PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS

Notices

1 MR WILKIE: To present a Bill for an Act to provide a legislative response to all people seeking asylum in Australia, and for related purposes. (Refugee Protection Bill 2019)
(Notice given 15 October 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

2 MR BANDT: To present a Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to elections and referendums, and for related purposes. (Commonwealth Electoral Amendment (Lowering Voting Age and Increasing Voter Participation) Bill 2019)
(Notice given 15 October 2019. Time allowed—10 minutes.)

†3 MR M. C. BUTLER: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) climate change is a significant threat to our economy, natural environment, farming communities and national security;
   (b) Australia’s annual emissions have been rising in recent years;
   (c) as a global problem, the solution to climate change requires concerted international cooperation to limit the production of greenhouse gases;
   (d) as the only global agreement designed to address climate change, the Paris Accords must play a central role in addressing climate change;
   (e) the Paris Accords require signatory countries to deliver actions consistent with keeping the global temperature rise this century to well below 2 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius;
   (f) based on the latest scientific advice, the world is currently on track for warming of above 3 degrees, and efforts to cut greenhouse gas emissions need to be strengthened to avoid catastrophic climate change impacts; and
   (g) as a result of the threat posed by climate change, the United Kingdom, Canada, France, Portugal, Argentina and the Republic of Ireland have declared a climate emergency; and
(2) therefore, affirms that:
   (a) Australia remains committed to delivering on its obligations under the Paris Accords;
   (b) failing to meet the goals of the Paris Accords would have unprecedented and devastating environmental, economic, societal and health impacts for Australia; and

* Notifications to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed appear for the first time
† Debate to be adjourned to a future day at the conclusion of the time allotted.
(c) the threat posed by climate change on the future prosperity and security of Australia and the globe constitutes a climate change emergency.

(Notice given 15 October 2019. Time allowed—45 minutes.)

†4 MS HAMMOND: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that after more than twelve years at school, year 12 students will soon complete their final examinations and transition to the next phase of their lives—this may include pursuing higher education, engaging with vocational education and training (VET) or entering the workforce;

(2) acknowledges the valuable contribution hard working teachers have made in our communities in educating, nurturing, encouraging and motivating our 2019 school leavers;

(3) notes the Government’s record investment in education funding including:

(a) a record $21.3 billion for state schools, catholic schools and independent schools for the 2020 school year, an increase in funding of $8.5 billion since 2013;

(b) a record $8.6 billion for child care and $17.7 billion for the university sector in the 2019-20 budget;

(c) $30.2 million in 2019-20 to establish the Local School Community Fund to support priority projects in local schools that benefit students and their communities;

(d) $71.6 million to improve outcomes for very remote students by encouraging teachers to teach and stay longer in their schools through remitting the HELP debt; and

(e) a commitment to support the VET sector through a $525.3 million Skills Package; and

(4) congratulates the Government on its continued commitment and investment in education from early learning through to higher education and VET to ensure our young people have the opportunity to succeed, gain employment and live their best lives.

(Notice given 15 October 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 12 noon.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day


3 TERTIARY EDUCATION QUALITY AND STANDARDS AGENCY AMENDMENT BILL 2019 (from Senate): Second reading (from 16 September 2019).


17 CUSTOMS AMENDMENT (PRODUCT SPECIFIC RULE MODERNISATION) BILL 2019 (Assistant Minister for Customs, Community Safety and Multicultural Affairs): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 12 September 2019—Mr Dreyfus).


22 AUSTRALIAN BROADCASTING CORPORATION AMENDMENT (RURAL AND REGIONAL MEASURES) BILL 2019 (Minister for Communications, Cyber Safety and the Arts): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Fletcher—that the Bill be now read a second time—And on the amendment moved thereto by Ms Rowland, viz.—That all words after “That” be omitted with a view to substituting the following words: “whilst not declining to give the bill a second reading, the House:

(1) notes that:

(a) in the final report of its digital platforms inquiry, in recognition of the ABC’s role in addressing the risk of the under-provision of public interest journalism, the ACCC recommends that stable and adequate funding be provided to the ABC; and

(b) in addition to $254 million of efficiency cuts to the ABC over the past five years, the 2019–20 Budget locks in a further $83.7 million funding reduction through a pause in indexation over the next three years; and

(2) calls on the Government to put its money where its mouth is for rural and regional Australia by ensuring stable and adequate funding for the ABC, to enable the ABC to enhance service provision, including local newsgathering and emergency broadcasting, in rural and regional areas”.


*25 AUSTRALIAN SPORTS ANTI-DOPING AUTHORITY AMENDMENT (ENHANCING AUSTRALIA’S ANTI-DOPING CAPABILITY) BILL 2019 (Minister for Health): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2019—Mr Perrett).
*26 AUSTRALIAN SPORTS ANTI-DOPING AUTHORITY AMENDMENT (SPORT INTEGRITY AUSTRALIA) BILL 2019 (Minister for Health): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2019—Mr Perrett).


*29 TELECOMMUNICATIONS (INTERCEPTION AND ACCESS) AMENDMENT (ASSISTANCE AND ACCESS AMENDMENTS REVIEW) BILL 2019 (Minister representing the Minister for Defence): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2019—Mr Perrett).

30 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS AMENDMENT (PRODUCTIVITY COMMISSION RESPONSE PART 2 AND OTHER MEASURES) BILL 2019 (from Senate): Second reading (from 16 October 2019).


34 AUSTRALIAN CITIZENSHIP AMENDMENT (CITIZENSHIP CESSTATION) BILL 2019 (Minister for Home Affairs): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 19 September 2019—Dr Chalmers).

35 TREASURY LAWS AMENDMENT (2019 TAX INTEGRITY AND OTHER MEASURES NO. 1) BILL 2019: Consideration of Senate’s amendments (from 16 October 2019).


37 MESSAGE FROM SENATE: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019—Mr Robert, in continuation) on the motion of Mr Porter—That the consideration of the message be made an order of the day for the next sitting—And on the amendment moved thereto by Mr Bandt, viz—That all the words after “That” be omitted with a view of substituting the following words: “the message be considered immediately”.

38 AGRICULTURE LEGISLATION REPEAL BILL 2019 (Prime Minister): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 2 July 2019).

Notices

1 MR PORTER: To move—That standing order 1 be amended to read as follows:

1 Maximum speaking times

The maximum time limits that apply to debates, speeches and statements are as follows provided that any time taken by interruptions for the purpose of calling and forming a quorum shall not count towards the maximum speaking time allowed to the Member speaking at the time.

2 MR PORTER: To move—That standing order 47 be amended to read as follows:

47 Motions for suspension of orders

(a) A Minister may move, with or without notice, the suspension of any standing or other order of the House,

(b) If a suspension motion is moved on notice, it shall appear on the Notice Paper and may be carried by a majority of votes.

(c) If a suspension motion is moved without notice:

(i) must be relevant to any business under discussion and seconded; and

(ii) can be carried only by an absolute majority of Members.

(d) Any suspension of orders shall be limited to the particular purpose of the suspension.
Contingent notices of motion

Contingent on the motion for the second reading of any bill being moved: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the resumption of debate on the motion that the bill be read a second time being made an order of the day for a later hour.

Contingent on any report relating to a bill being received from the Federation Chamber: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the remaining stages being passed without delay.

Contingent on any bill being agreed to at the conclusion of the consideration in detail stage: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

Contingent on any message being received from the Senate transmitting any bill for concurrence: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the bill being passed through all its stages without delay.

Contingent on the second reading of a bill being agreed to and the Speaker having announced any message from the Governor General under standing order 147: Minister to move—That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would prevent the motion for the third reading being moved without delay.

PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS—continued

Notice given for Monday, 21 October 2019

*1 MR FALINSKI: To move—That this House:
  (1) recognises the Government’s commitment to reducing traffic congestion through:
      (a) a $4 billion Urban Congestion Fund, removing traffic pinch points;
      (b) better public transport, improving access and liveability in our cities; and
      (c) the dedicated Commuter Car Park Fund aimed at improving access to public transport and taking tens of thousands of cars off our roads;
  (2) urge the New South Wales Government to commit to further congestion busting infrastructure on the Northern Beaches including:
      (a) commencing construction on the Beaches Link Tunnel towards which the Commonwealth Government has already provided $50 million;
      (b) investigate the feasibility of a light rail link connecting the Northern Beaches to Chatswood and the city; and
      (c) improve the public transport bus system, including extending the B-Line to Newport; and
  (3) acknowledges the benefits of local communities having better roads and reliable transport infrastructure as including:
      (a) less cars on the road and therefore less carbon emissions; and
      (b) faster travel time, allowing the Australian people to spend more time with their families than stuck in traffic.

(Notice given 17 October 2019.)

Notices—continued

1 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:
  (1) recognises the 2018 declaration by the United Nations that the International Day of Sign Languages is to be celebrated annually on 23 September as part of the International Week of the Deaf;
  (2) recognises Auslan as an Australian language;
  (3) notes that, of the one in six Australians affected by hearing loss, approximately 30,000 of them use Auslan to communicate; and
  (4) encourages members to mark the International Day of Sign Languages this year, by recording a message for the deaf community in Australia.
No. 23—21 October 2019

(Notice given 2 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

2 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises the significant heritage value of the Parramatta Female Factory to Australia as:
   (a) a place where convict women were imprisoned and maintained Australia’s first work house;
   (b) a demonstration of Australia’s social welfare history, as well as the institutionalisation of women and children;
   (c) a place where tens of thousands of women and children passed through and whose descendants are estimated to be one in seven Australians; and

(2) notes that similar Australian heritage assets, such as the Cascades Female Factory in Tasmania, have been placed on the UNESCO World Heritage Listed Australian Convict Sites which also includes:
   (a) Old Government House in Parramatta, NSW;
   (b) Hyde Park Barracks in Sydney;
   (c) the Cockatoo Island Convict Precinct, NSW;
   (d) Old Great North Road in NSW;
   (e) Brickendon and Woolmers Estates in Tasmania;
   (f) Darlington Probation Station in Tasmania;
   (g) Port Arthur Historic Site in Tasmania;
   (h) Coal Mines Historic Site in Tasmania;
   (i) Fremantle Prison in Western Australia; and
   (j) the Kingston and Arthur’s Vale Historic Area on Norfolk Island;

(3) recognises the work of local community to protect beloved heritage assets, including the work of:
   (a) Parragirls and the Parramatta Female Factory Precinct Memory Project;
   (b) North Parramatta Residents Action Group; and
   (c) the Parramatta Female Factory Friends; and

(4) calls on the Government to immediately start the process to include the Parramatta Female Factory on the UNESCO World Heritage Listed Australian Convict Sites.

