 million people became sick with the disease; and
(d) there is a funding gap of US$1.3 billion annually in tuberculosis research and development and it is critical to develop quicker diagnostic tools, better drugs, and a new tuberculosis vaccine in order to end the tuberculosis epidemic;

(2) recognises that the:

(a) funding that Australia is providing jointly with the World Bank to support testing and treatment in Papua New Guinea is already leading to an initiative to achieve universal testing for tuberculosis in Daru; and
(b) provision of $75 million over five years for Product Development Partnerships in the Indo-Pacific health security initiative accelerates access to new therapeutics and diagnostics for drug resistant tuberculosis and malaria, building on the successes of Australia’s previous investments; and

(3) calls on the Government to:

(a) develop an action plan to monitor the progress made towards the targets and commitment made at the United Nations High-Level Meeting on TB; and
(b) make an increased financial commitment to the Global Fund at its Replenishment Conference in October 2019.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†2 MS RYAN: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that our public schools are at the heart of our education system;

(2) notes that:

(a) public schools teach two in three of all school students, and the overwhelming majority of Australia’s neediest children, including:
   (i) 82 per cent of the poorest children;
   (ii) 84 per cent of Indigenous children; and
   (iii) 74 per cent of children with disabilities;
(b) under the current Government, almost nine in ten (88 per cent) of public schools will never get to their fair funding level because the Government has capped federal funding for public schools at just 20 per cent of the Schools Recommendation Scheme;
(c) after spending a year trying to deny there were cuts, the fact the Government has restored funding to Catholic and independent schools was finally an admission that it is cutting billions of dollars from schools;
(d) Labor has announced a plan to restore funding to public schools; and
Labor’s plan will transform public schools across Australia and give all children the opportunity to reach their full potential, no matter where they live, or what amount their parents earn; and

3 calls on the Government to:
   (a) immediately adopt Labor’s plan to restore funding to public schools to ensure every public school reaches its fair funding level; and
   (b) work with school systems to get every school to its fair funding level.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—40 minutes.)

†3 MR LEESER: To move—That this House:
   (1) strongly endorses *An India Economic Strategy To 2035*, the independent report by Mr Peter Varghese AO, and its goals of:
      (a) lifting India into Australia’s top three export markets by 2035;
      (b) making India the third largest destination in Asia for Australian outward investment; and
      (c) bringing India into the inner circle of Australia’s strategic partnerships, and with people to people ties as close as any in Asia;
   (2) recognises the unprecedented opportunity for Australia to cement India as a priority economic partner; and
   (3) acknowledges the importance of building a broad and deep bilateral relationship based on:
      (a) a sustainable long term economic strategy;
      (b) our shared strategic interests in the Indo-Pacific, including the importance of the rules based international order; and
      (c) the strength of the Indian community in Australia, the fastest growing diaspora in our nation.

(Notice given 26 November 2018. Time allowed—40 minutes.)

†4 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:
   (1) acknowledges:
      (a) that 21 February is International Mother Language Day (IMLD);
      (b) the work of the Ekushe Academy Australia and the Mother Language Conservation Movement in creating awareness of the importance of mother languages in Australia;
      (c) that 2019 is the Year of Indigenous Languages; and
      (d) that about 200 different languages are spoken throughout Australia; and
   (2) calls on the Australian Government to:
      (a) observe IMLD on 21 February;
      (b) promote the preservation and protection of all languages used by people around the world, especially in Australia;
      (c) build on Australia’s multilingual strengths including support for second language education in Australian education institutions; and
      (d) actively work to support communities in their efforts to preserve their mother language.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—20 minutes.)

Orders of the day

†1 AGED CARE AMENDMENT (STAFFING RATIO DISCLOSURE) BILL 2018 (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 20 August 2018).

(On 21 August 2018, the Selection Committee made a determination that this Bill be referred to the Standing Committee on Health, Aged Care and Sport. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 1.30 pm.)
Notices—continued

†5 MR LEESER: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that parts of Australia have been affected by fire, floods and storms during the recent summer period;
(2) recognises the support the Government has given in response to these disasters;
(3) also recognises the outstanding work of emergency services, the Australian Defence Force and volunteers in supporting victims of these natural calamities; and
(4) offers support to the victims of the fires, floods and storms and will do all we can to support our fellow Australians in their time of need.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—60 minutes.)

†6 MR B. K. MITCHELL: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the devastating impact that the recent bushfires have wreaked across Tasmania, particularly in the Central Highlands, Derwent Valley and the Huonville regions, and that sadly these fires have:
   (a) burnt more than 194,000 hectares of land, including many unique natural areas such as the Tasmania Wilderness World Heritage Area; and
   (b) resulted in:
      (i) the loss of eight homes while causing damage to others and to infrastructure;
      (ii) significant damage to the iconic Tahune Airwalk at Geeveston; and
      (iii) significant economic loss to affected regions from the loss of trade, wages and tourism;
(2) acknowledges and commends the:
   (a) work and dedication of the men and women of the Tasmanian Fire Service (TFS) who have demonstrated remarkable courage and strength while working relentlessly to contain and extinguish the fires;
   (b) women and men who travelled from interstate and New Zealand to offer assistance and to support the work of the TFS;
   (c) contribution of Tasmania’s volunteer firefighters who demonstrated unflinching dedication for days and weeks, often at significant personal cost in terms of lost family time, wages and consumption of annual leave; and
   (d) resilience and strength of the Tasmanian people and their willingness to rally in support of firefighters and fire affected communities, including volunteers and others who operated and staffed evacuation centres at Bothwell and Huonville; and
(3) calls on the Australian Government to:
   (a) continue to provide disaster relief funding to Tasmania as per established Commonwealth-state processes, and ensure there is no unnecessary delay in the distribution of federally funded relief to affected parties; and
   (b) liaise with the Tasmanian Government on an appropriate Commonwealth funding contribution to rehabilitate fire affected World Heritage and other wilderness, which does not qualify for assistance under existing disaster relief agreements.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—35 minutes.)

Orders of the day—continued

†2 ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2018) on the motion of Mr van Manen—That this House:

(1) notes that over the year, the economy grew 3.4 per cent, which is the fastest rate of growth since the 2012 September quarter during the height of the mining investment boom, and the 27th year of consecutive economic growth;
(2) recognises that strong employment outcomes have been accompanied by an elevated rate of labour force participation, particularly for women, and that wages can be expected to rise if economic growth remains strong; and
calls on the Government to remain resolute in its effective economic management to ensure funding for the essential services we need.

(Time allowed—30 minutes.)

Notices—continued

†7 MR GILES: To move—That this House:
   (1) pays tribute to the work done on loneliness in the United Kingdom in memory of Mrs Jo Cox;
   (2) acknowledges that:
      (a) the Jo Cox Loneliness Commission’s inquiry into loneliness has succeeded due to bipartisan support, including the appointment of a responsible minister;
      (b) there is a similar problem in Australia, but it is less well understood than it should be, particularly having regard to its impacts on younger Australians and the influence of social media; and
      (c) the problem of loneliness is under recognised, despite its acknowledged and significant negative impacts on individuals and society;
   (3) notes the work of Australian academics and civil society in this area; and
   (4) calls for a national response in Australia, to better understand the scope of the challenge and to inform and support an evidence based policy response.

(Time allowed—20 minutes.)

†8 MR HAYES: To move—That this House:
   (1) recognises the Australian Parliament’s ongoing commitment to the global promotion of democracy, human rights and respect for the rule of law;
   (2) notes with concern the existence of a policy of extrajudicial killing in the Philippines, an issue which has escalated with a nationwide drug campaign based merely on suspicion, providing police and vigilante groups with a ‘licence to kill’;
   (3) notes that Philippine Senator Leila De Lima, the former Secretary of Justice, has been a notable critic of President Rodrigo Duterte’s policy of extrajudicial killing;
   (4) notes the deteriorating plight of Senator De Lima, who since 24 February 2017 has been arbitrarily detained without trial, charged with drug related offences on the strength of untested statements of convicted drug lords, police officers and prison officials;
   (5) further notes that the conditions and circumstances of her arbitrary detention have restricted her:
      (a) freedom of movement; and
      (b) capacity to carry out her duties as an incumbent Senator of the Republic of the Philippines, including the very fundamental and critical right of a legislator to attend parliamentary hearings and cast her vote on legislative measures;
   (6) also notes that President Duterte is on record having made a number of attacks against Senator De Lima, publicly vowing to destroy her;
   (7) further notes that the United Nations Working Group on Arbitrary Detention of the United Nations Human Rights Council, handed down a ruling in November 2018 confirming the injustice of Senator De Lima’s arrest and has recommend a number of measures be adopted by the Government of the Republic of the Philippines, most notably, her immediate release; and
   (8) calls on the Australian Government to use all diplomatic measures to urge the Philippine Government to:
      (a) immediately:
         (i) release Senator De Lima from incarceration; and
         (ii) remove all undue personal and work restrictions that have been placed on her;
      (b) ensure the conduct of a fair and transparent trial, consistent with the rule of law; and
      (c) permit Senator De Lima to fully discharge her office as a duly elected Senator.

(Notice given 12 February 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 7.30 pm.)
GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 CLOSING THE GAP: PRIME MINISTER’S REPORT 2019—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2019—Ms Burney) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

2 VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 4 December 2018—Mr C. Kelly) on the motion of Mr D. J. Chester—That the House take note of the document.

3 COMMEMORATION OF DAME ENID LYONS’ ELECTION TO PARLIAMENT—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 22 August 2018—Mr Gosling) on the motion of Mr Taylor—That the House take note of the document.

4 INVESTMENT STATEMENT 2018—FIVE GOOD YEARS FOR AUSTRALIA—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 August 2018—Ms Henderson) on the motion of Mr D. J. Chester—That the House take note of the document.

5 CLOSING THE GAP: PRIME MINISTER’S REPORT 2018—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 14 February 2018—Mr Wallace) on the motion of Dr Gillespie—That the House take note of the document.

6 RESPONSE TO SENATE FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE REFERENCES COMMITTEE’S REPORT ON THE INQUIRY INTO SUICIDE BY VETERANS AND EX-SERVICE PERSONNEL—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 4 December 2017—Mr K. J. Andrews) on the motion of Mr Tehan—That the House take note of the document.

7 VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 16 August 2017—Ms Flint) on the motion of Mr C. A. S. Laundy—That the House take note of the document.

8 CONCLUSION OF THE REGIONAL ASSISTANCE MISSION TO SOLOMON ISLANDS—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 August 2017—Mr Entsch) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

9 NATIONAL SECURITY UPDATE TO PARLIAMENT—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 13 June 2017—Mr Burke) on the motion of Dr Gillespie—That the House take note of the document.

10 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 1967 REFERENDUM AND 25TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MABO HIGH COURT DECISION—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 8 August 2017—Mr Hastie) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

11 LAST VETERANS’ MISSION TO KOREA—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 28 March 2017—Mrs Wicks) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

12 AGREEMENT TO AMEND THE SINGAPORE-AUSTRALIA FREE TRADE AGREEMENT—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 March 2017—Mr Falinski) on the motion of Mr Ciobo—That the House take note of the document.

13 RECENT MILITARY COMMEMORATIONS—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 March 2017—Mr Crewther) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

14 CLOSING THE GAP—PRIME MINISTER’S REPORT 2017—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 February 2017—Mr Albanese, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.
DOMESTIC AND FAMILY VIOLENCE: Resumption of debate (from 30 November 2016—Mr Littleproud) on the motion of Mr Turnbull—That the Parliament:

1. acknowledge that violence against women is a national issue that requires a whole of community response;
2. acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women are 34 times more likely to experience violence;
3. call on all men to take action, call out violence, and link arms and say ‘No More’ to domestic violence; and
4. stand united in its commitment to eliminate violence against women.