(Notice given 2 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 3 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

3 MS COLLINS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) Tasmanians continue to feel the effects of the summer of bushfires that destroyed hundreds of thousands of hectares, and ripped through homes and businesses;
   (b) Labor welcomes any funding that will go towards supporting the affected communities, but queries how the figure of $9.9 million that the State and Federal Government has committed was determined;
   (c) while this funding is a start, disappointingly it is $20 million less than Labor’s commitments to assist in recovery and support jobs in areas impacted by the summer bushfires;
   (d) it is deeply disappointing to learn that the Tasmanian Government has advised the Prime Minister that the infrastructure assets Labor committed to supporting were not ‘directly or significantly damaged by the bushfires’;
   (e) Labor’s commitments followed extensive consultation with the communities impacted by summer bushfires and were recommended by former Tasmanian Premier Paul Lennon; and
   (f) Tasmanians deserve detail as soon as possible on which areas and sites the funding provided will support, and how many Tasmanians will benefit from this assistance in the coming months and years;

(2) calls on the Prime Minister to re-visit the affected communities and see for himself what remains to be done in recovering from the fires, and visit local businesses and individuals who are now on the long road to recovery; and

(3) further notes that:
(a) given the Prime Minister’s commitment to provide greater support for mental health and suicide prevention, it must be ensured this commitment continues to support regional Tasmanians who have experienced significant stress and hardship with the summer of bushfires; and

(b) Labor stands ready and willing to work with the Government to ensure adequate support is provided to these communities.

(Notice given 22 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

4 MR DREYFUS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes:

(a) the Prime Minister and the Attorney-General announced on 13 December 2018 that a Commonwealth Integrity Commission would be established;

(b) on 13 December 2018, the Prime Minister said on 2GB the decision to establish a Commonwealth Integrity Commission ‘was something I had to resolve by the end of the year’;

(c) on 26 May 2019, the Attorney-General said a Commonwealth Integrity Commission was a ‘priority’; and

(d) the Government has not established a Commonwealth Integrity Commission; and

(2) calls on the Government to keep its promise to establish its Commonwealth Integrity Commission.

(Notice given 31 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

5 MS SHARKIE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) delegation from the Regional, Rural and Remote Communications Coalition (RRRCC) has approached Members of the 46th Parliament to highlight priorities for improving regional telecommunications;

(b) the RRRCC is a group of 22 volunteer-run organisations and advocacy bodies which have joined together to highlight their collective concern about the lack of equitable access to reliable and quality telecommunication in regional Australia;

(c) telecommunications is an essential service in a modern world, supporting social connectivity, business activity, and the delivery of health and education services;

(d) every Australian, irrespective of where they live or work, should have access to quality, reliable, and affordable voice and data services with customer support guarantees;

(e) there is ongoing inequity in the access to telecommunications experienced by Australians living in regional, rural and remote areas, compared to their urban counterparts;

(f) the 2018 Australian Digital Inclusion Index revealed substantial differences between rural and urban areas across all of its three indicators—access, affordability and digital ability;

(g) all of Australia’s least digitally included regions are outside the major cities, reporting scores well below the national average of 62 out of 100, including Eyre (45.0), south east SA (48.6), north Victoria (50.8), and Murray and Murrumbidgee (51.0); and

(h) the opportunities for connectivity to support economic development in regional Australia are significant, including for agriculture, with the Australian Farm Institute predicting that widespread adoption of digital agriculture could increase the gross value of Australian agricultural production by $20.3 billion, a 25% increase over 2014-15 levels; and

(2) further notes that to ensure regional, rural and remote Australia is best positioned to retain people and grow in the long term, the Government needs to:

(a) establish a:

(i) universal service obligation that is technology neutral and ensures access to both voice and data; and

(ii) Rural, Regional and Remote Telecommunications Fund to resource ongoing mobile network expansion;

(b) ensure NBN Co is fully resourced to maintain and upgrade NBN satellite and fixed wireless networks;

(Notice given 31 July 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
(c) introduce adequate performance quality metrics for all services, including Sky Muster, monitored against independent benchmarks;
(d) extend the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission’s Measuring Broadband Australia program to fixed wireless and Sky Muster services; and
(e) create a targeted concessional broadband service to support low income residents, particularly low income residents in regional, rural and remote areas.

(Notice given 9 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

6  MS STANLEY: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) 2 December 2019 is International Day of People with Disability; and
   (b) the Human Rights Commission estimates the number of Australians with a disability to be around four million;
(2) respects the rights of all:
   (a) people with disability in Australia, including having access to services and freedom from discrimination;
   (b) persons with a disability to be welcomed as equal and positive contributors to Australian society; and
   (c) people with disability to have choice and control in relation to any support services they receive; and
(3) encourages all:
   (a) persons with disability as their own self-advocates;
   (b) groups and individuals that advocate on behalf of people with disabilities; and
   (c) Australians to respect the basic rights of all persons with disabilities.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

7  MS STANLEY: To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) that 14 November 2019 is the 12th United Nations World Diabetes Day; and
   (b) UN Resolution 61/225 and the need to improve human health and provide access to treatment and health-care education;
(2) recognises:
   (a) the success of the National Diabetes Services Scheme and the support the scheme provides to people with diabetes;
   (b) the role of families and healthcare workers in caring and supporting people, particularly children, with diabetes;
   (c) the significant cost to healthcare systems as a result of complications associated with diabetes;
   (d) new technology, including flash and constant glucose monitoring, has shown significant improvement in overall control for people with diabetes who have access to this technology;
   (e) the need for supporting people with diabetes to access new technologies to assist in the management of diabetes; and
   (f) that access to these technologies is likely to prevent complications in people with diabetes and reduce the significant social, human and financial burden of this disease on government, health systems, and people and families of people with diabetes;
(3) encourages all people with diabetes and their advocates, carers and families to continue their important work; and
(4) calls on the Government to ensure that all people with diabetes have earlier access to new technology, such as flash glucose monitoring and constant glucose monitoring under the National Diabetes Services Scheme.

(Notice given 10 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
8 MR BANDT: To move—that this House:

(1) declares an environment and climate emergency;
(2) recognises that:
   (a) the recent report of the Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), *Special Report: Global Warming of 1.5 °C*, indicates that we are facing a climate emergency, and as a result, meaningful action on climate change is urgent, at home and internationally;
   (b) this IPCC report has found that the world is not on track to limit global warming to less than 1.5 degrees Celsius;
   (c) at a national level, England, France, Wales, Scotland, Ireland, and Canada have all declared a climate emergency; and
   (d) extreme weather events will devastate large parts of Australia and radically impact food production, water availability, public health, infrastructure, the community and the financial system;
(3) notes that the Government has acknowledged urgent action is required to address climate change; and
(4) calls on the Government to take urgent action consistent with the internationally accepted science.

(Notice given 11 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

9 MR JONES: To move—that this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) there have been 7 quad bike deaths in 2019 alone and 230 quad bike related deaths since 2001;
   (b) rollovers account for 60 per cent of quad bike fatalities;
   (c) children below the age of 16 account for approximately 14 per cent of all recorded fatalities;
   (d) in August 2017, the Australian Ministers for Consumer Affairs agreed to an expedited process to introduce new safety standards for quad bikes;
   (e) the Assistant Treasurer has the power to ban a product or make a mandatory safety standard under Australian Consumer Law;
   (f) in February 2019, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission gave the then Assistant Treasurer, the Hon Stuart Robert MP, a report recommending a new mandatory safety standard to require overhead protective devices in new vehicles; and
   (g) these standards are supported by the National Farmers Federation, the Australian Workers Union, the Country Women's Association and the Rural Doctors Association; and
(2) calls on the Assistant Treasurer to use his power under Australian consumer law to issue new safety standards for quad bikes.

(Notice given 11 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

10 DR LEIGH: To move—that this House:

(1) recognises that:
   (a) Australia’s incarceration rate has now risen to 0.22 percent, the highest level since Federation;
   (b) rates of homicide, robbery, car theft and assaults have fallen considerably since the mid-1980s, while the imprisonment rate has more than doubled;
   (c) the direct cost of prisons is almost $5 billion per year; and
   (d) there is a significant indirect cost of prisons, including the impact on the 77,000 children who have an incarcerated parent, adverse effects on the physical and mental wellbeing of inmates, and high rates of homelessness and joblessness among ex-prisoners;
(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) the Indigenous incarceration rate is now 2.5 percent, the highest level on record;
   (b) the Indigenous incarceration rate is now over twice as high as when the 1991 Royal Commission into Aboriginal Deaths in Custody report was delivered;
   (c) among Indigenous men born in the 1970s, 23 percent have spent time in prison;
   (d) the Indigenous incarceration rate exceeds the incarceration rate among African-Americans; and
   (e) Noel Pearson has described Indigenous Australians as ‘the most incarcerated people on earth’;
(3) notes that in:
(a) the United States (US), a bipartisan reform coalition at the state level has led to a substantial reduction in that nation’s imprisonment rate over the past decade, with conservative groups such as Right on Crime joining with centrist reformers such as the Pew Charitable Trust’s Public Safety and Performance Project to reduce incarceration in states such as Alabama, Texas and South Carolina; and
(b) 2018, President Trump signed the ‘First Step Act’, which reduces the US federal prison population by expanding compassionate release and increasing credits for good behaviour; and

(4) calls on the Government to:
(a) work with the states and territories to adopt justice targets under the Closing the Gap framework, so that the inequality in justice outcomes can be properly highlighted and to address unacceptable levels of incarceration among First Nations peoples;
(b) require the Australian Institute of Criminology to project levels of incarceration (and fiscal costs) in 10 years’ time in the absence of meaningful policy reform; and
(c) engage states and territories in an data-driven conversation—drawing together victims’ rights groups, prosecutors, and criminal justice experts—to identify the policies that are most effective to reduce crime and imprisonment.

(Notice given 16 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

11 DR ALY: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) on 28 June 2018, the Parliamentary Joint Standing Committee on Law Enforcement tabled its report Inquiry into crystal methamphetamine (ice): Final Report;
(b) this report found that the National Ice Action Strategy Funding had failed to target areas of most need in Western Australia (WA) which receive approximately 11 per cent of the total funding despite usage figures in WA being double the national average; and
(c) subsequently, Recommendation 11 of that report states ‘The committee recommends that the Department of Health consider using 2016 Census and National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program data to determine the allocation of National Ice Action Strategy funding for 2019-20’;

(2) further notes that:
(a) the Government has failed to adequately fund drug rehabilitation services in WA in line with the findings and recommendations of the report;
(b) the figures used for the current level of funding are based on outdated and incomplete 2011 census data that does not reflect usage figures or rehabilitation needs; and
(c) this places significant strain on drug rehabilitation services in WA;

(3) considers that the choice to use Mandurah in WA as a suggested trial zone for drug testing does not reflect the regional areas identified by the report and the National Wastewater Drug Monitoring Program as subjected to abnormally high concentrations of trace drugs;

(4) recognises that, as a result, the Government’s decision to attempt to drug test recipients of Newstart is an attack on those receiving welfare, rather than assisting those afflicted by drug addiction; and

(5) calls on the Government to implement the recommendations of the report, including enacting Recommendation 11, with urgent attention to addressing the inadequate funding to WA.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

12 MR ZAPPIA: To move—That this House:
(1) notes that:
(a) tens of thousands of children in Australia are cared for by grandparents;
(b) many grandparents are elderly and need care for themselves;
(c) most grandparents rely partly or wholly on a pension;
(d) grandparents caring for grandchildren saves society millions of dollars;
(e) grandparents give children a good start to life; and
(f) children placed in grandparents’ care often have special needs; and
calls on the Government to recognise the financial, physical and emotional burden on grandparents caring for grandchildren and provide greater assistance to them.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

13 MR DICK: To move—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Queensland Government and the Australian delegation who met with President Thomas Bach and the International Olympic Committee in Lausanne, Switzerland;

(2) notes that the delegation represented all levels of government and both sides of politics and was welcomed by the International Olympic Committee;

(3) acknowledges:
   (a) the Queensland 2032 Taskforce for their work to prepare Queensland for a potential bid for the 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games; and
   (b) that if a bid were to be successful it would likely provide economic stimulus across a range of sectors including new infrastructure and jobs; and

(4) further notes that if there is to be a bid to host the 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games it will need to have strong backing, including financial support, from all levels of government, and strong community support.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

14 MR BURNS: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that:
   (a) climate change is one of the great moral challenges of our times and is having and will continue to have significant adverse consequences on life as we know it in Australia, our pacific neighbours and around the world;
   (b) man-made carbon emissions contribute to the climate emergency and the need to reduce our carbon emissions to tackle the effects of climate change;
   (c) future generations will be forced to deal with the consequences of inaction and failures to reduce our carbon emissions; and
   (d) young Australians are crying out for leadership from this Parliament in tackling climate change;

(2) notes with alarm that:
   (a) Australia’s carbon emissions have risen continuously since 2014 after coming down more than 10 per cent in the previous Government;
   (b) the Government’s own projections show that: (i) Australia will fail to meet the 2020 Kyoto target of a 5 per cent reduction in emissions from 2000 levels; and (ii) emissions are projected to continue to rise until 2030, failing to meet its own 2030 targets; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) take action to actually reduce our carbon emissions, to meet its own targets without using ‘carryover credits’; and
   (b) adopt more ambitious targets which actually meet Australia’s obligations to play a part in the global effort to keep global warming below 2 degrees above pre-industrial levels.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

15 MR BURNS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) access to adequate housing is a fundamental right under Article 11 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights which Australia has ratified;
   (b) adequate housing requires safe, secure and affordable accommodation be accessible to all;
   (c) 116,427 Australians were homeless on the last census night;
   (d) homelessness affects Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders disproportionately;
   (e) homelessness includes those in crisis accommodation, improvised dwellings, temporary accommodation, boarding houses and other insecure forms of housing;
   (f) inadequate provision of public housing is a major cause of homelessness;
(g) public housing is a central tenant of an equitable Australia where a fair go requires access to secure accommodation;

(h) public housing is a determinative factor in education, employment, and health outcomes; and

(i) public housing is a means of social mobility and opportunity; and

(2) calls on the Government to help build more affordable homes and ensure every Australian has their own safe place to live.

(Notice given 17 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

16 MR WATTS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) according to a report released last month, Australia’s Digital Opportunity, Australia is lagging behind global peers and failing to capture the economic opportunities of the rapidly growing global digital economy;

(b) Australia ranks second last among OECD countries for relative size of our technology sector and its contribution to the economy; and

(c) the Australian tech sector could create an additional $50 billion per year were Australia successful in catching up and matching the tech sector growth rates of our global peers;

(2) recognises that the Government released ‘Australia’s Tech Future’ which read more like a promotional brochure than serious strategy—it described initiatives already in train, was vague on targets and outcomes—and, importantly, offers no bold vision to drive growth in our digital economy;

(3) further notes that under this Government Australia is suffering from record low wages growth, more than a million Australians underemployed and a per capita recession; and

(4) calls on the Government to urgently take a coordinated approach to the digital economy.

(Notice given 18 September 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

17 MR FALINSKI: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that 12 August 2019 marked the 70th anniversary of the opening for signature of the four Geneva Conventions in 1949;

(2) notes that the Geneva Conventions of 1949, the foundation of modern international humanitarian law, remain as fundamental and relevant to armed conflict today as when they were opened for signature 70 years ago;

(3) acknowledges that the Geneva Conventions, while universally accepted, are not being uniformly respected in times of war, underscoring the need for ongoing advocacy;

(4) recalls that the Conventions and their Additional Protocols protect those who are not fighting, such as civilians, medical personnel, chaplains and humanitarians as well as non-military places such as hospitals;

(5) honours the continuing role of Australian Red Cross in:

(a) disseminating international humanitarian law;

(b) assisting successive Australian Governments to ensure respect for and disseminate international humanitarian law; and

(c) educating the general public about the correct use of the red cross emblem;

(6) pays respect to the continuing global leadership role of the International Committee of the Red Cross in assisting the victims of armed conflict and working for the greater understanding and advancement of international humanitarian law;

(7) determines that Australia should remain, now as always, a global leader in advocacy for, and implementation of, the four Geneva Conventions of 1949 and all that they stand for; and

(8) resolves that this resolution has effect and continues in force unless and until amended or rescinded by the houses in this or a subsequent parliament.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
18 **DR ALLEN**: To move—that this House:

(1) recognises the imperative of improving waste management, reducing unnecessary packaging and boosting recycling in Australia;

(2) acknowledges:
   
   (a) Australians generate about 67 million tonnes of waste each year, of which 37 million tonnes is recycled;
   
   (b) only 12 per cent of the 103 kilograms of plastic waste generated per person in Australia each year is recycled, mostly overseas;
   
   (c) for every 10,000 tonnes of waste recycled, more than 9 jobs are created; and
   
   (d) waste related activities add $6.9 billion to the economy annually;

(3) welcomes the Government’s recent $20 million commitment for innovative projects under round 8 of the Cooperative Research Centres Projects (CRC-P) grants to grow our domestic plastics recycling industry; and

(4) notes that this is part of the Government’s Australian Recycling Investment Plan, a package of initiatives totalling $167 million designed to grow and strengthen Australia’s domestic recycling industry, and to support industry and community initiatives to lift recycling rates in Australia.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

19 **DR GILLESPIE**: To move—that this House:

(1) notes:
   
   (a) the Government’s commitment to Medicare;
   
   (b) the record level of funding to Medicare in 2018-19 of $24.1 billion which is an increase of 3.5 per cent in benefits paid in the previous financial year 2017-18;
   
   (c) that the national GP bulk billing rate of 86.2 per cent is a four percentage point increase on the 2012-13 figure of 82.2 per cent when Labor were last in office; and
   
   (d) that patients made 136.5 million bulk billed GP visits in 2018-19, up 3.3 million visits on the previous financial year;

(2) acknowledges that on 1 July 2019, the Government increased the patient rebate for further GP items on the Medicare Benefits Schedule, and that specialist procedures, allied health services and other GP services such as mental health and after hour’s services were indexed;

(3) congratulates the Government for ensuring the Medicare Benefits Schedule Review will continue to ensure that Medicare services are effective and appropriate for patients now and into the future.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

20 **DR WEBSTER**: To move—that this House:

(1) recognises the importance of reliable communications services for rural and regional Australia;

(2) notes the launch of the Sky Muster satellites in 2015 and 2016 as a way of connecting rural and regional Australia to the National Broadband Network; and

(3) congratulates NBN Co on the introduction of the Sky Muster Plus service, providing unmetered data for activities including some web browsing, select emailing and PC and Smartphone operating system software updates.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

21 **MR CONNELLY**: To move—that this House:

(1) recognises:
   
   (a) that society is more connected online than ever before in history; and
   
   (b) the importance of keeping Australians safe online; and

(2) notes that:
   
   (a) the Government established the world’s first Children’s eSafety Commissioner in 2015, and expanded this role to cover all Australians in 2017;
   
   (b) in 2018 the Office of the eSafety Commissioner undertook research to examine some of the challenges faced by young people aged 8 to 17 in Australia online; and
this research indicated that:

(i) 25 per cent of young people have been contacted by strangers/someone they did not know;
(ii) 13 per cent of young people reported receiving repeated unwanted online messages from someone; and
(iii) 13 per cent of young people reported having lies or rumours spread about them;

(3) further notes the bipartisan support for the work of the Office of the eSafety Commissioner; and

(4) congratulates the Government for this world first initiative.