INFRASTRUCTURE—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 30 November 2016—Mr Morton) on the motion of Mr Fletcher—That the House take note of the document.

INVESTMENT—WORKING IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 24 November 2016—Mr Drum) on the motion of Mr Ciobo—That the House take note of the document.

NATIONAL SECURITY—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 23 November 2016—Mr Drum) on the motion of Ms Ley—That the House take note of the document.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL AUSTRALIANS: Resumption of debate (from 23 November 2016—Mr Alexander) on the motion of Mr Turnbull—That this House:

1. reaffirms its commitment to the right of all Australians to enjoy equal rights and be treated with equal respect regardless of race, colour, creed or origin;
2. reaffirms its commitment to maintaining an immigration policy wholly non-discriminatory on grounds of race, colour, creed or origin;
3. reaffirms its commitment to the process of reconciliation with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, in the context of redressing their profound social and economic disadvantage;
4. reaffirms its commitment to maintaining Australia as a culturally diverse, tolerant and open society, united by an overriding commitment to our nation, and its democratic institutions and values; and
5. denounces racial intolerance in any form as incompatible with the kind of society we are and want to be.

NATIONAL SECURITY—STATEMENT BY THE PRIME MINISTER, 1 SEPTEMBER 2016—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 12 September 2016) on the motion of Mr Pyne—That the House take note of the document.

GRIEVANCE DEBATE: Question—That grievances be noted—Resumption of debate (from 12 February 2019).

COMMITEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 NORTHERN AUSTRALIA—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—NORTHERN HORIZONS: UNLEASHING OUR TOURISM POTENTIAL—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2018—Mr O’Dowd) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 18 February 2019.)

2 CONSTITUTIONAL RECOGNITION RELATING TO ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER PEOPLES—JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE—INTERIM REPORT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 14 August 2018—Mr Hartsuyker) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on 18 February 2019.)

3 INTERGENERATIONAL WELFARE DEPENDENCE—SELECT COMMITTEE—DISCUSSION PAPER—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 21 August 2018—Ms Henderson) on the motion of Mr Broadbent—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
4 TREATIES—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT 181: COMPREHENSIVE AND PROGRESSIVE AGREEMENT FOR TRANS-PACIFIC PARTNERSHIP—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 23 August 2018—Mr Laming) on the motion of Mr Robert—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

5 TAX AND REVENUE—STANDING COMMITTEE—TAXPAYER ENGAGEMENT WITH THE TAX SYSTEM—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 13 September 2018—Mr Vasta) on the motion of Mr Falinski—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

6 INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND CITIES—STANDING COMMITTEE—BUILDING UP AND MOVING OUT: INQUIRY INTO THE AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT’S ROLE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF CITIES—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 18 September 2018—Mr Entsch) on the motion of Mr Alexander—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

7 LAW ENFORCEMENT—PARLIAMENTARY JOINT COMMITTEE—INQUIRY INTO THE TRADE IN ELEPHANT IVORY AND RHINOCEROS HORN—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 19 September 2018) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

8 TREATIES—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT 182: OIL STOCKS CONTRACTS: NETHERLANDS—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 19 September 2018—Mr Zimmerman) on the motion of Mr Broadbent—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

9 ECONOMICS—STANDING COMMITTEE—REVIEW OF THE RESERVE BANK OF AUSTRALIA ANNUAL REPORT 2017 (SECOND REPORT)—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

10 ECONOMICS—STANDING COMMITTEE—REVIEW OF THE AUSTRALIAN COMPETITION AND CONSUMER COMMISSION ANNUAL REPORT 2017—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

11 ELECTORAL MATTERS—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—SECOND ADVISORY REPORT ON THE ELECTORAL LEGISLATION (ELECTORAL FUNDING AND DISCLOSURE REFORM) BILL 2017—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018—Mr Pasin) on the motion of Mr Giles—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

12 HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT—STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT ON THE INQUIRY INTO BIOTOXIN-RELATED ILLNESSES IN AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Zimmerman—That the House take note of the report.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
13 PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT—JOINT COMMITTEE—REPORT 472: COMMONWEALTH PROCUREMENT (SECOND REPORT)—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 18 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Hill—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

14 NATIONAL CAPITAL AND EXTERNAL TERRITORIES—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—COMMONWEALTH APPROVALS FOR ACT LIGHT RAIL—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Morton—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

15 HEALTH,AGED CARE AND SPORT—STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT ON THE INQUIRY INTO THE QUALITY OF CARE IN AGED CARE FACILITIES IN AUSTRALIA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 24 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Zimmerman—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

16 SOCIAL POLICY AND LEGAL AFFAIRS—STANDING COMMITTEE—BREAKING BARRIERS: A NATIONAL ADOPTION FRAMEWORK FOR AUSTRALIAN CHILDREN—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Wallace) on the motion of Ms Banks—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

17 TREATIES—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT 183: ASPECTS OF THE PERU-AUSTRALIA FREE TRADE AGREEMENT REVISITED—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Gorman) on the motion of Mr Broadbent—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

18 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—CONTESTABILITY AND CONSENSUS: A BIPARTISAN APPROACH TO MORE EFFECTIVE PARLIAMENTARY ENGAGEMENT WITH DEFENCE—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 28 November 2018—Mr Gorman) on the motion of Mr Champion—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

19 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—COMPASSION, NOT COMMERCE: AN INQUIRY INTO HUMAN ORGAN TRAFFICKING AND ORGAN TRANSPLANT TOURISM—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr K. J. Andrews—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

20 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—INQUIRY INTO THE MANAGEMENT OF PFAS CONTAMINATION IN AND AROUND DEFENCE BASES—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2018—Mr Vasta) on the motion of Mr Laming—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

21 CONSTITUTIONAL RECOGNITION RELATING TO ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER PEOPLES—JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE—FINAL REPORT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 5 December 2018—Dr Gillespie) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
ORDER OF THE DAY—continued

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS—continued

Orders of the day—continued

1 GAS CRISIS: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on the motion of Mr Hill—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) the Prime Minister’s persistent failure to resolve the ever growing gas crisis in Australia;
   (b) that this gas crisis is hurting Australian households and threatening manufacturing jobs all over
       the nation, especially in Victoria, NSW and Queensland;
   (c) that manufacturing companies around the nation have experienced:
       (i) between a tripling and quadrupling of the price they pay for Australian gas; and
       (ii) upwards of a 200 per cent increase in the price they pay for electricity;
   (d) that cost increases are seriously impacting on the ability of manufacturing companies to
       continue operations; and
   (e) that manufacturing companies around the nation are still unable to secure affordable gas supply
       contracts despite the Prime Minister’s handshake agreement with the gas companies in
       September 2017;

(2) condemns the Prime Minister for failing to pull the export control trigger by November 2017 to
    ensure that Australian households and manufacturers are not being charged exorbitant prices for
    Australian gas;

(3) recognises that the responsibility for every job lost in the manufacturing industry due to the
    skyrocketing price of Australian gas falls squarely with the Prime Minister and the Minister for the
    Environment and Energy; and

(4) calls on the Government to act decisively now and find a solution to the gas crisis which is
    threatening jobs in the electoral division of Bruce and countless others around the nation.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February
2019.)
2 MENTAL HEALTH: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on the motion of Mr Wallace—
That this House:

(1) recognises that mental health is a crucial area that needs attention;
(2) notes that the Government has made mental health a priority and is a key pillar of the National Long
Term Health Plan with a record investment of $4.3 billion;
(3) further notes that Australians with severe mental health illness will now receive more support
services in their communities following an agreement between the Australian Government and state
and territory governments; and
(4) congratulates the Government for investing $160 million in the new national psychosocial support
measure.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February
2019.)

3 PAY DAY LENDING: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on the motion of Ms McGowan—
That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the Government last year released draft legislation concerning pay day lending which would
have capped the maximum amount a consumer could repay on a small loan of less than $2,000
at 10 per cent of their net income;
   (b) the draft legislation also called for pay day lenders to be barred from making continued offers
of credit to vulnerable borrowers;
   (c) there is no legislation before Parliament despite the Government in late 2016 flagging new laws
   to protect consumers and releasing draft legislation;
   (d) people continue to get into financial difficulty because of high-interest contracts;
   (e) the 2016 Review of the Small Amount Credit Contract laws found payday loans were being
   inappropriately handed to low-income and vulnerable Australians—the high-interest, high-fee
   cash advances continue to trap people in cycles of debt; and
   (f) Good Shepherd, St Stephens and other consumer advocates are concerned about the impact of
   the delay in presenting this legislation to the Parliament; and

(2) calls on the Government to bring the draft legislation before the Parliament as soon as possible in
order to give consumer advocates an assurance that legislative change will be considered to address
the increasing number of vulnerable borrowers impacted by these lending practices.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February
2019.)

4 PERTH FREIGHT LINK ROE 8 AND 9 EXTENSIONS: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on
the motion of Mr Morton—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) funding is available in the 2018-19 federal budget for the Australian Government’s contribution
   to the construction of the Roe 8 and 9 extensions to complete the Perth Freight Link (PFL),
   despite the decision of the Western Australian Government to not proceed with the project; and
   (b) the Australian Government will provide $1.2 billion to the first Western Australian
   Government willing to build the PFL by constructing the Roe 8 and 9 extensions and is
   therefore recording this commitment as a contingent liability in the federal budget;

(2) acknowledges the real benefits of these projects including 15 sets of traffic lights bypassed, 7,000
trucks and 74,000 cars off local roads each day, freeway access and travel time savings and a
reduction of 450,000 tonnes of carbon dioxide emissions;

(3) welcomes strong community support for Roe 8 and 9;

(4) condemns the Western Australian Government for not accessing the federal funding and building this
critical infrastructure that will improve freight efficiency, make local roads safer and create local jobs
in Western Australia;

(5) calls on the Western Australian Government to:
   (a) consider all options that allow Roe 8 and 9 to proceed, like a longer bridge over the wetlands or
   a longer tunnel; and
   (b) immediately access the $1.2 billion available in the federal budget and build this critical
   infrastructure; and
calls on the federal Opposition to explain if it will keep or remove this critical funding from the federal budget if elected.

—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Albanese, viz—That all words after “notes that” be omitted and the following be inserted:

(a) there is no actual funding allocated in the 2018-19 federal budget for the construction of the Perth Freight Link;
(b) the community rejected construction of this project when it elected the McGowan Labor Government in Western Australia with a record majority;
(c) the Federal Government announced funding for the project despite the Barnett Liberal Government’s Parliamentary Secretary for Transport Jim Chown admitting that ‘we have not actually got design plans that are worthy of public scrutiny’; and
(d) the opposition to the Perth Freight Link was based on the lack of proper planning and the adverse environmental impact it would have, most notably on the Beeliar Wetlands; and

(2) calls on the Commonwealth Government to:

(a) provide increased financial support to the Western Australian Government’s METRONET urban rail project; and
(b) work with the Western Australian Government to identify rail and traffic management strategies to expedite freight movement around the current Fremantle Port facilities; and
(c) work with the Western Australian Government to identify and develop future projects that will best meet the State’s long term infrastructure needs, including a second port at Kwinana, and that those projects be supported by fully developed business cases that are submitted to Infrastructure Australia for assessment.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February 2019.)

5 JOBS CREATION: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on the motion of Mrs Marino—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 1,000,000 jobs have been created since the election of the Government in 2013; and
(b) the creation of jobs can only occur when the Government sets the right economic framework;

(2) congratulates the Government on its strong economic management and its plans to reduce the tax burden on individuals and business; and

(3) acknowledges that the Opposition Leader’s policies of higher taxation on individuals, businesses, retirees and pensioners would severely jeopardise further job creation in Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February 2019.)