(Notice given 15 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

22 **MS CLAYDON:** To move—That this House:

(1) acknowledges that:

(a) an effective public service relies on skilled public servants who have fair and equitable conditions of employment and job security;
(b) the Government’s arbitrary average staffing level (ASL) policy is:
   (i) driving privatisation as it forces agencies to outsource their core functions;
   (ii) causing a blowout in spending on contractors, consultants and labour hire; and
   (iii) leading to a hollowing out of the public service; and
(c) evidence to the Australian Public Service (APS) Review indicates that contractors cost 40 per cent more than permanent APS employees;

(2) notes that:

(a) the Australian National Audit Office Information Report No 19 of 2017-18, *Australian Government Procurement Contract Reporting*, indicates that in 2016-17:
   (i) Government spending on consultants was close to $700 million, up from around $380 million in 2013;
   (ii) ‘the big four’ had 1,617 consultancy contracts worth $502.1 million since 2012-13;
(b) more than $400 million has been spent on privatising Department of Human Services call centres, including a $135 million contract for Stellar Asia Pacific, $132 million to Concentrix Services, $120 million to Datacom Connect and $36 million to Serco Citizen Services;
(c) the National Disability Insurance Agency:
   (i) recorded a 600 per cent increase in consultants and contractors over two years—from $70 million in 2016 to $430 million in 2018; and
   (ii) has previously stated its staffing levels would be 10,595 staff in 2018-2019—this is now capped at 3,230 in the 2019-20 budget with core functions such as local area coordinators outsourced; and
(d) the Government’s billion dollar plan to privatise Australia’s visa system will lead to increased visa costs, data and national security risks and job losses; and

(3) calls on the Government to:

(a) abolish the arbitrary and damaging ASL policy;
(b) ensure that workers doing the same job get the same pay to stop the use of labour hire from undermining the pay and conditions of existing workers; and
(c) end the secrecy on government spending on contractors, consultants and labour hire firms.

(Notice given 15 October 2019. Notice will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

**Orders of the day**

1 **COAL-FIRED POWER FUNDING PROHIBITION BILL 2019** *(Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019).*

(Notice of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019. On 25 July 2019, the Selection Committee made a determination that this bill be referred to the Standing Committee on Economics.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

7 MEN AND WOMEN OF THE AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE FORCE: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

1. notes the outstanding contribution of the men and women of the Australian Defence Force to ensure the safety of our nation;

2. recognises the support of their families and friends during their service; and

3. acknowledges the positive social and economic impact the men and women of our defence force have on communities throughout Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

8 WORLD HUMANITARIAN DAY: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:

1. notes that World Humanitarian Day will be observed on 19 August 2019;

2. pays tribute to the aid workers who risk their lives in humanitarian service, including those who are:

   a. directly targeted;

   b. treated as threats; and

   c. prevented from providing relief;

3. honours the lives of those aid workers who have been killed while bringing relief and care to those in desperate need;

4. acknowledges the millions of civilians affected by armed conflict every day, including those who struggle to access food, water, safe shelter and crucial medical assistance;

5. further notes that the United Nations estimates that record numbers of over 65 million people are displaced from their homes around the world due to conflict;

6. notes the Government’s $11.3 billion in cuts to foreign aid, rendering Australia’s international aid contribution as a percentage of gross domestic product at the lowest recorded level; and

7. calls on the Government to rebuild Australia’s International Development Assistance Program and increase aid investment beyond current levels.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

11 AUSTRALIA’S SPACE INDUSTRY: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Ramsey—That this House:
(1) notes that this week 50 years ago the human imagination was captivated by the first man to walk on the moon;
(2) recognises the commitment by the Government to space by the establishment of the Australian Space Agency, which will have the goal of tripling the space industry and creating 20,000 jobs;
(3) acknowledges the vital role the Woomera range and facilities have played, and will continue to play in Australia’s space industry; and
(4) congratulates the Government for investing $19.5 million in a Space Infrastructure Fund that will support projects to accelerate growth of Australia’s space industry.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

12 TOP ATHLETES: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Ryan—That this House:
(1) acknowledges the incredible performances of Australia’s top athletes in recent times including:
   (a) the Matildas reaching the final 16 in the FIFA World Cup;
   (b) Ash Barty winning the French Open and acing her way to the top of the world tennis rankings;
   (c) Sally Fitzgibbons making waves by winning the 2019 Oi Rio Pro - World Surf League event and surfing her way to the top of the world rankings;
   (d) Hannah Green winning the Women’s PGA Championship and in doing so taking home Australia’s first major win in a women’s golf tournament in over a decade; and
   (e) the Hockeyroos reaching the final of the inaugural Women’s International Hockey Federation Pro League;
(2) acknowledges the teams that support our athletes including their coaches, managers, physiotherapists, dieticians and their families; and
(3) encourages Australian athletes in upcoming competitions including:
   (a) the Australian Diamonds who will be competing in the Netball World Cup in Liverpool, England between 12 and 21 July 2019; and
   (b) the Australian Women’s Cricket Team who will be competing in the ICC Women’s T20 Cricket World Cup in 2020.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

14 SETTLEMENT OF REFUGEES FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:
(1) acknowledges Australia is a major contributor to the Syria humanitarian response plan, designating approximately $220 million dollars to Syria and neighbouring countries between 2016 and 2019;
(2) notes that:
   (a) western Sydney is a primary settlement region and has received one-fifth of Australia’s recent humanitarian intake, as a result of years of ongoing conflict in the Middle East; and
   (b) local health, education and migrant service providers, particularly in Fairfield and Liverpool, are running beyond their funded capacity and as a result, have been put under considerable pressure when trying to assist families to settle and integrate into our local community; and
(3) further acknowledges:
   (a) that the insufficient funding to support these frontline services has widened the gap between supply of and demand for settlement services to support vulnerable individuals, particularly from the minority Christian, Assyrian, Chaldean and Mandaean communities; and
   (b) the need to effectively invest in the settlement of refugees to enable them to integrate into the community, fulfil their potential and make a positive contribution to this country.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

15 NATIONAL SCIENCE WEEK: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Allen—that this House:
   (1) recognises National Science Week took place from 10 to 18 August 2019;
   (2) acknowledges:
      (a) National Science Week is an opportunity to recognise the economic and social contribution of those working in science disciplines;
      (b) National Science Week highlights the importance of sparking an interest in science, technology, engineering and maths (STEM) subjects from an early age and maintaining participation by students throughout primary and secondary schooling;
      (c) last year almost 1.2 million people participated in more than 2,100 events around the country; and
      (d) Questacon’s leadership role during National Science Week and throughout the year in inspiring young people and promoting STEM study; and
   (3) notes the Government’s ongoing investment in science, research and innovation, which totalled $9.6 billion in 2018-19.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

16 PROSTATE CANCER: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Gorman—that this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) according to Cancer Australia an estimated 3,306 men have died from prostate cancer in 2019;
      (b) there is an estimated one in six risk of a male being diagnosed with prostate cancer by his 85th birthday; and
      (c) it is vital that men take their health seriously;
   (2) acknowledges the tireless work of men’s health advocate, prostate cancer survivor and Maylands resident, Mr David Dyke, for raising awareness about prostate cancer and promoting the importance of men’s health in the electoral division of Perth and across Australia;
   (3) commends Mr Dyke for his:
      (a) advocacy in championing men’s health;
      (b) efforts in producing a deeply personal documentary on his battle with prostate cancer; and
      (c) committed work in raising awareness about prostate cancer; and
   (4) encourages Members to watch Mr Dyke’s YouTube documentary ‘David Dyke Prostate Journey: From Diagnosis to Rehabilitation’.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

17 AUSTRALIAN BILL OF RIGHTS BILL 2019 (Mr Wilkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

18 FAIR WORK AMENDMENT (STOP WORK TO STOP WARMING) BILL 2019 (Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
19 NATIONAL CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION AMENDMENT (SMALL AMOUNT CREDIT CONTRACT AND CONSUMER LEASE REFORMS) BILL 2019 (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)


(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019. On 19 September 2019, the Selection Committee made a determination that this bill be referred to the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters.)

21 SKILLS AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Kearney—That this House:

(1) notes that:
(a) more than 6 years of Liberal government has left Australia facing a crisis in skills and vocational training; and
(b) under this Government:
(i) more than 150,000 traineeships and apprenticeships have been lost;
(ii) $3 billion has been slashed from TAFE and training; and
(iii) 75 per cent of businesses are struggling to find qualified Australians to fill jobs; and

(2) further notes that:
(a) the Coalition’s answer to the ongoing demise of the VET sector is a $525 million skills package, yet Senate estimates confirmed that only $54.5 million of this is new funding for the sector;
(b) the business community, unions and the not-for-profit sector are demanding reform and real funding—they know that a strong and growing economy depends on a skilled Australian workforce; and
(c) with youth unemployment stuck at more than double the national average, young people need a decent skills sector that leads to good, secure and well paid jobs.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting days including 21 October 2019.)

22 BAHÁ’I FAITH: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Connelly—That this House:

(1) considers the Bahá’í community a valued part of Australian society;
(2) commends the contribution that Australian Bahá’ís make to social cohesion, unity and community building in Australia;
(3) provides assurance that it holds the Bahá’í Faith, its leadership and its practicing members in the highest regard, in light of their focus on serving others with excellence;
(4) congratulates the Australian Bahá’í community on the celebration of the bicentenary of the birth of their founder, the Bab, in October 2019;
(5) condemns the ongoing persecution of Bahá’ís across the world, which includes arbitrary arrests and imprisonments, economic isolation and denial of access to higher education;
(6) acknowledges that 2019 is the bicentenary of the Bahá’í Faith;
(7) notes that the Bahá’í Faith teaches core principles of inclusivity, public service and peacefulness;
(8) recognises that in spite of the openness and peacefulness inherent to their beliefs, members of the Bahá’í Faith have suffered significant persecution;
(9) understands that most, if not all, of the world’s major religions have, at various times including the present, suffered persecution in some form; and
(10) holds that the importance of freedom of religion is both an individual and a collective right, protected under international and domestic law, whereby all people are free to adopt and hold a belief, as well as manifest that belief in worship, observance, practice or teaching.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
23 **COAL PROHIBITION (QUIT COAL) BILL 2019** (Mr Bandt): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

24 **CRIMES LEGISLATION AMENDMENT (AGE OF CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY) BILL 2019** (Ms Sharkie): Second reading—Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019).

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

25 **VISA PROCESSING SYSTEM**: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Mr Giles—That this House:

1. notes that:
   (a) the Government plans to privatise Australia’s visa processing system;
   (b) under the Government’s plan, a private tenderer will be given licence to run Australia’s visa processing system as a for-profit business; and
   (c) the Government will decide the winning tenderer in October 2019;
2. acknowledges that:
   (a) visa and citizenship processing times have blown out under this Government;
   (b) more than 230,000 people are on bridging visas;
   (c) more than 220,000 people are on waiting lists for their citizenship; and
   (d) the Government has failed to preserve and enhance the integrity of Australia’s visa processing system; and
3. calls on the Government to stop its privatisation of Australia’s visa processing system.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

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**COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS** has precedence each Monday in the House of Representatives Chamber from 10.10 am to 12 noon; and in the Federation Chamber from 11 am to 1.30 pm and 4.45 pm to 7.30 pm (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

**PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS** has precedence from the conclusion of consideration of committee and delegation business each Monday (standing orders 34, 35 and 192).

The **SELECTION COMMITTEE** is responsible for arranging the timetable and order of committee and delegation business and private Members’ business for each sitting Monday. Its determinations for today are shown under ‘Business accorded priority for …’. Any private Members’ business not called on, or consideration of private Members’ business or committee and delegation business which has been interrupted and not re-accorded priority on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays, shall be removed from the Notice Paper (standing order 42).
PRIVATE MEMBERS’ BUSINESS ACCORDED PRIORITY FOR THIS SITTING

11 AM TO 1.30 PM

Notices

†1 MR PERRETT: To move—That this House:

(1) recognises that:

(a) social harmony is vital to the continuation of a successful Australian democracy;
(b) all Australians should be able to go about their lives free from discrimination; and
(c) there is no legislative protection against vilification and incitement to hatred and/or violence based on a person’s religion or religious belief;

(2) notes that:

(a) incitement of hatred and violence is a threat to religious minorities;
(b) vilification of minority groups through online social media is prolific;
(c) fifty-three per cent of Australian youth have witnessed anti-Muslim harmful content online;
(d) online vilification normalises negative attitudes against minority groups;
(e) vilification or inciting hatred is often the initial stage of a hate crime;
(f) personal attacks are also occurring against religious minorities, including verbal insults, graffiti, targeting religious dress and physical attacks on buildings and individuals;
(g) women are the main targets of personal attacks based on their religion; and
(h) almost half of all personal attacks occur in crowded community spaces where women should feel safe; and

(3) calls on the Government to protect:

(a) religious communities at risk of endangerment; and
(b) all Australians from incitement of hatred and violence.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed—40 minutes.)

†2 MR ENTSCH: To move—That this House:

(1) notes:

(a) 14 September 2019 marks National Peacekeeper and Peacemaker Day; and
(b) 20 September 2019 marks the 20th anniversary of the deployment of the International Force East Timor (INTERFET), the peacemaking taskforce that came to Timor-Leste to address the humanitarian and security crisis from 1999-2000;

(2) recognises:

(a) the vital role of Australians in peace operations and their more than 70 years of dedicated service to the international community; and
(b) the more than 5,500 personnel who contributed to INTERFET—including that of former Governor-General, General Sir Peter Cosgrove, AK, CVO, MC (Retd)—and the important contribution they made at a critical time in the history of Timor-Leste; and

(3) acknowledges:

(a) the service and sacrifice of all those who served in peacekeeping operations and the families who supported them; and
(b) those currently serving in the UN Truce Supervision Organisation, the UN Mission in the Republic of South Sudan, the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus, and the UN Disengagement Observer Force.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)
†3 MS OWENS: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) the latest Government report indicates around 120,000 older Australians are waiting for their approved home care package; and
   (b) more than 72,000 older Australians on the waiting list have no home care package at all;

(2) recognises:
   (a) the majority of older Australians waiting for level three and level four packages have high care needs;
   (b) some older Australians have been waiting more than two years for their approved package, many of whom are in their 90s and others who have terminal illnesses; and
   (c) older Australians are entering residential aged care or even emergency departments instead of receiving their approved home care package;

(3) condemns the Government for failing to stop the wait list growing; and

(4) calls on the Government to listen to the growing chorus of voices for urgent action to fix the home care packages wait list now and properly address this national crisis.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed—40 minutes.)

Order of the day

†1 WORLD SUICIDE PREVENTION DAY: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Dr Martin—That this House:

(1) notes that Tuesday, 10 September 2019 was World Suicide Prevention Day;

(2) confirms the Government’s commitment to work with local communities to reduce the number of deaths by suicide in Australia;

(3) further notes the record level of funding of $736 million provided in the 2019-20 budget for mental health including $503.1 million for the Youth Mental Health and Suicide Prevention Plan to support coordination of Government activities and services including:
   (a) the largest single expansion of the national Headspace network through the establishment of 36 new sites; and
   (b) provision of support to farmers and communities that have been affected by drought to deal with the anxiety, stress and uncertainty of drought conditions; and

(4) welcomes the establishment of the Office of the National Suicide Prevention Adviser in 2019 to support a whole-of-government approach to suicide prevention, to ensure coordination of delivery of suicide prevention activities that reach Australians in the right way at the right time.

(Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 1.30 pm.)

4.45 PM TO 7.30 PM

Notices—continued

†4 MR THISTLETHWAITE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that 29 October 2019 is the 100th anniversary of the International Labour Organization (ILO);

(2) acknowledges that the ILO:
   (a) was established following the first world war in an effort to bridge the gap between governments, employers and working people;
   (b) was originally an agency of the League of Nations and has continued as a specialised agency to this day where 187 member states work together on improving labour standards and living standards throughout the world; and
   (c) is a tripartite organisation that seeks co-operation between governments, employers and workers through the development of policies, standards and programmes that reflect the views of all the representative groups;

(3) recognises:
   (a) the historical, cultural and social significance of the ILO over the past 100 years in an Australian context and throughout the world;
   (b) that the work of the ILO has played an important role in:
(i) improving incomes, working conditions, safety, equality and protections at work as well as improving productivity and living standards; and

(ii) ending oppressive work practices, removing discrimination and ending child labour; and

(c) that the ILO has passed some of the most important international agreements that reduce exploitation, discrimination and inequality and promote collective bargaining, including the:

(i) Forced Labour Convention of 1930, banning forced or compulsory labour;

(ii) Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention of 1948, providing the right to union organising for collective bargaining;

(iii) Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention of 1949, protection against discrimination for joining a trade union, and taking collective action;

(iv) Equal Remuneration Convention of 1951, providing the right to equal pay removal of gender discrimination;

(v) Discrimination Convention of 1958, providing the right not to be discriminated against on grounds of race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin; and

(vi) Worst Forms of Child Labour Convention of 1999, prohibiting the worst forms of child labour (slavery, prostitution, drug trafficking and other dangerous jobs); and

(4) calls on the Government to adopt a more cooperative approach to workplace relations in the ILO tradition to work with unions and employers to improve Australian’s incomes and living standards.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†5 MR L. S. O’BRIEN: To move—That this House:

(1) notes the important, practical contribution the Black Spot Program makes in addressing the nation’s road toll under the National Road Safety Action Plan 2018-2020;

(2) recognises the need for the Government to continue to invest in the Black Spot Program to improve road safety and reduce the death toll;

(3) commends the Government for putting road safety at the forefront of infrastructure investment, with further commitments to providing an additional $50 million per year from 2019-20 to 2022-2023 to the Black Spot Program; and

(4) acknowledges the Government’s Black Spot Program reduces on average at the treated sites, death and serious injury from crashes by 30 per cent according to data from the Bureau of Infrastructure, Transport and Regional Economics.

(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed 50 minutes.)

†6 MS MCBRIDE: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that the:

(a) Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) has assisted generations of Australians to access affordable medicines since its inception by the Chifley Government in 1948; and

(b) longstanding practice of successive governments has been to accept and act on the advice of the independent experts—the Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC)—when listing medicines on the PBS;

(2) acknowledges that the Department of Health revealed at Senate estimates hearings that there are more than 20 drugs that this Government will never list on the PBS because pricing negotiations with their manufacturers have broken down;

(3) recognises that there are increasing barriers to Australians accessing affordable medicines, including:

(a) the failure to act on a number of PBAC recommendations;

(b) the affordability of PBS co-payments; and

(c) increasing out of pocket costs to access primary and specialist health care; and

(4) condemns the Government for failing to recognise and address these barriers and calls on the Government to do so as a matter of urgency.

(Notice given 9 September 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†7 MS FLINT: To move—That this House:

(1) notes that:
(a) after six years of the previous Labor Government, just 51,000 users were connected to the National Broadband Network (NBN);
(b) under the Liberal National Coalition Government, over 60,000 premises are being connected to the NBN every two weeks; and
(c) the network roll out is scheduled to be completed in 2020;
(2) welcomes NBN Co’s announcement that the NBN is now available to more than 10 million homes and businesses; and
(3) congratulates the Government for adopting a broadband roll out plan which will see the NBN completed four years early and for $30 billion less than had Labor’s approach been continued—meaning that Australians will get access to fast broadband services more quickly, and at lower prices, than what would have occurred under Labor’s plan.
(Notice given 14 October 2019. Time allowed—30 minutes.)

†8 MR KATTER: To move—That this House:
(1) recognises that the Australian dairy industry is facing decimation as a result of the failure of government deregulation;
(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) successive governments have contributed to failure in the dairy industry and that the dairy industry will continue its decline if policy is driven by ideology;
   (b) the time is up for our Australian dairy industry with national herds being sold for slaughter, farm foreclosures and employees now trapped in destitution in rural towns;
   (c) in Queensland, the number of dairy farms has dropped from 1,305 in 2000-01 to 393 in 2017-18;
   (d) Australia had 12,896 dairy farms in the year 2000 and as of 2018 there were just 5,699, a reduction of 57 per cent;
   (e) farmers are, in general, not receiving the full 10 cent levy promised by the supermarkets; and
   (f) in 2001-02 our national herd produced 11.3 billion litres of whole milk, and in 2017-18 Australia produced 8.8 billion litres, a 22 per cent reduction of 2.5 billion litres; and
(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) reintroduce the minimum price scheme, which delivered orderly marketing and fairness for nearly a century to Australia’s farmers, contractors and employees; or
   (b) secure from supermarket chains a 25 cent price rise (since they are able to set a 10 cent price rise), and oversee the mechanics of ensuring that this 25 cents goes back to the farm gate.
(Notice given 15 October 2019. Time allowed—remaining private Members’ business time prior to 7.30 pm.)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL’S SPEECH: Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2019—Mr Pasin) on the proposed Address in Reply.

2 VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 17 October 2019—Mr Ted O’Brien) on the motion of Mr D. J. Chester—That the House take note of the document.