6 GREAT BARRIER REEF: Resumption of debate (from 13 August 2018) on the motion of Ms M. L. Landry—That this House:

(1) notes that the World Heritage-listed Great Barrier Reef is the planet’s greatest living wonder;
(2) further notes that it supports 64,000 jobs and contributes an estimated $6.4 billion to our economy; and

(3) welcomes the Government’s record $500 million boost for Reef protection which will:

(a) invest in a $444 million partnership with the Great Barrier Reef Foundation;
(b) spark new and innovative investment in Reef protection measures;
(c) deliver on projects which are proven to boost the health of the Reef;
(d) improve water quality;
(e) tackle the crown-of-thorns starfish; and
(f) work with traditional owners on this vital project.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on 18 February 2019.)
7 **ROHINGYA CRISIS**: Resumption of debate *(from 20 August 2018)* on the motion of Ms Claydon—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) that Saturday, 25 August 2018 marks one year since close to 700,000 Rohingya—mostly women and children—were forced to begin fleeing their homes in Rakhine State, Myanmar;
   (b) that the Government of Bangladesh leads the humanitarian response and has kept its borders open to Rohingya refugees while the Bangladeshi people of Bangladesh continue to show tremendous generosity and hospitality in the face of a massive influx;
   (c) that since September 2017, Australia has contributed $70 million to the Rohingya crisis response and continues to have an important role calling for an outcome which allows Rohingya people to fully exercise their human rights;
   (d) Australia’s support for the implementation of recommendations from the report of the Kofi Annan-led Advisory Commission on Rakhine State; and
   (e) the Australian community’s generosity in providing financial support to the crisis; and

(2) urges the international community to:
   (a) support Bangladesh to provide an appropriate, principled humanitarian response to the needs of displaced and affected communities;
   (b) ensure humanitarian aid is delivered where it is needed in accordance with fundamental human rights; and
   (c) work with all parties in the pursuit of inclusive peace and reconciliation, and to implement the recommendations of the Kofi Annan-led Advisory Commission on Rakhine State.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

8 **TUBERCULOSIS**: Resumption of debate *(from 20 August 2018)* on the motion of Mr Entsch—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) tuberculosis was declared an emergency in 1993 by the World Health Organization and causes more deaths than any other infectious disease—of the more than 10.4 million infected with tuberculosis in 2016, 1.7 million people died; and
   (b) drug resistant tuberculosis is one of the most common and deadly forms of all antimicrobial resistance in the world, accounting for a significant number of antimicrobial resistant deaths globally;

(2) recognises:
   (a) the United Nations General Assembly is holding the first ever high-level meeting on tuberculosis on 26 September 2018, during the 73rd session of the General Assembly in New York; and
   (b) Australia has supported global actions to reduce tuberculosis, including through contributions to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, its support to tuberculosis programs in Papua New Guinea and Kiribati, and through the Indo-Pacific Health Security Initiative in our support to Product Development Partnerships and research grants; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) ensure Australia has senior representation at the United Nations high-level meeting on tuberculosis in September; and
   (b) commit to support countries in the Indo-Pacific in their efforts for the elimination of tuberculosis.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

9 **ASIC**: Resumption of debate *(from 20 August 2018)* on the motion of Mr Robert—That this House:

(1) notes the appointment of the new Deputy Chair of ASIC, Mr Daniel Crennan QC;

(2) further notes that the Government invested in ASIC to give it the tools it needs to be a tough cop on the beat including:
   (a) the introduction of an industry funding model to secure ASIC’s funding base;
(b) a new product intervention power to enable ASIC to intervene in the sale of harmful products to retail customers; and

c) legislating to:

   (i) remove ASIC employees from the Public Service Act 1999 to enhance ASIC’s ability to attract and retain the best staff, and

   (ii) include competition considerations within ASIC’s mandate;

(3) notes Mr Crennan’s appointment builds on the reforms to strengthen criminal and civil penalties for corporate misconduct; and

(4) further notes that this appointment boosts the powers of ASIC to protect Australian consumers from corporate and financial misconduct.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 2 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

11 MENTAL HEALTH: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

   (1) notes that:

      (a) according to Australian Bureau of Statistics figures one in five Australians report having a mental or behavioural condition, while the prevalence is highest among people aged 18 to 24; and

      (b) data from the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare suggests that 54 per cent of people with a mental illness do not access treatment;

   (2) congratulates the Government for its engagement with the mental health community and for its measures to support mental health in Australia including:

      (a) additional investment of $170 million in mental health programs in the 2017 budget including $80 million to maintain community psycho-social services for people with mental illness who are not eligible for the National Disability Insurance Scheme, $11.1 million to prevent suicide in specific locations where it is a frequent occurrence, $15 million to support mental health research initiatives such as the Thompson Institute on the Sunshine Coast and $50 million for mental illness prevention and support for serving Australian Defence Force members, veterans and their families; and

      (b) investment of:

         (i) $9.5 million to expand mental health first aid training in 14 high risk communities; and

         (ii) $9.1 million to support rural telehealth services for mental health and the appointment of the first National Rural Health Commissioner;

   (3) encourages the Government to continue this focused work and to seek additional ways to support the mental health of Australians; and

   (4) further encourages anyone who believes that they might be suffering from a mental illness to seek immediate help from their General Practitioner or a qualified mental health practitioner.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

12 IMMUNISATION OF CHILDREN: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Dr Freelander—That this House:

   (1) notes that:

      (a) increased immunisation of children, which is essential for protecting them against diseases including pneumonia, polio, rotavirus diarrhoea, meningococcal and measles now saves the lives of 2 to 3 million children per year globally but, nevertheless, 1.5 million children globally still die each year from vaccine-preventable diseases;

      (b) in 2017, 85 per cent of children globally received the full course of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, a key measure of vaccine coverage, however, this left nearly 20 million children not covered by this vaccine;
(c) globally, 85 per cent of children receive the polio vaccine, however, gaps in polio vaccine coverage allow some children to contract the disease, with 15 cases in 2018 so far in Afghanistan and Pakistan;
(d) Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, to which Australia has been a consistent contributor, has supported the vaccination of more than 640 million children, and saved an estimated 9 million lives; and
(e) in December 2018, Gavi will hold a mid-term review to assess what changes to its strategy are needed to achieve increased and equitable access to vaccines;

(2) recognises that:
(a) Australia co-sponsored a resolution at the 2017 World Health Assembly to accelerate access to vaccines, calling for the extension of immunisation services beyond infancy, increasing domestic financing, and strengthening international cooperation to achieve global vaccination goals; and
(b) current funding by the Global Polio Eradication Initiative (GPEI), to which Australia contributes, is due to decline significantly as polio nears eradication—this funding covers one fifth of the World Health Organisation’s costs, and accounts for a high proportion of the health and vaccination workforce in several countries; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
(a) participate in planning to accelerate progress in making vaccines available to all children, including through the Gavi mid-term review; and
(b) work with countries now receiving polio support and multilateral agencies to ensure that transition from GPEI funding results in increased resources for other health and vaccination programs.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

13 SHIPPING INDUSTRY AND EXPLOITATIVE INDUSTRIAL BEHAVIOUR: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Georganas—That this House notes that:
(1) this Parliament condemns the exploitation of workers and communities by unscrupulous shipping and port operators;
(2) exploitive deals with unscrupulous dictatorships are not acceptable;
(3) contracts with unscrupulous dictatorships and dictators will not stand in the international shipping community; and
(4) companies that are linked to harsh dictatorships, responsible for the suppression of democracy, are not welcome in the Australian shipping industry, and that:
(a) such companies negotiating contracts with dictatorships are on notice; and
(b) exploitative industrial behaviour will not be tolerated on our shores.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

14 INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Mrs Marino—That this House:
(1) recognises the importance of infrastructure to the future prosperity of our nation;
(2) acknowledges the actions the Government is taking in delivering a record $75 billion investment in infrastructure and transport projects focused on building local communities, connecting the regions and our cities, busting congestion and boosting productivity, while creating local jobs;
(3) notes that for the first time, the Government has committed to a 10 year infrastructure investment pipeline with the recently announced significant infrastructure projects; and
(4) congratulates the Government in working to deliver the infrastructure that will help secure Australia’s prosperity into the future.

—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Albanese, viz—that all words after paragraph (1) be omitted and the following be inserted:
(2) condemns the Government for cutting infrastructure investment from $8 billion in 2017-18 to $4.5 billion in 2021-22;
(3) notes research from the Parliamentary Budget Office which has found Commonwealth investment will fall from 0.4 to 0.2 per cent of GDP over the next decade;
condemns the Government for its incompetence in underspending by $4.7 billion on its own infrastructure investment commitments in its first four budgets;

(5) notes that off budget financing of public transport projects is misleading; and

(6) condemns the Government for failing to deliver investment to construct the Melbourne airport rail line, Western Sydney rail or Brisbane cross-river rail project.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

15 ENERGY: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House:

(1) recognises the need for households and small businesses to access affordable, reliable energy;

(2) notes that the Government’s National Energy Guarantee is recommended by the independent Energy Security Board and that it:

(a) involves no taxes, subsidies or trading schemes;

(b) creates a level playing field that ensures all types of energy are part of Australia’s mix;

(c) provides certainty for investors in new and existing power plants; and

(d) reduces price volatility; and

(3) condemns the Opposition’s plan to replicate South Australia’s 50 per cent renewable energy target, which will mean more subsidies and therefore higher prices.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

17 FARM HOUSEHOLD ALLOWANCE: Resumption of debate (from 10 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Gee—That this House:

(1) notes that a significant part of rural Australia is currently drought declared;

(2) further notes that farming families and the agriculture sector more widely are a vital part of the Australian economy as well as the Australian psyche;

(3) recognises the Prime Minister, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Agriculture and Water Resources for their efforts in touring drought declared areas in NSW and Queensland;

(4) congratulates the Government for deciding to extend the Farm Household Allowance from three years to four years; and

(5) acknowledges that this assistance will help the nation’s farmers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

18 ANNIVERSARIES OF THE GRETA ARMY AND GRETA MIGRANT CAMPS: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Fitzgibbon—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 2019 marks the 80th anniversary of the establishment of the Greta Army Camp and the 70th anniversary of its transition to a migrant training and reception centre—Greta Migrant Camp;

(b) around 60,000 soldiers of the Second Australian Imperial Force trained at the Camp between 1939 and 1945;

(c) more than 100,000 new arrivals passed through the Greta Migrant Camp between 1949 and 1960;

(d) the army training centre played a significant role in Australia’s outstanding contribution to the Second World War;

(e) the Greta Migrant Camp played a major role in delivering on the objectives and commitments of the Government’s humanitarian and nation building programs; and

(f) the Hunter region and Australia more generally remain enriched by the contribution of those who spent time living at the Greta Migrant Camp; and
(2) calls on the Government to ensure the 80th anniversary of the establishment of the Greta Army Camp and the 70th anniversary of the establishment of the Greta Migrant Camp are appropriately commemorated and celebrated anniversaries.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

19 AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING SECTORS: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Joyce—That this House:

(1) commends the hard working men and women of Australia’s farms and rural industry;
(2) notes that Australia’s total farm production is worth $62.3 billion in 2016-17, which is up almost 30 per cent since the Government came to office;
(3) notes that the value of agricultural exports is $49 billion in 2016-17, which is up 28 per cent since the Government came to office;
(4) notes the contribution of agriculture, forestry and fishing sector’s to Australia’s economy is $45.7 billion in 2016-17, which is up 9 per cent since the Government came to office;
(5) commends the Government for its investment in Australian agriculture to create jobs and prosperity in rural communities; and
(6) stands with farmers across Australia facing severe hardship as a result of drought and recognises the Government’s drought assistance measures.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