3 GRIEVANCE DEBATE: Question—That grievances be noted—Resumption of debate (from 15 October 2019).

COMMITTEE AND DELEGATION BUSINESS

Orders of the day

1 TREATIES—JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE—REPORT 186: IA-CEPA AND A-HKFTA—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF DOCUMENT: Resumption of debate (from 16 October 2019—Ms Wells) on the motion of Mr Sharma—That the House take note of the report.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
ORDERS OF THE DAY—continued

1 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME ANNUAL PRICE REVIEW: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Laming—That this House:
   (1) welcomes the recent outcomes of the 2019-20 National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) annual price review;
   (2) notes the increases in NDIS pricing from 1 July 2019 includes:
      (a) significant increases in the base prices for attendant care and community participation;
      (b) a new temporary transformation payment for providers of attendant care and community participation supports, which will be 7.5 per cent in 2019-20, and will reduce by 1.5 percentage points each year thereafter;
      (c) allowing therapy providers to claim for travel, cancellations and non-face-to-face time for therapy assistant activities;
      (d) clarification of charges for cancellations and providers claiming for non-face-to-face direct care-related activities as hours of support against relevant support items;
      (e) increasing the amount of time providers claim for travel, for up to 30 minutes between appointments within city areas and up to 60 minutes in regional areas; and
      (f) increasing remote and very remote loadings on price limits from 20 per cent to 40 per cent, and from 25 per cent to 50 per cent respectively;
   (3) notes that from 1 July 2019, funding in existing participant plans will be adjusted to reflect the price increases; and
   (4) welcomes the National Disability Insurance Agency’s continued commitment to improvement and transparency in price setting beyond the 2019-20 annual price review.
   (Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

2 TRADE: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Ted O’Brien—That this House:
   (1) notes:
      (a) the record monthly trade surplus in May 2019; and
      (b) that the five largest monthly trade surpluses have all been this year;
   (2) acknowledges that trade supports one in five jobs in Australia; and
   (3) calls on Members to vote in support of important trade agreements with Indonesia, Peru and Hong Kong when they come before the House, thereby providing further export opportunities for our farmers and small and family businesses.
   (Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

3 PENALTY RATES: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Swanson—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) on 1 July 2019, 700,000 Australians had their penalty rates cut again;
      (b) according to the Council of Small Business Australia, cuts to penalty rates have not created one single job;
      (c) penalty rates are not a luxury, they are a necessity for millions of Australians to cope with the rising cost of living;
(d) cuts to penalty rates disproportionately effect women, young people and those without a tertiary education; and
(e) reinstating penalty rates would allow low income and highly casualised industries to invest more money into the economy;

(2) condemns:
(a) the Government’s failure to protect penalty rates and the millions of Australians who rely on them; and
(b) Government members and senators who called for, or supported, cuts to penalty rates; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
(a) join with the Opposition in making a submission to the Fair Work Commission, arguing that penalty rates should be reinstated; and
(b) exercise some economic leadership and stand up for low paid workers.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

4 TAX RELIEF: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mrs Archer—That this House notes that:
(1) the Government took to the election a plan for tax relief for hard-working Australians which will more than double the low and middle income tax offset from 2018-19, and deliver long-term structural reform by lowering the 32.5 per cent tax rate to 30 per cent from 1 July 2024; and
(2) at the 2019 federal election the coalition was returned to office and that our plan for lower taxes was backed by the Australian people.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

5 THE ECONOMY: Resumption of debate (from 22 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Leeser—That this House:
(1) recognises that the fundamentals of our economy are strong thanks to the economic management of the Government; and
(2) commends the Government for its plan to continue to grow the economy through:
   (a) delivering on a $100 billion infrastructure plan;
   (b) pursuing free trade deals, with the European Union and through the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership;
   (c) creating 1.25 million more jobs over the next five years;
   (d) maintaining budget surpluses and paying down debt; and
   (e) locking in record funding for schools and hospitals.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 4 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

6 AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE FORCE CADETS: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:
(1) notes the valuable contribution the Australian Defence Force (ADF) cadets make to youth development in our communities;
(2) recognises cadet leaders and staff who give up their time to mentor and shape Australia’s youth; and
(3) acknowledges that ADF cadets, in cooperation with the community, benefit the nation by developing an individual’s capacity to contribute to society.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

7 TASMANIAN HOUSING CRISIS: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Collins—That this House:
(1) notes that:
   (a) after being neglected by successive State and Federal Liberal Governments, Tasmania is now in the depths of a housing crisis;
   (b) under the Liberals, the Tasmanian housing market is failing renters, first-home buyers and people at risk of homelessness;
(c) the average middle-income Tasmanian household is in rental stress, paying about 30 per cent of their income just to put a roof over their head, and 20 per cent more Tasmanians are accessing homelessness and crisis housing services than two years ago; 

(d) sadly, behind these statistics, Tasmanians are hurting; 

(e) the new Federal Assistant Minister for Community Housing, Homelessness and Community Services wants to put a ‘positive spin’ on the housing crisis, which is disgraceful and shows an arrogant contempt for ordinary Tasmanians; and 

(f) these unacceptable comments illustrate the failure and incompetence of the Liberals in Tasmania; 

(2) calls on the Federal Government to outline a plan to address this crisis—if there is a deal with Senator Lambie, the Government should release the details; and 

(3) recognises that: 

(a) this continuing record of neglect is yet another example of the State and Federal Liberals failing to stand up for Tasmania; and 

(b) only Labor can be trusted to take the housing crisis seriously. 

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.) 

8 NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME EARLY CHILDHOOD EARLY INTERVENTION APPROACH: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House: 

(1) notes the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) Early Childhood Early Intervention (ECEI) approach is an evidence-based, best practice approach to early childhood intervention for children aged zero to six years with developmental delay or disability, and there have been some challenges with rolling out the ECEI approach; 

(2) welcomes the Government’s announcement to reduce delays and backlogs in delivering early childhood early intervention supports through the NDIS; and 

(3) notes that: 

(a) a six-month recovery plan to be implemented by the National Disability Insurance Agency (NDIA) will include working with ECEI partners to secure additional resources to ensure children are able to receive early childhood supports in a more timely manner; 

(b) the NDIA will provide a standardised interim six-month plan for children who have been found eligible for the NDIS, but who are experiencing significant waiting periods for a plan (that is, where the period between an access decision and getting a plan is greater than 50 days) and that these interim plans will be replaced by a full NDIS plan no later than six months after being issued; 

(c) new participants who are not categorised as complex and who are not transferring from an existing Commonwealth, state or territory disability program will be given a standardised interim plan for $10,000; 

(d) participants who are transferring from an existing Commonwealth, state or territory disability program, their interim NDIS plan and funding package will reflect their existing support levels, however, if that amount is lower than $10,000 they will also receive the $10,000 standardised interim plan for up to six months; and 

(e) participants with complex support needs, will immediately be streamed to an NDIA early childhood specialist to develop their plan and appropriate funding package. 

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.) 

9 VISION AUSTRALIA RADIO FUNDING: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms L. M. Chesters—That this House: 

(1) notes that Vision Australia’s radio broadcast is at risk of ending at the end of 2019 due to a lack of funding; 

(2) acknowledges that: 

(a) this organisation is receiving some Government funding, but more is needed to cover running costs; and 

(b) 700,000 listeners tune into Vision Australia Radio each year and that there are around 800 volunteers across 10 stations in Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and regional Victoria;
(3) recognises that due to changes in the funding received by disability support organisations following the roll out of the National Disability Insurance Scheme, Vision Australia needs to secure an extra $700,000 per year to ensure the future of the service;
(4) believes the Government can play a vital role in ensuring people with a print disability can remain informed and connected to their local community; and
(5) calls on the Government to provide greater funding support to Vision Australia to continue their radio service.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

10 CYBER SECURITY: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Wallace—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) according to IDCARE, in 2019 they will provide support to over 50,000 Australians and New Zealanders who have experienced identity takeover, cybercrimes, scams and cyber bullying;
   (b) in 2018-19, IDCARE’s call centre provided approximately 53,400 hours of specialist identity and cyber security counselling support to Australian residents; and
   (c) Australia is being targeted by international organised crime and we need a strong approach to educating people on how they can protect themselves;
(2) recognises the commitment by the Government to prioritise cyber security initiatives as part of the Cyber Security Strategy 2016 and the Action Plan that outlines the steps the Government will take to achieve Australia’s cybersecurity goals by 2020; and
(3) acknowledges the need for continued investment, support and education to protect Australians from being victims of international organised crime.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

11 PUBLIC SECTOR INTEGRITY COMMISSION: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Government on its commitment to establish a Commonwealth Integrity Commission to investigate and prevent corruption in the public sector;
(2) congratulates the Opposition on its commitment to establish a National Integrity Commission to investigate and prevent corruption in the public sector;
(3) notes the major and significant contribution that a robust and well-functioning integrity commission can make to sustain and reinforce public confidence in the integrity of Australia’s democratic government, parliament, and public service; and to help control corruption generally in Australia, in line with our international obligations;
(4) notes that to achieve these objectives, the design and implementation of a robust integrity commission should include:
   (a) a broad jurisdiction to investigate and help prevent any serious or systematic abuse of entrusted power for private or political gain (‘corruption’) at the Commonwealth level, including but not limited to criminal offences;
   (b) the ability to self-initiate investigations;
   (c) the ability to receive, investigate or refer information about corruption from any person, including directly from Commonwealth staff or other whistleblowers;
   (d) improved measures for the protection of whistleblowers in the Commonwealth public sector and more generally;
   (e) the ability to hold public hearings for investigative purposes, for any corruption concerns within jurisdiction, where in the public interest to do so;
   (f) the other powers needed for effective investigation, including to question people, compel the production of documents, seek warrants to enter and search premises, make public reports including findings of fact and recommendations, and refer matters to relevant prosecutors;
   (g) the power and responsibility to properly coordinate the Commonwealth’s role in a national anti-corruption plan, working with state and territory agencies, other regulatory agencies for the private sector, and civil society;
(h) the power and responsibility to lead comprehensive corruption prevention policies and procedures across the Commonwealth public sector, procurement and service delivery;

(i) full jurisdiction over Commonwealth parliamentarians and their staff;