20 REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT POLICY: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the population of Australia has reached 25 million, a decade earlier than anticipated;
(b) there are significant opportunities to grow the population in regional Australia and the planning needs to be put in place and the plan needs to be developed together with the communities it will impact;
(c) this Parliament has completed multiple inquiries that outline:
   (i) the actions governments should take to address the impacts of population pressure; and
   (ii) actions to address the pressure on the telecommunications, infrastructure, social services, education and health care needs of regional Australia;
(d) the Standing Committee on Infrastructure, Transport and Cities report Harnessing Value, Delivering Infrastructure (November 2016) called for the Government to promote a better balance of settlement through decentralisation to the regions linked by faster transport connectivity and particularly through high speed rail; and
(e) the Select Committee on Regional Development and Decentralisation report Regions at the Ready: Investing in Australia’s Future (June 2018) called on the Government to state its regional development policy through a comprehensive Regional Australia White Paper, considering:
   (i) regional Australia’s population needs as part of the broader national context, including urbanisation, ageing, depleting populations in smaller towns, and migration;
   (ii) the use of the skilled migration program to support regional development;
   (iii) improving education and training of young people, in particular Year 12 completion rates—in regional areas;
   (iv) the development of a national regional higher education strategy;
   (v) the need for access to information technology, strong and reliable communication, specifically mobile phone and NBN;
   (vi) the need for strong and reliable transport infrastructure to support passenger and freight requirements;
   (vii) the role of amenity and social infrastructure, specifically the cultivation of social, cultural and community capital in supporting regional development;
   (viii) incentives and strategies to improve private sector investment in regional areas; and
   (ix) the role and funding of local governments to better support regional areas; and

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

**21 INCOME TAX:** Resumption of debate (*from 17 September 2018*) on the motion of Mr Evans—That this House:

1. notes that the Parliament recently passed the Government’s Personal Income Tax Plan;
2. further notes that:
   a. this legislation gives everyone who works a cut in their income tax bill; and
   b. the effect of this legislation means that over the next seven years 94 per cent of Australians will not face a tax rate of higher than 32.5 cents; and
3. congratulates the Government for supporting working people and providing the economic leadership our country needs.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

**22 EQUAL PAY AND RECOGNITION FOR WOMEN IN CARE PROFESSIONS:** Resumption of debate (*from 17 September 2018*) on the motion of Ms Plibersek—That this House:

1. expresses concern that despite recent improvements in the gender pay gap, Australian women continue to experience sustained economic disadvantage, in particular women working in undervalued, traditionally female dominated industries;
2. notes that on 5 September, early childhood educators around the country staged industrial action to highlight the need for equal pay and proper recognition for the value of their work;
3. acknowledges the important contribution these workers, along with workers in other undervalued care professions such as aged care, health and disability care make, not just to our nation’s economy but to Australian society; and
4. calls on the Government to take action to support equal pay and recognition for women working in undervalued care professions.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

**23 NATIONAL POLICE REMEMBRANCE DAY:** Resumption of debate (*from 17 September 2018*) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

1. notes that National Police Remembrance Day will be observed on 28 September;
2. acknowledges the significant role police officers across Australia play in our local communities and the great deal of risk and sacrifice that comes with their duty;
3. honours the lives and memories of those police officers who have made the ultimate sacrifice in the course of their duty, and tragically this year we specifically honour Constable Dennis Green of the Western Australian Police Force, who was killed during pursuit training in West Toodyay;
4. pays tribute to the families and friends of police officers who have been killed in the line of duty throughout our nation’s history;
5. commends the good work of Police Legacy, who look after the loved ones of police officers that have fallen; and
6. reaffirms its support for the nation’s police officers and honours their courage, commitment and dedication to ensuring the peace and safety of our communities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
24 PRIVATISING THE ABC: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) in the 2013 federal election, the then Leader of the Opposition, the Hon. Tony Abbott MP, promised no funding cuts to the ABC;
(b) since 2014 the Government has announced cuts of $338 million in funding from the ABC, comprised of:
   (i) $254 million since 2014; and
   (ii) $84 million over three years as announced in the 2018 budget;
(c) these funding cuts are privatising the ABC by stealth;
(d) many members of the Government are former staffers and/or members of the Institute of Public Affairs (IPA);
(e) the IPA has advised the Government to privatise the ABC and has published Against Public Broadcasting: Why We Should Privatise the ABC and How to Do It;
(f) on 7 October 2008 Senator Fifield, now Minister for Communications, gave a speech entitled Fiscal Contraception: Erecting Barriers to Impulsive Spending in which he stated that ‘Conservatives have often floated the prospect of privatising the ABC and Australia Post and there is merit in such proposals.’;
(g) strong and independent Australian public broadcasting is important to Australian culture and the quality of our country’s democracy;
(h) the Liberal Party of Australia’s 2018 Federal Council voted overwhelmingly in favour of the ‘full privatisation of the Australian Broadcasting Corporation, except for services into regional areas’; and
(i) no Government ministers present at that Federal Council spoke against the motion during the debate; and

(2) calls on the Government to reverse the funding cuts it has imposed upon the ABC since 2014.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

25 ALCOA AND ITS WORKFORCE: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:

(1) recognises the industrial action undertaken by Alcoa workers since 8 August 2018;
(2) acknowledges the cost this action has had on both Alcoa and its workforce, including families and communities in the Peel region;
(3) notes the impact the high cost of energy has had on working families and Australian industry, particularly aluminium refinement;
(4) recognises the resolve of the Government to get power prices down; and
(5) calls on Alcoa and the Australian Workers’ Union to reach an agreement that protects the job security of their workers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

26 AUSTRALIA AND INDONESIA: Resumption of debate (from 17 September 2018) on the motion of Mr Gosling—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the importance of Australia’s bilateral relationship with Indonesia;
(2) notes that:

(a) two-way investment between Australia and Indonesia was valued at $10.4 billion in 2016;
(b) 16,200 Indonesian tourists visited Australia and 1.248 million Australians visited Indonesia in 2016, making Indonesia Australia’s second most popular holiday destination;
(c) cultural engagement programs like those fostered by the Australia-Indonesia Institute, the Australia-Indonesia Centre and CAUSINDY: the Conference of Australian and Indonesian Youth, are paramount to continuing to develop strong people-to-people links;
(d) Darwin has a key role to play in Australia’s relationship with Indonesia through:

(i) educational opportunities such as Charles Darwin University’s exchange programs, research groups, and international student places;

(ii) assisting Indonesia in building their emergency and disaster management capacity;

(iii) quick-response health resources like the National Critical Care and Trauma Response Centre; and

(iv) further strengthening trade capabilities and opportunities in the cattle industry, with Indonesia taking approximately 60 per cent of Australia’s overall live cattle exports and more than a third of Australia’s live cattle exports currently shipped through the Port of Darwin; and

(e) there are many areas in which cooperation between Indonesia and Australia could be strengthened for mutual benefit, including:

(i) countering transnational crime through cyber-security capacity building;

(ii) improving Defence capabilities and humanitarian aid/disaster relief assistance;

(iii) sharing the expertise of NT health professionals through clinical training and trainee/specialist exchange programs;

(iv) partnering on tourism initiatives like Indonesia’s Beyond Bali campaign to provide opportunities to regional areas such as Eastern Indonesia; and

(v) expanding trilateral cooperation with Timor-Leste to improve humanitarian aid/disaster relief and strengthen maritime security, with opportunity for inclusion of other nations;

(3) encourages Members to reflect on recent occasions when the strength of the Australia-Indonesia relationship has been strained by decisions that, with the benefit of hindsight, didn’t adequately balance all aspects of the relationship between our nations; and

(4) calls on Members to ensure our words and actions at all times demonstrate our deep, enduring respect for Indonesia and the value we place in maintaining a positive relationship.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

27 INTERNATIONAL PREGNANCY AND INFANT LOSS REMEMBRANCE DAY: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Brodtmann—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 15 October marks International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day;

(b) on this day, parents, families and friends will memorialise babies they have lost through miscarriage, stillbirth and infant death; and

(c) International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day is an opportunity to officially acknowledge the losses experienced by parents and families across Australia;

(2) acknowledges that in Australia:

(a) it is estimated that one in four pregnancies results in miscarriage—that’s 103,000 every year;

(b) in 2016 2,849 lives were lost due to stillbirth or newborn death;

(c) the rate of stillbirth and newborn death is 70 per cent higher in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples;

(d) despite medical advancements, the stillbirth rate has not changed in two decades; and

(e) International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day is an opportunity to raise awareness of this difficult reality and start a conversation about miscarriage and infant loss;

(3) expresses sympathy to all families who have suffered a miscarriage, a stillbirth or infant death; and

(4) commends each and every person who has supported parents and families through their journey from the loss of a baby.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
28 TRADE: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr van Manen—That this House:

(1) acknowledges the importance of open trade and investment policies in growing the Australian economy and creating local jobs;

(2) commends the Government for leading efforts to conclude the Trans-Pacific Partnership 11 nation (TPP-11) agreement;

(3) welcomes the recent conclusion of this landmark deal which will eliminate more than 98 per cent of tariffs in a trade zone with a combined GDP of AUD $13.7 trillion;

(4) notes the significant opportunities offered by new trade agreements with Canada and Mexico and greater market access to Japan, Chile, Singapore, Malaysia, Vietnam and Brunei;

(5) recognises the importance of the agreement for Australia’s farmers, manufacturers and service providers in increasing their competitiveness in overseas markets;

(6) notes indicative modelling by the Peterson Institute for International Economics, which found that the TPP-11 agreement would boost Australia’s national income by 0.5 per cent and exports by 4 per cent; and

(7) encourages the Parliament to work co-operatively to ratify the TPP-11 agreement so that Australian exporters can take advantage of the many benefits it delivers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

29 NATIONAL CONTAINER DEPOSIT SCHEME: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) discarded plastic, glass, cardboard and aluminium beverage containers are detrimental to the environment and represent a valuable economic resource;

(b) Australians use more than an estimated 13.1 billion beverage containers a year, which represents over 35.9 million beverage containers used every day;

(c) South Australia’s container deposit legislation, the Beverage Container Act 1975, later incorporated into the Environment Protection Act 1993, became operational in 1977 and has now operated to great environmental and social effect for 41 years;

(d) South Australia leads the nation in the recovery, recycling and litter reduction of beverage containers with an overall return rate of 79.9 per cent;

(e) a major survey in 2012 demonstrated a 98 per cent level of support from South Australians for a national container deposit scheme;

(f) in 2016-17, South Australian collection depots recovered almost 587 million beverage containers (43,298 tonnes) for recycling and over $58 million was refunded to South Australians, especially to community groups, charities, and sporting clubs;

(g) beverage containers have been estimated to make up only 2.9 per cent of litter in South Australia, compared to 43 per cent in NSW prior to the introduction of their container deposit scheme; and

(h) according to the 2016-17 National Litter Index, the Northern Territory has seen a 50 per cent decrease in beverage containers as litter since the introduction of their container deposit scheme;

(2) congratulates South Australia, the Northern Territory, and now the ACT and NSW, on their successful container deposit schemes, and welcomes the upcoming introduction of schemes in Queensland and Western Australia;

(3) calls on the Tasmanian and Victorian governments to enact a container deposit scheme and to do so with speed and urgency; and

(4) calls on the Australian Government to work with the state and territory governments to begin implementation of a National Container Deposit Scheme before the next federal election.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
30 SMALL BUSINESSES AND GOVERNMENT DEFENCE CONTRACTS: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:
  (a) the Government’s record $200 billion investment in the Australian Defence Force (ADF) capabilities represents a unique opportunity for Australian businesses;
  (b) many Australian businesses who first supplied defence materials to the Australian Government go on to export these products overseas; and
  (c) Australia ranks thirteenth in the world for defence expenditure, but is only the twentieth largest exporter;