(j) the creation of the commissioner(s) as an independent officer of the Commonwealth Parliament, appointed by and reporting to a bipartisan joint standing committee of the parliament, and only terminable on address from the parliament for proven misbehaviour or incapacity; and

(k) sufficiently well-resourced funds and personnel; and

(5) calls on the Government to work towards implementing an integrity commission that adheres to these key principles.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

12 EDUCATION: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Mr Perrett—That this House:

(1) recognises that:

(a) Australian school students who commenced preparatory school when the Coalition formed government are now entering their final semester of primary school;

(b) Australian school students who commenced high school when the Coalition formed government have transitioned to earning or learning through tertiary or vocational education; and

(c) the future opportunities of these young Australians have been curtailed by the inability of the Government to address the educational needs of Australian students;

(2) notes that since the Coalition formed government:

(a) one of their first acts in government was to cut $30 billion over the decade from projected school funding;

(b) they failed to restore cuts to public schools;

(c) the literacy and numeracy of Australian school students has fallen;

(d) there has been no action by the Government to improve school standards;

(e) there has been no action by the Government to provide support to students, parents, teachers and principals;

(f) Australian Vocational education and training (VET) students are paying more for their courses;

(g) Australian apprenticeships and on-the-job training opportunities have declined;

(h) the threshold for student loan repayments has been reduced, so that VET and university students are now commencing to repay their student loans when they are earning barely more than the minimum wage;

(i) university places have been capped;

(j) penalty rates, relied on by many students trying to earn money while studying, have been cut, resulting in more time away from their studies; and

(k) nothing has been done to address the disconnect between higher education courses and industry demand for skills; and

(3) calls on the Government to urgently implement measures to:

(a) support public education in Australia through fair funding and reversing the cuts;

(b) address the falling standard of literacy and numeracy of Australian students;

(c) make sure university and TAFE is affordable for all Australians; and

(d) ensure that young Australians have the skills required for our future workforce needs.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

13 INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 29 July 2019) on the motion of Ms Flint—That this House:

(1) congratulates the Government on:

(a) the extensive urban and regional infrastructure investment of $100 billion announced in the 2019 Budget; and

(b) its focus on national freight challenges, congestion busting and road safety;
(2) recognises that every state of the Commonwealth is benefitting from the Government’s infrastructure program; and
(3) commends the Government on providing the infrastructure that will build our future and generate growth for our economy.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 5 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

14 SYDNEY METRO WEST PROJECT: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Owens—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) that western Sydney is home to two million people, which is nearly 10 per cent of Australia’s population and Australia’s third largest economy;
   (b) that western Sydney’s population is expected to grow by an additional one million people in the next 20 years while the population in the corridor between Parramatta and Sydney is expected to grow by 420,000;
   (c) that more than 300,000 new jobs are expected to be created in the same period and that traffic congestion is expected to cost Sydney nearly $15 billion by 2031;
   (d) that Parramatta is western Sydney’s Central Business District (CBD) and is Sydney’s second CBD;
   (e) the benefit of the proposed Sydney Metro West project to connect Parramatta and Sydney via the Bays Precinct and Sydney Olympic Park; and
   (f) that the project, when operational, is expected to slash travel times between the two CBDs to just 20 minutes (on trains running every two minutes) and reduce traffic congestion;

(2) recognises the NSW Government’s commitment of $6.4 billion in funding to the project and additional commitment to fast-track the project to begin construction in 2020;
(3) further notes that Federal Labor committed to $3 billion funding to the project prior to the 2019 federal election; and
(4) calls on the Federal Government to urgently allocate the funding that will ensure the project can begin construction in the fast-tracked timeframe.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

15 WORLD RANGER DAY: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That this House:

(1) notes that 31 July 2019 is World Ranger Day;
(2) acknowledges the significant contribution that Indigenous rangers make to our national parks, including environmental management, restoration and education;
(3) pays tribute to rangers that have lost their lives while at work;
(4) supports the Government’s funding of Indigenous ranger groups with $254.6 million invested through the Indigenous Advancement Strategy over three years from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2021, including $61.8 million in the state of Queensland; and
(5) welcomes the work of 123 ranger groups nationally, which provided 2,160 jobs for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians in 2016-17.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

16 SMALL AMOUNT CREDIT CONTRACTS LEGISLATION: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Dick—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) it has been more than four years since the Government established the independent Review of Small Amount Credit Contracts (SACC);
   (b) the review panel provided the final report to the Government on 3 March 2016, listing 24 recommendations relating to the SACC and consumer leasing laws;
   (c) the Government released its response to the report on 28 November 2016, in which it agreed with the vast majority of recommendations in part or in full;
(d) the Minister for Revenue and Financial Services at the time said ‘the implementation of these recommendations will ensure that vulnerable consumers are afforded appropriate levels of consumer protection while continuing to access SACCs and leases’;

(e) the Government released draft legislation on 23 October 2017, whereby the Minister for Small Business and now Deputy Prime Minister said that the ‘Government will introduce legislation this year to implement the SACC and consumer lease reforms’;

(f) the Assistant Minister to the Treasurer pledged in May 2018 that SACC and consumer leasing laws would be progressed in 2018;

(g) former Prime Minister Turnbull confirmed the Government supported the vast majority of recommendations from the independent Review of SACC and also pledged to introduce legislation enacting the recommendations in 2018;

(h) the Assistant Treasurer in December 2018 also noted the importance of protecting vulnerable consumers from harmful financial practices, but would wait until the conclusion of the Royal Commission into Misconduct in the Banking, Superannuation and Financial Services Industry;

(i) the Royal Commission has now been completed, however there is still no legislation before the house to enact the 24 recommendations from the independent Review of SACC;

(j) on 22 February 2019 the Senate Economics References Committee completed an inquiry into credit and financial services targeted at Australians at risk of financial hardship, which recommended that the National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment (Small Amount Credit Contract and Consumer Lease Reforms) Bill 2017 exposure draft released by Treasury be introduced, and passage facilitated by the Government; and

(k) the Government has continuously broken its promises to legislate these important reforms; and

(2) calls on the Government to introduce legislation without any further delay so that Australians are given the protections they need from harmful pay day lending practices.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

17 DISABILITY RELATED HEALTH SUPPORTS: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr C. Kelly—That this House:

(1) notes the Council of Australian Governments Disability Reform Council met on 28 June 2019 and resolved a number of long-standing issues, including the interaction of the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) with the health system;

(2) welcomes the council’s agreement to a range of disability-related health supports that will be provided through the NDIS; and

(3) notes the:

(a) NDIS will fund disability-related health supports where the supports are required as a result of the participant’s disability and assist the participant to undertake activities of daily living;

(b) types of health supports that will be funded by the NDIS include continence supports, dysphagia and nutrition supports, respiratory supports and supports for wound and pressure care; and

(c) approach agreed to by the council to fund disability related health supports under the NDIS recognises participants need to be placed at the centre of all decisions.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

18 AGE PENSIONS: Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Sharkie—That this House:

(1) notes that:

(a) the OECD:

(i) calculates that Australia’s expenditure on age pensions is currently 4 per cent of public spending, and is projected to be 4 per cent in 2050, which compares with 9 per cent and 10 per cent respectively for the OECD; and

(ii) has stated that ‘the old age income poverty rate in Australia is high at 26 per cent compared to 13 per cent across the OECD in 2015’;

(b) the Benevolent Society:
(i) released *The Adequacy of the Age Pension in Australia: An assessment of pensioner living standards* report in September 2016, concluding from its research that ‘the age pension in Australia is inadequate’; and

(ii) also concludes that ‘home ownership constitutes the single biggest factor contributing to financial hardship among pensioners’ and ‘age pensioners who are renting, in particular those who are single, are the worst off’;

(c) deeming rates dramatically affect the wellbeing of Australian pensioners; and

(d) whilst the Government has reduced deeming rates for the first time since 2015, it has not been adequately responsive to changes in the cash rate; and

(2) calls on the Government to:

(a) establish an independent tribunal to:
   (i) assess the base rate of the pension;
   (ii) assess the Commonwealth Assistance Rate;
   (iii) assess the deeming rate; and
   (iv) determine the best mechanism for regular review; and

(b) reduce the financial gap between age pensioners who are home owners and those who are renters.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

**SMALL BUSINESS AND THE DEFENCE INDUSTRY:** Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Thompson—That this House:

(1) notes the important role Australian small business has in the future of our national and economic security through its integral role in our defence industry;

(2) recognises the defence industry’s potential for growth in electoral divisions like Herbert and other regional electoral divisions across Australia;

(3) supports opportunities to maximise the participation of Australian companies in all facets of defence procurement; and

(4) acknowledges the Government’s commitment to deliver a robust, resilient and internationally competitive Australian defence industry.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

**CITIZENSHIP APPLICATIONS:** Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Zappia—That this House:

(1) notes that:
   (a) as at 30 June 2019 there were 221,415 applications for Australian citizenship by conferral;
   (b) under this Government the backlog has risen from 27,037 in 2013-14;
   (c) the timeframe for finalisation of 90 per cent of applications is now within 24 months;
   (d) some applicants wait longer than two years for their applications to be finalised; and
   (e) Australian Citizenship provides a number of important benefits including:
      (i) the right to enrol and vote;
      (ii) eligibility for a HECS-HELP loan for university;
      (iii) access to an Australian passport; and
      (iv) sometimes satisfying a requirement for employment; and

(2) calls on the Government to immediately address the backlog and lengthy wait times for citizenship applications so that people who want to fully participate in Australian civic life are able to do so.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

**HOME CARE PACKAGES:** Resumption of debate (from 9 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Owens—That this House:

(1) notes that:
(a) the latest Government report indicates more than 129,000 older Australians are waiting for their approved home care package;
(b) more than 75,000 older Australians on the waiting list have no home care package at all; and
(c) since 2017 the wait list for home care has grown from 88,000 to more than 129,000 older Australians;

(2) recognises:
(a) the majority of older Australians are waiting for level three and level four packages, who have high care needs;
(b) some older Australians have been waiting more than two years for their approved package; and
(c) older Australians are entering residential aged care or even emergency departments instead of receiving their approved home care package;

(3) condemns the Government for failing to stop the wait list growing; and

(4) calls on the Government to immediately fix the home care packages waiting list and properly address this growing crisis.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 6 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