(2) congratulates the Government on its activities to date to encourage local small businesses to bid for Government defence contracts, including the 2016 Defence White Paper, the Integrated Investment Program, the Defence Industry Policy Statement and the Centre for Defence Industry Capability (CDIC);

(3) welcomes the Government’s efforts to develop a Defence Export Strategy to plan, guide and measure defence export outcomes that will support our foreign and trade policies, defence industry, defence capability and national security objectives; and

(4) encourages small and medium enterprises all over Australia to explore the opportunity to supply products and services for the ADF, and to contact the CDIC to learn more.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

31 WORLD OSTEOPOROSIS DAY: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Collins—That this House:

(1) notes that:
  (a) 20 October is World Osteoporosis Day and aims to increase awareness of the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of osteoporosis;
  (b) osteoporosis is a fragile bone disease that causes painful and debilitating fractures, particularly of the hip and spine;
  (c) every year in Australia around 165,000 fractures occur, many of which could have been prevented with earlier diagnosis and treatment; and
  (d) 4.7 million Australians over 50 have poor bone health;

(2) acknowledges that the cost of fractures associated with osteoporosis nationally amounted to $2.1 billion in 2017; and

(3) recognises that:
  (a) early action can be taken through regular exercise, a bone-healthy diet and consultation with a doctor about osteoporosis risk factors;
  (b) diagnosis and treatment of osteoporosis can halve the risk of fracture; and
  (c) effective preventative treatments include regular exercise, a bone healthy diet and consultation with doctors about risk factors.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

32 MOBILE BLACK SPOT PROGRAM: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mrs Marino—That this House:

(1) recognises the vital importance of mobile phone coverage to people living, working and travelling in regional and remote parts of the country;

(2) notes that:
  (a) the Government has committed $220 million to the Mobile Black Spot Program to invest in telecommunications infrastructure that improves mobile coverage across Australia;
  (b) over 600 base stations have already been activated under the program; and
  (c) base stations constructed under the program have already connected approximately 10,800 Triple Zero emergency calls; and

(3) calls on the Government to maintain its commitment to regional communications.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
33 VETERANS, EX-SERVING PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Ms O’Toole—That this House:
(1) notes:
(a) the immeasurable commitment and sacrifices that our Australian Defence Force (ADF) members make to serve our nation;
(b) that ADF families play a pivotal role in supporting our current serving ADF men, women, ex-serving personnel and veterans; and
(c) that Australia has a proud military history, and as such we have an obligation to all of those who have served in the name of our nation for our freedom;
(2) acknowledges Labor’s commitments to veterans, ex-serving personnel and their families, which includes:
(a) Australia’s first Military Covenant that will establish a formal agreement to ensure the nation’s ADF personnel are fully supported during and after their service, and will legislate regular reporting to the parliament on how Australia is supporting military personnel;
(b) a $121 million investment for a comprehensive Veterans’ Employment Policy to provide greater support to our defence personnel as they transition to civilian life;
(c) the development of a Family Engagement and Support Strategy for Defence Personnel and Veterans to provide greater support for military families; and
(d) supporting ex-service organisations’ calls for the Commonwealth Superannuation Corporation to be included in the terms of reference for the Royal Commission into Misconduct in the Banking, Superannuation and Financial Services Industry; and
(3) calls on the Government to support veterans, ex-service personnel and their families by matching Labor’s commitments.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

34 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That this House:
(1) recognises the positive effect of the Government’s measures to ensure that it lives within its means, in particular by:
(a) legislating tough measures against multinational tax avoidance;
(b) delivering disciplined financial management, including through a tax-to-GDP cap of 23.9 per cent and the lowest rate of spending growth of any government in more than 50 years; and
(c) maintaining the integrity of the welfare system so that support goes to those who need it most; and
(2) notes with deep concern that the Opposition:
(a) opposed our multinational anti-avoidance legislation in Parliament;
(b) refuses to commit to spending restraint or a tax cap so that the economy is not burdened with higher taxes; and
(c) has no plan to support Australians to get off welfare and into work.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

35 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME: Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Husar—That this House:
(1) acknowledges that the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS):
(a) supports a better life for hundreds of thousands of Australians with a significant and permanent disability, and their families and carers; and
(b) will provide about 460,000 Australians under the age of 65 with a permanent and significant disability with the reasonable and necessary supports they need to live an ordinary life;
(2) notes that:
(a) the NDIS began in a number of trial sites around Australia from July 2013;
(b) the NDIS is now operational across Australia;
(c) as at 31 December 2017, there were 132,743 participants with an approved plan with the NDIS and 9,523 children receiving support through the Early Childhood Early Intervention approach; and

(d) the NDIS roll-out in Western Australia will commence 1 July 2018;

(3) calls on the Government to urgently address delays and inadequacies in the NDIS operations and roll-out, including:
   (a) funding adequacy and access to the scheme;
   (b) NDIS plan approvals and plan renewals;
   (c) access to adequate health services, care and supports, housing and other essential services; and
   (d) ensuring that the pricing structure of the NDIS enables service providers to deliver high quality support to participants in the scheme including for group activities that are being threatened by the current model;

(4) reaffirms its commitment to:
   (a) ensuring Australians with a disability continue to get the support they need;
   (b) the scheme roll-out continuing to ensure a smooth transition for people with disability and support providers; and
   (c) an adequately funded and resourced NDIS; and

(5) encourages all Members of Parliament to support the NDIS roll-out and the access to support it provides to people with disability.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

36 AUSTRALIA AND CAMBODIA: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Hill—That this House:

(1) notes Australia’s proud legacy of working for peace and democracy in Cambodia, led by the work of the former Labor Foreign Minister the Hon. Gareth Evans QC in fostering the Paris Peace Accords in 1991;

(2) reiterates that as a longstanding friend of Cambodia and the Cambodian people, Australia must continue to urge the Cambodian Government to take steps to allow free and open political debate without violence and intimidation;

(3) condemns the sham election in Cambodia last month and expresses grave concern that:
   (a) the illegitimate election may sound the death knell of democracy, reversing more than 25 years of work to establish and strengthen democracy in Cambodia; and
   (b) Prime Minister Hun Sen’s ‘victory’ is a sham and cannot truly be said to represent the will of the Cambodian people because freedom of expression and association underpin democratic societies, yet in Cambodia the:
      (i) main opposition party, the Cambodian National Rescue Party, has been banned;
      (ii) opposition leader Kem Sokha remains in jail on politically motivated charges;
      (iii) media and civil society have been silenced and harassed, with Hun Sen publicly threatening a civil war if he lost the election;
      (iv) National Election Committee is not credible nor independent; and
      (v) official 82 per cent turnout figures are not credible, noting the opposition boycotted the election and international media reported that election day was quiet in many places;

(4) calls on the Cambodian Government to immediately release Kem Sokha from jail and guarantee his safety;

(5) considers that Australia must now consider stronger measures and calls on the Australian Government to:
   (a) review Australia’s international development assistance to Cambodia to ensure the program is focused on humanitarian and civil society support rather than broader cooperation with Hun Sen’s regime;
   (b) examine the introduction of targeted sanctions such as visa restrictions and asset freezes for members of Hun Sen’s regime and their families, given the reported strong links between the regime’s key officials and Australia;
(c) lead and support multilateral efforts with other nations, starting with signatories of the 1991 Paris Peace Accords, to develop coordinated measures to increase pressure on Hun Sen’s regime to allow free and open political debate without violence and intimidation;

(d) fully investigate allegations of illicit activities, including money laundering, by members of the Cambodian People’s Party in Australia; and

(e) guarantee the rights of Australians of Cambodian heritage to live safely and free from intimidation, and determine whether the Foreign Influence Transparency Scheme may apply to expose community groups which may be operating covertly in Australia in support of Hun Sen’s regime;

(6) calls on the Australian Government to:

(a) withdraw from the refugee resettlement deal; and

(b) promise not to enter into any further such deals with Cambodia; and

(7) acknowledge the tireless advocacy of the Australian Cambodian community in support of democracy and human rights in Cambodia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

37 IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Drum—that this House:

(1) acknowledges the importance of irrigated agriculture to the Australian economy;

(2) notes that:

(a) irrigated agricultural enterprises in 2016-17 contributed $15.5 billion to the Australian economy and accounts for 25 per cent of total Australian agricultural production; and

(b) in 2016-17 there were 22,103 agricultural businesses that farmed 2,244,000 hectares of irrigated land in Australia;

(3) recognises that of the $15.5 billion contributed to the economy in 2016-17, the major commodities included:

(a) fruit and nuts $3.5 billion;

(b) vegetables $3.3 billion;

(c) dairy $1.6 billion;

(d) cotton $1.5 billion;

(e) grapes $1.3 billion;

(f) nurseries and turf $1.3 billion;

(g) sugar cane $836 million;

(h) beef cattle $684 million;

(i) cereals $308 million; and

(j) rice $252 million; and

(4) acknowledges the commitment, hard work and investment of irrigators in every state and territory in Australia and the contribution they make to our economy.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

38 BLEEDING DISORDERS: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Vamvakinou—that this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 7 to 13 October 2018 is Bleeding Disorders Awareness Week;

(b) haemophilia, the most common bleeding disorder, affects more than 2,700 Australians, almost all of them boys and men;

(c) haemophilia is a genetic disease where a lack of a protein in the blood needed for clotting leads to excessive bleeding, often into joints and muscles;

(d) haemophilia impacts every aspect of day-to-day life—activities we all take for granted—as a result of hospitalisations, pain, accumulated disability and psychological impacts;
(e) treatment for bleeding disorders is delivered through specialised haemophilia treatment centres across the country and is jointly funded by the Commonwealth, state and territory governments through the National Blood Agreement; and

(f) the Haemophilia Foundation of Australia delivers vital support to Australians with bleeding disorders through advocacy, education and promotion of research;

(2) recognises that:

(a) while haemophilia treatment has improved significantly in recent years, there is still a significant need for improved treatments to deliver a better quality of life;

(b) reforms to the Therapeutic Goods Administration process to evaluate new medicines now allows for expedited priority review of new treatments for serious conditions such as haemophilia; and

(c) however, the road to fund new bleeding disorder treatments remains complex; and

(3) calls on the Government to continue working constructively with state and territory governments to ensure all Australians with bleeding disorders receive timely access to the treatments they need.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

39 STRONGER ECONOMY: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Banks—That this House:

(1) recognises the positive effect of the Government’s measures for a stronger economy mean that essential services are guaranteed including the Government’s:

(a) support for education and childcare; and

(b) measures to support more choices for Australians to live longer, healthier lives; and

(2) notes with deep concern that the Opposition has no plan for a stronger economy that will deliver essential services to Australians.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

40 BAHÁ’ÍS IN IRAN: Resumption of debate (from 22 October 2018) on the motion of Ms Brodtmann—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the Bahá’í community in Iran is subject to a widespread and systematic campaign of persecution;

(b) in 2012 and 2015, the House condemned the persecution and treatment of Bahá’ís in Iran;

(c) the discriminatory and unjust persecution continues, despite Iranian President Hassan Rouhani promising justice and equal opportunity for all Iranians;

(d) Australia was a co-sponsor of the December 2017 resolution by the General Assembly of the United Nations which expressed ‘serious concern about ongoing severe limitations and restrictions on the right to freedom of thought, conscience, religion or belief in Iran’; and

(e) persecution of Bahá’ís has recently spread to Yemen where a death sentence was passed against Mr Hamed bin Haydara in January 2018 due to his religion; and

(2) calls for:

(a) the immediate release of all Bahá’ís currently imprisoned in Iran for their religion, including the remaining Bahá’í leaders imprisoned since 2008;

(b) the Iranian Government to repeal all discriminatory legislation and practices, including the 1991 Bahá’í Question memorandum of the Supreme Revolutionary Cultural Council;

(c) respect for the right of freedom of religion and belief for all and an end to the persecution of the Bahá’ís in Iran; and

(d) the repeal of the death sentence against Mr bin Haydara and the immediate release of all Bahá’ís currently imprisoned in Yemen for their religion.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
41 THE DEATH PENALTY: Resumption of debate (from 23 October 2018) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) that 10 October 2018 was World Day Against the Death Penalty;
   (b) the bi-partisan position of Australian governments over many years in their continued opposition to the death penalty in all circumstances for all people and their commitment to pursuing the universal abolition of the death penalty through all avenues available; and
   (c) that the theme of the 2018 World Day Against the Death Penalty is to raise awareness of the inhumane living conditions of people sentenced to death;

(2) acknowledges the Australian Government’s Strategy for Abolition of the Death Penalty, which details Australia’s reasons for opposing the death penalty because:
   (a) it is irrevocable, miscarriages of justice cannot be rectified, and no legal system is safe from error;
   (b) it denies any possibility of rehabilitation to the convicted individual;
   (c) there is no convincing evidence that it is a more effective deterrent than long term or life imprisonment; and
   (d) it is unfair—it is used disproportionately against the poor, people with intellectual or mental disabilities and minority groups; and

(3) notes that on World Day Against the Death Penalty, the Australian film Guilty, which documents the final 72 hours in the life of Myuran Sukumaran, the Bali Nine convicted criminal who, along with Andrew Chan was executed by a firing squad in Indonesia on 29 April 2015, was screened in every state and territory in Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

42 HUMAN RIGHTS IN VIETNAM: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mr Dick—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Brisbane’s southside hosts a vibrant Vietnamese-Australian community; and
   (b) Vietnamese migration is a successful case of multiculturalism at its finest and has strengthened the social fabric of Australian society;

(2) recognises that:
   (a) Australia must continue to advocate for freedom and the respect of human rights for the people of Vietnam and for all people around the world;
   (b) international human rights organisations such as Human Rights Watch, have become increasingly concerned about abuses to human rights in Vietnam;
   (c) Vietnam’s prisons currently hold at least 140 political prisoners; and
   (d) during the first five months of 2018 alone, at least 26 rights activists and bloggers were put on trial, convicted and sentenced to long prison terms; and

(3) calls on the Australian Government to:
   (a) exert pressure on the Vietnamese Government to allow thorough examination of claims of human rights abuses;
   (b) seek the holding of those responsible for these abuses to account; and
   (c) help protect vulnerable citizens from human rights abuses in Vietnam.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

43 AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER STUDIES: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mr Evans—That this House:

(1) recognises that the Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies (AIATSIS):
   (a) is a cultural institution of international renown; and
   (b) has been central to the development of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander studies;

(2) notes that on Monday, 15 October 2018 AIATSIS unveiled its Strategic Plan 2018-2023 in Parliament House;
(3) congratulates the dedicated team at AIATSIS for its ambitious strategic plan;
(4) commends the work of AIATSIS in helping to forge a national identity that embraces, celebrates and preserves the unique cultures of Australia’s First Peoples; and
(5) encourages honourable Members to raise public awareness of the institute’s collections and the great work being done by AIATSIS to assist and promote the study of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages and culture.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

44 CEO REMUNERATION: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Ms Kearney—That this House:
    (1) notes that:
        (a) a recent report into CEO remuneration found that the average total pay of ASX 100 CEOs rose by 9 per cent last year—4 times the pace of average wage growth;
        (b) the median ASX 100 CEO earned more than $4 million, and the average pay for ASX 100 CEOs was 75 times the average pay of full time workers, meaning a CEO takes home in a single year what it would take the average worker nearly two careers to accrue;
        (c) excessive remuneration was not always the norm, given in the late 1970s, the BHP CEO was earning only around 6 or 7 times what an average Australian worker took home; and
        (d) there is widespread public concern about inequality, and in particular that CEO salaries are growing at an unfair rate and leaving workers behind;
    (2) recognises that:
        (a) large firms in the United States and the United Kingdom are required to report ratios between CEO pay and workers in their firms;
        (b) excessive CEO pay makes firms less profitable than they should be, with experts noting that an excessive gap can hurt employee morale and reduce productivity;
        (c) remuneration ratio transparency is not an affront, but rather a complement, to a market economy; and
        (d) extending current market reporting requirements for public companies helps inform investors as they calculate risks and decide where to invest their money; and
    (3) calls on the Government to support Labor’s plan to implement reporting rules requiring large listed firms to publicly release the ratio of total CEO remuneration and median worker pay.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

45 LOCAL GOVERNMENTS: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mr Falinski—That this House:
    (1) recognises the important role that local government plays in Australia;
    (2) notes the continuing support that the Australian Government provides to local governments around Australia including:
        (a) Black Spot Program funding;
        (b) the Bridges Renewal Program; and
        (c) the Roads of Strategic Importance initiative; and
    (3) recognises that strong local government is important for strong and healthy communities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

46 WHITE RIBBON DAY: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Ms Husar—That this House:
    (1) notes that 23 November 2018 is White Ribbon Day (WRD) followed by the International Day for the Elimination of Violence against Women on 25 November;
    (2) recognises that WRD aims to prevent violence against women by increasing public awareness and challenging attitudes and behaviours that allow gendered violence to continue;
    (3) supports the United Nations UNiTE to End Violence against Women and the 16 days of activism campaigns which are held internationally from 25 November to 10 December each year;
understands that:
(a) this year, as of 15 October 2018, 55 women have been killed by violence in Australia;
(b) one in three women have experienced physical and/or sexual violence perpetrated by someone
    known to them;
(c) each week on average one woman is killed by a current or former partner; and
(d) domestic and family violence is the principle cause of homelessness for women and their
    children;
(5) acknowledges the high economic cost of violence against women, which is estimated to cost the
    Australian economy $21.7 billion a year; and
(6) asks all Members to show their support for the principles of WRD.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re- accorded priority on any of the next
7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

47 VETERANS AND VETERANS FAMILIES COUNSELLING SERVICE: Resumption of debate
(from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mr Christensen—That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) the Veterans and Veterans Families Counselling Service was renamed as Open Arms: Veterans and Families Counselling Service, by the Minister for Veterans’ Affairs on 19 October 2018 to coincide with the Invictus Games;
   (b) veterans of the Vietnam War were the first to recognise the need for specialist counselling
       services for Australia’s returned service personnel—their lobbying resulted in the establishment
       of the Vietnam Veterans Counselling Service, or VVCS, in 1982;
   (c) since its establishment, VVCS has assisted thousands of veterans and their families with mental
       health and relationship issues, as well as building resilience and wellbeing; and
   (d) over the years, the focus of this service has expanded to include veterans of all conflicts, their
       families and other members of the veteran community and the new name recognises this
       broader focus; and
(2) acknowledges the significant legacy of Australia’s Vietnam veterans who have ensured that future
    generations of serving men and women will have access to specialised mental health and wellbeing
    support.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re- accorded priority on any of the next
7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

48 INDUSTRY-SPECIFIC AUTO DEALERSHIP CODE: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on
the motion of Mr Dick—That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) there are approximately 1,500 new car dealers in Australia that operate 3,500 new vehicle
       outlets;
   (b) 85 per cent of new car dealers are private or family owned businesses; and
   (c) the Australian Automotive Dealer Association is the peak industry body exclusively
       representing franchised new car dealers in Australia;
(2) recognises that:
   (a) the economic impact of the new vehicle retailing sector to Australia is significant, contributing
       $14.91 billion dollars to the national economy and employing almost 70,000 Australians;
   (b) vehicle manufacturers in Australia are increasingly behaving in a way that makes it very
       challenging for new car dealers to run a viable business;
   (c) relations between manufacturers and dealers is currently governed by the Franchising Code of
       Conduct; and
   (d) this code has failed to protect dealers as it does not account for the highly technical nature of
       the automotive industry and the scale of both dealers and manufacturers relative to regular
       franchisees and franchisors; and
calls on the Government to support Labor’s plan to implement an industry-specific auto dealership code that will deliver clear ground rules for manufacturers and dealerships, including obligations under the Australian Consumer Law and consumer complaints, warranty and repair processes, dealership agreements and the ability to make variations to them, and termination notices.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

49 VOLUNTEERING: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mr Vasta—That this House:

(1) recognises the fantastic contribution that volunteers make to the community of Bonner, and to Australia in general;

(2) notes there are 8.7 million volunteers around Australia in organisations like sports clubs, charities and schools;

(3) congratulates the Government for allocating $20 million in funding to support volunteering; and

(4) notes that volunteering efforts make an estimated annual economic and social contribution of $290 billion.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

50 CLIMATE CHANGE: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the scientific evidence for both the existence of climate change and the anthropogenic factors that cause it is overwhelming and compelling and should no longer be held in doubt;

(b) climate change is projected to create serious risks to health, livelihoods, food security, water supply, human security and economic growth and that action on climate change is of critical importance to future generations of Australians;

(c) the Australian Institute’s report entitled Climate of the Nation 2018 found that 73 per cent of Australians are concerned about climate change, up from 66 per cent in 2017, and that only 11 per cent of Australians do not think that climate change is occurring;

(d) in March 2007, the then Opposition Leader, the Hon Kevin Rudd, stated that ‘Climate change is the great moral challenge of our generation.’;

(e) in February 2010, the then Member for Wentworth, the Hon Malcolm Turnbull, stated that ‘Climate change policy...is an exercise in risk management and no reasonable person could regard the risk as being so low that no action was warranted.’;

(f) the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change 2018 special report entitled Global Warming of 1.5°C concluded that human activities are estimated to have caused approximately 1°C of global warming above pre-industrial levels;

(g) that same report concludes with high confidence that global warming is likely to reach 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels between 2030 and 2052 if it continues to increase at the current rate;

(h) climate related risks are projected to substantially increase with global warming of 1.5°C and seriously increase with global warming of 2°C or higher; and

(i) serious Government action on climate change in Australia has badly stalled; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) maintain its commitment to the Paris Agreement and its targets; and

(b) take:

(i) genuine and meaningful action to meet those targets; and

(ii) significantly greater action to reduce Australia’s greenhouse emissions, and as soon as possible.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
51 REMEMBRANCE DAY: Resumption of debate (from 26 November 2018) on the motion of Mrs Marino—
That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) on Remembrance Day on 11 November 2018, we commemorated the Centenary of the First World War Armistice;
   (b) from a population of less than five million, more than 400,000 Australians enlisted to serve, and of these, more than 150,000 were wounded, gassed or taken prisoner and more than 60,000 made the ultimate sacrifice giving their lives for their country; and
   (c) this was an enormous toll for a young nation like Australia with nearly every family and community across the country having experienced a loss of some kind; and
(2) acknowledges:
   (a) the service and sacrifice of Australia’s current and former serving men and women;
   (b) the unwavering commitment of the families who support our veterans on the home front; and
   (c) and thanks all current and former defence personnel for their service.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

52 PRESCHOOL/KINDY FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Ms Claydon—That this House:
(1) acknowledges that:
   (a) 90 per cent of the brain develops before the age of five;
   (b) nearly one in four Australian children—22 per cent—start school without the foundational skills to be successful learners; and
   (c) those children who are missing out on early education are children from disadvantaged backgrounds and are the ones who would benefit most from a preschool program;
(2) agrees that:
   (a) according to the Lifting our Game report prepared by early education experts for state and territory education ministers, two years of preschool is a key recommendation to achieving educational excellence in Australia; and
   (b) age appropriate early learning programs have been proven to have a positive impact on children’s outcomes through school;
(3) notes that:
   (a) the Government has left parents and providers in limbo with its refusal to provide funding certainty;
   (b) without ongoing funding to four year old preschool/kindy, providers are unable to plan ahead;
   (c) since Labor introduced Universal Access to Early Childhood Education in 2008, preschool enrolment for four year olds has increased from 77 per cent to 93 per cent; and
   (d) the Government’s lack of commitment has left us falling behind other OECD countries in early education; and
(4) calls on the Government to properly fund four year old preschool/kindy and follow Labor’s commitment to provide ongoing funding to four year olds and extend this to three year olds.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

53 THE JEWISH COMMUNITY IN AUSTRALIA: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That this House:
(1) notes with great sadness the passing of the former President of the NSW Jewish Board of Deputies (JBD), Jeremy Spinak;
(2) acknowledges with gratitude the work of organisations such as the NSW JBD; and
(3) recognises the outstanding contribution the Jewish community has made to Australia.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
54 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 2009 VICTORIAN BUSHFIRES: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Ms McGowan—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) 7 February 2019 will be the 10th anniversary of the bushfires that devastated parts of Victoria;

(b) the fires were the most devastating in Australian history, killing 173 people, burning more than 450,000 hectares of land and destroying more than 2,000 houses;

(c) in the 10 years since those devastating fires and the horrific weather conditions that preceded them, communities in the electoral division of Indi have worked hard to rebuild homes, businesses, communities and lives;

(d) in the immediate aftermath of the fires, these communities were inundated with generous offers of help, including the commitment of governments at all levels to work with those affected to rebuild;

(e) as a result, much has been done to rebuild communities, to provide support to help heal the devastating emotional loss and progress the recovery of those many thousands of people affected by these fires;

(f) while much has been achieved, it is time to finish the task of rebuilding core infrastructure and restore the sense of place and vibrancy within communities that were destroyed almost 10 years ago; and

(g) the 10 year anniversary of the 2009 fires presents an opportunity to bring together bipartisan support from all levels of government to announce and complete this rebuild; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) pay tribute to the strength, courage and resilience of those who survived the fires on 7 February 2009;

(b) continue to provide support to individuals and communities who lost so much;

(c) honour those who lost their lives in these fires;

(d) acknowledge the wonderful work of the frontline emergency services personnel and volunteers, the community agencies, governments at all levels and individuals involved in assisting local communities to rebuild in the past 10 years; and

(e) honour a commitment to work with those communities devastated by the 2009 bushfires to complete the task of rebuilding core infrastructure and restore their heart and soul.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

55 VETERANS’ EMPLOYMENT: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House notes:

(1) that the Prime Minister and the Minister for Veterans’ Affairs launched the Prime Minister’s Veterans Employment Commitment (VEC) on 2 November 2018;

(2) that the VEC is a way for businesses to pledge their support for veterans’ employment and provides veterans with a way to easily identify those businesses that recognise the skills, experiences and capabilities they bring to civilian workplaces;

(3) that hiring veterans is good for business and encourages all Australian businesses to sign the VEC and hire a veteran;

(4) that the second annual Prime Minister’s Veterans’ Employment Awards will be held in March 2019;

(5) that the awards recognise:

(a) businesses of all types and sizes that employ and support veterans and spouses of current serving Australian Defence Force (ADF) members; and

(b) the significant achievements being made by veterans in the workplace along with those who have built on their ADF experience to start up or take on a successful business; and

(6) the ongoing efforts of the Government to improve the support and services available to the men and women transitioning out of the ADF.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
56 PROPOSED ROYAL COMMISSION INTO THE SUPERMARKET AND PETROL RETAILING SECTORS: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Hogan—That this House:

1. notes that:
   a. the disparity of petrol prices between regional and rural areas compared to city prices is not explainable and must be investigated; and
   b. allegations of misuse of market power, unconscionable conduct and the use of unfair contract terms by the large supermarket chains Woolworths, Coles and Aldi, must be investigated; and

2. calls on the Government to:
   a. request the Governor-General to establish a Royal Commission into the supermarket and petrol retailing sectors; and
   b. draft terms of reference that will investigate all facets of the major operators of the supermarkets and petrol retailing industries, including but not limited to, business practices, conduct and culture with regard to:
      i. misuse of market power;
      ii. unfair contract terms;
      iii. unconscionable conduct; and
      iv. pricing collusion.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

57 UNIVERSITIES FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Ms T. M. Butler—That this House:

1. notes that:
   a. the Government’s short-sighted $2.2 billion in cuts to universities are equivalent to more than 9,500 Australians missing out on a university place in 2018, and again in 2019;
   b. across the country this month, students will be attending university, with orientation periods beginning, and that these students are faced with more uncertainty about how the cuts will affect their student experience; and
   c. the Government’s short-sighted cuts will hurt regional and outer metropolitan universities and their students the most; and

2. calls on the Government to reverse its short-sighted, unfair cuts to universities, which are closing the door of opportunity to thousands of Australians.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

58 FARMING COMMUNITIES AND DROUGHT: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Gee—That this House:

1. recognises the commitment of the Government in support of our farming communities through all forms of hardship, including drought;
2. notes the continued resilience of our farmers in drought affected areas, and acknowledges the challenges they are continuing to face;
3. welcomes the record level of funding committed by the Government to provide immediate and ongoing support to our Australian farmers, their families and their communities; and
4. commends the significant investment by the Government in announcing the $3.9 billion Future Drought Fund, which will grow to $5 billion by 2029, to provide a new and sustainable source of funding to enable farming communities to better prepare for, manage through and recover from drought into the future.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
59 HOME CARE PACKAGES: Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr Hart—
That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) there are almost 300 older Australians who have waited more than two years for their approved
       home care package, without any care;
   (b) a further 636 older Australians have waited more than a year for care and they currently have
       no care at all and there are thousands more getting less care than they need;
   (c) the latest waiting list for home care packages indicates that more than 100,000 older
       Australians are waiting for the package they have been approved for; and
   (d) the latest figures show that the waiting list grew by more than 20,000 between 1 July and
       December 2017 and it is likely to continue growing without funding for the release of more
       packages;

(2) recognises the Government’s response in its budget of 14,000 home care packages is woefully
    inadequate;

(3) condemns the Government for the aged care crisis it has made on its watch; and

(4) calls on the Government to immediately invest in fixing the home care package waiting list and
    properly address this growing crisis.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next
8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

60 70TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENOCIDE CONVENTION: Resumption of debate
(from 3 December 2018) on the motion of Mr T. R. Wilson—That this House:

(1) recognises that 9 December 2018 marks the 70th anniversary of the adoption by the United Nations

(2) acknowledges the important role played by Australia, in particular Australia’s then President of the
    United Nations General Assembly, Dr Herbert Vere ‘Doc’ Evatt, in the successful adoption of the
    United Nations Genocide Convention;

(3) further acknowledges Australia’s leadership as being one of the first countries to ratify the
    United Nations Genocide Convention in 1949, and its continued commitment to the eradication of
    the crime through its inclusion of the United Nations definition of Genocide in the Criminal Code
    Act 1995;

(4) honours the primary initiator and author of the United Nations Genocide Convention, Dr Raphael
    Lemkin, a lawyer of Polish-Jewish descent, who coined the word ‘genocide’, informed by his study
    of the systematic extermination of the Armenians during World War I and the Jews during
    World War II; and

(5) recognises the need for eternal vigilance of all countries, including Australia, to acknowledge past
    genocides as essential to stopping future genocides.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next
8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)

61 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (RESTORING PENALTY RATES) BILL 2018 (Mr Shorten): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 3 December 2018).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless re-accorded priority on any of the next
8 sitting Mondays including 18 February 2019.)
QUESTIONS IN WRITING

On the first sitting day of each fortnight, a complete Notice Paper is published containing all unanswered questions. On subsequent days, only new questions for the sitting are included in the Notice Paper. The full text of all unanswered questions is available at:


Questions unanswered

Nos 893, 1034, 1139, 1141, 1149, 1151-1175, 1177, 1179, 1196, 1198, 1201, 1210, 1215-1216, 1225, 1233, 1236-1245.

18 February 2019

*1246 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister for Cities, Urban Infrastructure and Population—

(1) What is the current status of Norfolk Island’s application to the United Nations for listing as a non self-governing external territory.

(2) Since January 2018, what consultation has the Government undertaken with representatives of the Norfolk Island community regarding self-government.

(3) Will the Government be reinstating the preamble to the Norfolk Island Act 1979; if so, when; if not, why not.

(4) Is the Government considering re-instating self-government on Norfolk Island; if so, can further information be provided.

(5) What Commonwealth legislation is the Government seeking to extend to Norfolk Island.

(6) Is it a fact that ‘Current Commonwealth funding for Norfolk Island is insufficient’, as stated in the Department of Infrastructure, Regional Development and Cities’ ‘Background Brief 3.06 Budget 2018-19 - Norfolk Island – Additional funding – Update on Progress (September 2018); if so, by what date does the Government expect funding to be sufficient.

(7) Who will deliver services to Norfolk Island after 2022, and are Norfolk Islanders being consulted on this matter.

(8) What was the total expenditure by the Department of Infrastructure, Regional Development and Cities on Norfolk Island in (a) 2012-13, (b) 2013-14, (c) 2014-15, (d) 2015-16, (e) 2016-17, and (f) 2017-18.

DAVID ELDER
Clerk of the House of Representatives
The Speaker
Mr A. D. H. Smith

The Deputy Speaker
Mr Hogan

The Second Deputy Speaker
Mr Mitchell

Speaker’s Panel Members
Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Ms Claydon, Mr Georganas, Mr Goodenough, Mr Hastie, Mr Howarth, Mr C. A. S. Laundy, Dr McVeigh, Ms Vamvakou, Mr Vasta, Mrs Wicks.

COMMITTEES

Unless otherwise shown, appointed for life of 45th Parliament

Standing

Pursuant to standing orders

AGRICULTURE AND WATER RESOURCES: Mr R. J. Wilson (Chair), Ms Swanson (Deputy Chair), Dr Gillespie, Ms Keay, Mr Keogh, Mrs Marino, Mr Pasin, Mr Ramsey.

Current inquiry:
The impact on the agricultural sector of vegetation and land management policies, regulations and restrictions.

APPROPRIATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION: The Speaker (Chair), Ms Owens (Deputy Chair), Mr Hart, Mr Hayes, Mrs Marino, Mr R. G. Mitchell, Mr Morton, Mr Ramsey, Mr van Manen.

COMMUNICATIONS AND THE ARTS: Mr Howarth (Chair), Mr Watts (Deputy Chair), Mr Alexander, Ms Flint, Ms McBride, Ms Templeman, Mr R. J. Wilson. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
Australian music industry.

ECONOMICS: Mr T. R. Wilson (Chair), Mr Thistlethwaite (Deputy Chair), Mr Bandt, Mr Evans, Mr Falinski, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Keogh, Mr C. A. S. Laundy, Mr J. H. Wilson. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiries:
Barriers to investment.
Implications of removing refundable franking credits.

EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING: Mr Laming (Chair), Ms Lamb (Deputy Chair), Ms T. M. Butler, Mr Evans, Mr Falinski, Mr O’Connor, Mr O’Dowd, Ms Sharkie, Mrs Sudmalis, Mr Wallace.

Current inquiry:
Status of the teaching profession.

ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY: Dr Gillespie (Chair), Mr Conroy (Deputy Chair), Mr Entsch, Mr Evans, Mr Howarth, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Khalil, Ms Stanley.

Current inquiry:
Controlling the spread of cane toads.

HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT: Mr Zimmerman (Chair), Mr Georganas (Deputy Chair), Mr Drum, Dr Freelander, Mr Laming, Mrs Wicks, Mr T. R. Wilson, Mr Zappia.

Current inquiries:
Sleep health awareness.
2017-18 annual reports of the Department of Health and Australian Hearing.
HOUSE: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Hayes, Mrs Marino, Mr Perrett, Mr Ramsey, Ms Ryan, Mr van Manen.

INDIGENOUS AFFAIRS: Mrs Sudmalis (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Ms Claydon, Ms M. M. H. King, Dr McVeigh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr R. J. Wilson.

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION, SCIENCE AND RESOURCES: Mr Joyce (Chair), Mr Gosling (Deputy Chair), Mr Christensen, Dr Gillespie, Mr Khalil, Mr B. K. Mitchell, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr T. R. Wilson.

INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND CITIES: Mr Alexander (Chair), Ms Bird (Deputy Chair), Mr Entsch, Mr Giles, Ms McBride, Ms McGowan, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Wallace, Mr Zimmerman. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
Automated mass transit.

PETITIONS: Mrs Wicks (Chair), Mrs Elliot (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Georganas, Mr Morton, Mr O’Dowd, Mrs Prentice. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
The future of petitioning in the House.

PRIVILEGES AND MEMBERS’ INTERESTS: Mr Vasta (Chair), Mr Conroy (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Fitzgibbon, Mr Giles, Mr Goodenough, Mrs Marino, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Snowdon, Mr Swan, Mr Zimmerman.

Current inquiry:
Development of a foreign influence transparency scheme to apply to parliamentarians.

PROCEDURE: Mr Pasin (Chair), Mr Dick (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Mr Gorman, Mrs Prentice, Ms Ryan. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
Maintenance of the Standing Orders.

PUBLICATIONS: Mr Christensen (Chair), Ms M. M. H. King (Deputy Chair), Mr Falinski, Mr Gorman, Mrs Marino, Ms Stanley, Mr Vasta.

SELECTION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Drum, Mr Georganas, Mr Hayes, Mrs Marino, Mr O’Dowd, Mr Perrett, Mrs Prentice, Mr Ramsey, Ms Ryan, Mr van Manen.

SOCIAL POLICY AND LEGAL AFFAIRS: Mr Leeser (Chair), Ms Claydon (Deputy Chair), Mr Christensen, Mr Entsch, Mr Falinski, Dr Freelander, Ms Husar, Mr T. R. Wilson.

Current inquiry:

TAX AND REVENUE: Mr Falinski (Chair), Ms Owens (Deputy Chair), Mr Dick, Ms Flint, Mr Gorman, Mr Hartsuyker, Mr Leeser, Mr van Manen.

Current inquiry:

Select

INTERGENERATIONAL WELFARE DEPENDENCE: (Formed 24 May 2018) Mr Broadbent (Chair), Ms Kearney (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Mr Morton, Mr Ramsey, Ms Sharkie, Mr van Manen. (To report by 12 April 2019.)

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND DECENTRALISATION: (Formed 1 June 2017) Mr Drum (Chair), Ms Swanson (Deputy Chair), Ms L. M. Chesters, Mr Jones, Mrs Marino, Ms McGowan, Mr Pasin, Mr Ramsey. (Members to be appointed.) (Final report presented 28 June 2018; Committee dissolved.)
Joint Select

CONSTITUTIONAL RECOGNITION RELATING TO ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER PEOPLES: (Formed 19 March 2018): Mr Leeser (Chair), Senator Dodson (Chair), Ms Burney, Ms McGowan, Dr McVeigh, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Senator Duniain, Senator McCarthy, Senator Siewert, Mr Snowdon, Senator Stoker. (Final report presented 29 November 2018; Committee dissolved.)

GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT: (Formed 1 December 2016): Senator Xenophon (Chair), Senator Kitching (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Ms Ley, Ms Sharkie, Ms Swanson, Mr Zappia, Senator Abetz, Senator Bushby, Senator Carr (Final report presented 8 August 2017; Committee dissolved.)

OVERSIGHT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF REDRESS RELATED RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ROYAL COMMISSION INTO INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSES TO CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE: (Formed 20 June 2017): Senator Hinch (Chair), Ms Claydon (Deputy Chair), Mr Dick, Mr C. A. S. Laundy, Mrs Sudmalis, Senator Duniain, Senator Moore, Senator Siewert. (To report on the second last sitting day of March 2019.)

Joint Statutory

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT INTEGRITY: Senator Bushby (Chair), Senator Bilyk (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mrs Elliot, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr Sukkar, Mr Zappia, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Watt.

Current inquiries:
Examination of the Annual Report of Integrity Commissioner 2016-17.
Integrity of Australia’s border arrangements.

BROADCASTING OF PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS: The Speaker (Chairman), The President (Vice-Chairman), Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Mr Christensen, Ms Templeman, Mr Vasta, Senator Bushby, Senator Farrell.

CORPORATIONS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES: Mr Sukkar (Chair), Senator O’Neill (Deputy Chair), Mr Falinski, Ms Kearney, Mr Keogh, Mr van Manen, Senator Hume, Senator Ketter, Senator Whish-Wilson, Senator Williams.

Current inquiry:
Operation and effectiveness of the Franchising Code of Conduct.

HUMAN RIGHTS: Mr Goodenough (Chair), Mr Perrett (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Ms M. M. H. King, Mr Leeser, Senator Brown, Senator Gichuhi, Senator McKim, Senator Moore, Senator Paterson.

INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY: Mr Hastie (Chair), Mr Byrne (Deputy Chair), Mr Dreyfus, Dr M. J. Kelly, Mr Leeser, Mr Wood, Senator Abetz, Senator McAllister, Senator Molan, Senator Stoker, Senator Wong.

Current inquiries:
Review of Administration and Expenditure No. 17 (2017-18).
Review of the identity-matching Bills.

LAW ENFORCEMENT: Mr C. Kelly (Chair), Senator Singh (Deputy Chair), Dr Aly, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Ms O’Neil, Mr Wood, Senator Abetz, Senator Hume, Senator Keneally. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiries:
Examination of the Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission Annual Report 2016-17.
Examination of the Australian Federal Police Annual Report 2016-17.

Illicit tobacco.
The impact of new and emerging information and communications technology.
Theft and export of motor vehicles and parts.
PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT: Senator Smith (Chair), Mr Hill (Deputy Chair), Ms Brodtmann, Ms Flint, Mr Hart, Mr Hastie, Ms M. M. H. King, Mr Laming, Mrs Marino, Senator Abetz, Senator Ketter, Senator Martin, Senator McAllister, Senator Patrick. (Members to be appointed.)

Current inquiries:
Army’s Protected Mobility Vehicle—Light.
Australian Government funding: Schools and Indigenous health.
Australian Government security arrangements.
Commonwealth contracting.
Commonwealth financial statements.
Defence first principles review and naval construction.
Foreign investment obligations in residential real estate.
Mental health in the Australian Federal Police.

PUBLIC WORKS: Dr McVeigh (Chair), Mr Zappia (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Ms Keay, Ms Ryan, Senator Gallacher, Senator Stoker, Mr Wallace, Senator Williams.

Current inquiries:
Christmas Island—Proposed replacement of the wharf crane and mooring systems.
Sydney—CSIRO’s Consolidation Project.
Moonee Ponds, Victoria—Fit-out of leased premises for the Australian Taxation Office at 6-20 Gladstone Street.
Point Wilson, Victoria—Point Wilson waterside infrastructure remediation project.

Joint Standing

ELECTORAL MATTERS: Senator McGrath (Chair), Mr Giles (Deputy Chair), Mr Dick, Mr Morton, Mr Pitt, Mrs Wicks, Senator Brown, Senator Ketter, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Waters.

Current inquiries:

FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE: Senator Macdonald (Chair), Mr Champion (Deputy Chair), Dr Aly, Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Claydon, Mr Crewther, Mr Danby, Mr Drum, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Laming, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Perrett, Mr Ramsey, Mr Snowdon, Mrs Sudmalis, Ms Swanson, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Wallace, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Abetz, Senator Faruqi, Senator Fierravanti-Wells, Senator Gallacher, Senator Kitching, Senator McCarthy, Senator Molan, Senator Moore, Senator Singh, Senator Smith. (Members to be appointed.)

Current inquiries:
Aid program outcomes.
Australia’s trade and investment relationship with the United Kingdom.
Freedom of religion or belief.
Transition from the Australian Defence Force.

MIGRATION: Mr Wood (Chair), Ms Vamvakinou (Deputy Chair), Mr Georganas, Mr Neumann, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr Vasta, Senator Keneally, Senator McKim, Senator Molan, Senator Paterson.

Current inquiries:
Australian migration agents.
Visa cancellation process.

NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK: Mrs Prentice (Chair), Mr J. H. Wilson (Deputy Chair), Ms Brodtmann, Dr Gillespie, Mr Howarth, Mr Jones, Ms McGowan, Mr B. K. Mitchell, Mrs Wicks, Senator Georgiou, Senator Griff, Senator Hume, Senator Ketter, Senator O’Neill, Senator Smith, Senator Steele-John, Senator Urquhart.
NATIONAL CAPITAL AND EXTERNAL TERRITORIES: Mr Morton (Chair), Ms Brodtmann (Deputy Chair), Mr Hogan, Mr Leeser, Dr McVeigh, Mr Snowdon, Senator Duniam, Senator Faruqi, Senator Lines, Senator McCarthy, Senator Paterson, Senator Smith

Current inquiries:
National institutions.
Review of the National Capital Authority: Biannual Public Briefings.

NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME: Mr K. J. Andrews (Chair), Senator Gallacher (Deputy Chair), Ms Burney, Ms Husar, Mrs Sudmalis, Mr Wallace, Senator Brockman, Senator Brown, Senator Duniam, Senator Steele-John.

Current inquiry:
General issues around the implementation and performance of the NDIS.

NORTHERN AUSTRALIA: Mr Entsch (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Mr O’Dowd, Ms O’Toole, Senator Dodson, Senator Macdonald, Senator McCarthy, Senator Siewert, Senator Smith. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
Opportunities and challenges of the engagement of traditional owners in the economic development of Northern Australia.

PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY: Mr Ramsey (Chair), Senator Lines (Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Byrne, Dr Freelander, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Brockman, Senator Duniam, Senator Gichuhi, Senator Moore. (Member to be appointed.)

TRADE AND INVESTMENT GROWTH: Mr O’Dowd (Chair), Mr Hart (Deputy Chair), Mr Khalil, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr T. R. Wilson, Senator Abetz, Senator Chisholm, Senator Martin, Senator Watt. (Member to be appointed.)

Current inquiry:
AusTrade’s role in attracting investment for Australian businesses.

TREATIES: Mr Broadbent (Chair), Mr Danby (Deputy Chair), Mr Alexander, Mr Crewther, Mrs Marino, Ms Templeman, Mr Vasta, Mr Wallace, Mr J. H. Wilson, Senator Brockman, Senator Hanson-Young, Senator Keneally, Senator Kitching, Senator Macdonald, Senator McAllister, Senator McGrath.

Current inquiries:
Air services—Papua New Guinea.
Air services—Timor-Leste.
Air services—Thailand.
Defence support—France.
MH17—Netherlands.
Mutual recognition agreements—United Kingdom.
Oil stocks—Hungary.
Prisoner transfer—United Arab Emirates.
Trade in wine—United Kingdom.
Work diplomatic families—Italy.
WTO Government Procurement.
APPOINTMENTS TO STATUTORY BODIES

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF AUSTRALIA ADVISORY COUNCIL: Mrs Prentice (appointed 20 March 2017, for a period of 3 years).

COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY OF AUSTRALIA: Mr Leeser (appointed 10 November 2016, for a period of 3 years).

PARLIAMENTARY RETIRING ALLOWANCES TRUST: Mr Entsch (appointed 15 September 2016); Mr Fitzgibbon (appointed 19 October 2010).

By Authority of the House of Representatives