22 CLIMATE CHANGE AND HEALTH: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Ms Steggall—That this House:

(1) notes a national health campaign, No Time for Games, comprising the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners, Royal Australian College of Physicians, the Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine, the Australian College of Sport and Exercise Physicians, the Australian College of Emergency Medicine, the Australian Medical Students Association and other organisations representing over 10,000 doctors and medical students nationwide, is calling for the Parliament to officially recognise that climate change represents one of the biggest and most urgent health threats to our children, requiring immediate and effective action;
(2) recognises that human health is adversely affected by human induced climate change, and that many in the Australian community, including our children, will be more susceptible to:
(a) heat related illness and death due to increased temperatures;
(b) respiratory disease and death caused by burning fossil fuels; and
(c) deadly hypoallergenic conditions like thunderstorm asthma which is exacerbated by longer allergy seasons and more severe weather events; and
(3) calls on the Government to reduce the incidence of these health effects by acting to develop and implement a plan to de-carbonise every polluting sector by 2050, which will reduce the incidence of extreme temperatures and more severe weather events.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

23 TUBERCULOSIS: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Entsch—That this House:

(1) notes that:
(a) 24 March is World Tuberculosis (TB) Day, a day to commemorate the precious lives lost due to TB, a disease that is preventable and curable;
(b) TB is contagious and airborne—it is the world’s leading infectious disease killer and kills more people than HIV/AIDS;
(c) in 2017 alone, 1.6 million people died from TB worldwide and 10 million people became sick with the disease; and
(d) there is a funding gap of US$1.3 billion annually in TB research and development and it is critical to develop quicker diagnostic tools, better drugs, and a new TB vaccine in order to end the TB epidemic;
(2) recognises:
(a) that the funding that Australia is providing jointly with the World Bank to support testing and treatment in Papua New Guinea is already leading to an initiative to achieve universal testing for TB in Daru; and
(b) the provision of $75 million over five years for Product Development Partnerships in the Indo-Pacific Health Security initiative to accelerate access to new therapeutics and diagnostics for drug-resistant TB and malaria, building on the successes of Australia’s previous investments; and

(3) calls on the Government to:
   (a) develop an action plan to monitor the progress made towards the targets and commitment made at the UN High-Level Meeting on TB; and
   (b) make an increased financial commitment to the Global Fund at its Replenishment Conference in October 2019.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

24 NATIONAL POLICE REMEMBRANCE DAY: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hayes—That this House:
   (1) notes that National Police Remembrance Day is observed on 27 September;
   (2) acknowledges the crucial role police officers across Australia play in our local communities and the tremendous risk and sacrifice that comes with their duty;
   (3) honours the lives and memories of those police officers who have made the ultimate sacrifice in the course of their duty and specifically honours the tragic loss of Constable Timothy Proctor of the New South Wales Police Force, who died from injuries sustained in a multiple vehicle collision in Lucas Heights;
   (4) pays tribute to the families and friends of police officers who have been killed in the line of duty throughout our nation’s history;
   (5) commends the valuable work of Police Legacy, who look after the loved ones of police officers who have fallen; and
   (6) reaffirms its support for the nation’s police officers and honours their courage, commitment and dedication in ensuring the peace and safety of our communities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

25 STERLING GROUP COLLAPSE: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Hastie—That this House:
   (1) recognises those impacted by the collapse of the Sterling First New Life investment scheme and associated companies;
   (2) condemns the Sterling Group for deceptive, scurrilous con-man tactics that were used to prey on vulnerable senior Australians;
   (3) further recognises that the Department of Social Services has introduced a dedicated officer to oversee the Centrelink clients impacted by the collapse and has requested that individuals seek an interview with Centrelink staff, as each personal circumstance is different;
   (4) encourages the people impacted by the collapse to make contact with the department and to make a submission to the Australian Financial Complaints Authority to investigate the financial dealings of the Sterling Group; and
   (5) acknowledges that the company is in administration and that the Australian Securities and Investments Commission has commenced investigations into their activities.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

26 SMITH BROTHERS AND AUSTRALIAN AVIATION: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Zappia—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) 2019 marks the centenary of Sir Ross Smith and Sir Keith Smith’s epic flight from London to Darwin;
      (b) a service was held at St Peter’s Cathedral in Adelaide on 15 June 2019 to commemorate the centenary;
      (c) Sir Ross Smith is one of Australia’s most distinguished airmen, having served with distinction during World War I and then winning the 1919 Great Air Race with his brother, piloting the renowned Vickers Vimy aircraft now on display at Adelaide Airport; and
(d) on 15 June 1922 more than 100,000 people lined the streets of Adelaide for the funeral cortege of Sir Ross Smith who was tragically killed in 1922 whilst test flying another Vickers aircraft in preparation for another epic flight; and

(2) acknowledges heroism of the Smith brothers, their contribution to Australian aviation and the pride they brought to the nation.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

27 TREATY ON THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Mr Georganas—That this House:

(1) notes:
   (a) the 74th anniversaries of the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki occurred on 6 and 9 August 2019 respectively, causing suffering which continues to this day;
   (b) the ongoing impacts of nuclear weapons on survivors of nuclear testing worldwide, including in Australia;
   (c) that successive Coalition and Labor Governments have joined all other treaties prohibiting inhumane and indiscriminate weapons;
   (d) that nuclear dangers are increasing worldwide, with no significant progress on nuclear disarmament in sight;
   (e) the prohibition and elimination of nuclear weapons is an urgent humanitarian imperative;
   (f) the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) outlaws the world’s worst weapons of mass destruction, strengthening the international legal nuclear disarmament framework; and
   (g) the TPNW complements and strengthens Australia’s existing commitments under the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone Treaty; and

(2) urges Australia to work towards signing and ratifying the TPNW.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

28 RECYCLING: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Allen—That this House:

(1) recognises the imperative of improving waste management, reducing unnecessary packaging and boosting recycling in Australia;

(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) Australians generate about 67 million tonnes of waste each year, of which 37 million tonnes is recycled;
   (b) only 12 per cent of the 103 kilograms of plastic waste generated per person in Australia each year is recycled, mostly overseas;
   (c) for every 10,000 tonnes of waste recycled, more than 9 jobs are created; and
   (d) waste related activities add $6.9 billion to the economy annually;

(3) welcomes the Government’s recent $20 million commitment for innovative projects under round 8 of the Cooperative Research Centres Projects grants to grow our domestic plastics recycling industry; and

(4) notes that this is part of the Government’s Australian Recycling Investment Plan, a package of initiatives totalling $167 million designed to grow and strengthen Australia’s domestic recycling industry, and to support industry and community initiatives to lift recycling rates in Australia.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

29 SOUTH-WESTERN SYDNEY INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Freelander—That this House:

(1) acknowledges:
   (a) south-western Sydney as one of the key growth areas of Australia; and
   (b) south-western Sydney’s cultural and economic contribution to the country; and

(2) calls on the Government to:
(a) ensure south-western Sydney is adequately resourced in terms of vital infrastructure projects and inter-connectivity of the region;
(b) ensure that major infrastructure projects, such as Western Sydney International Airport, do not isolate business centres such as Campbelltown and Liverpool from the public transport network;
(c) adequately fund public transport links between the Western Sydney Airport, Western Sydney Aerotropolis, and south-western Sydney growth centres to ensure realisation of the economic benefits of the airport for the local community; and
(d) build a:
   (i) south-west rail line extension from Leppington through to Western Sydney Airport;
   (ii) a north-south rail link from Western Sydney Airport to Macarthur; and
   (iii) a rapid transit link along 15th Avenue from the Liverpool CBD to Western Sydney Airport.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

30 **MEDICARE**: Resumption of debate (from 16 September 2019) on the motion of Dr Gillespie—That this House:
   (1) notes the Government’s commitment to Medicare;
   (2) further notes:
      (a) the record level of funding to Medicare in 2018-19 of $24.1 billion, which is an increase of 3.5 per cent in benefits paid in the 2017-18 financial year;
      (b) that the national GP bulk billing rate of 86.2 per cent is a four percentage point increase on the 2012-13 figure of 82.2 per cent when Labor were last in office; and
      (c) that patients made 136.5 million bulk billed GP visits in 2018-19, up 3.3 million visits on the previous financial year;
   (3) acknowledges that on 1 July 2019, the Government increased the patient rebate for further GP items on the Medicare Benefits Schedule, and that specialist procedures, allied health services and other GP services such as mental health and after hours services, were indexed; and
   (4) congratulates the Government for ensuring the Medicare Benefits Schedule Review will continue to ensure that Medicare services are effective and appropriate for patients now and into the future.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 7 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

31 **PREGNANCY AND INFANT LOSS**: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Ms Stanley—That this House:
   (1) notes that:
      (a) 15 October is International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day;
      (b) on this day, parents, families, friends and healthcare workers will memorialise babies they have lost through miscarriage, stillbirth and infant death; and
      (c) infant loss is a tragic and terrible event to go through for families, healthcare workers and friends and International Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day provides an opportunity to mark their shared loss;
   (2) acknowledges that:
      (a) each year around 150,000 women in Australia experience some form of pregnancy or infant loss;
      (b) further issues are commonly faced by those close to these tragic events such as depression, anxiety, changes in relationships, development of unhealthy coping mechanisms and post-traumatic stress disorder;
      (c) these effects, amongst others, are often underestimated and overlooked by healthcare professionals, friends, and even family members, especially concerning pregnancy loss related bereavement and subsequent grief; and
      (d) greater research and understanding is required to aide in the creation and establishment of programs, resources and services that support and provide assistance to survivors of baby loss
and their families, and enable them to overcome their trauma and integrate their bereavement into their life in a healthy, helpful, healing manner;
(3) expresses sympathy to all families who have suffered a miscarriage, a stillbirth or infant death; and
(4) commends each and every person who has supported parents and families through their journey from the loss of a baby.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

32 WOMEN IN THE AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE FORCE: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Ms Flint—That this House:
(1) notes the:
   (a) outstanding contribution women make to the Australian Defence Force; and
   (b) formation of the new Council for Women and Families United by Defence Service; and
(2) acknowledges that Defence embraces the concept of diversity, valuing differences, demonstrating fair, respectful and inclusive behaviour and aims to effectively attract and retain women who can support Defence to better reflect the community it serves.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

33 COASTAL EROSION: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Ms Claydon—That this House:
(1) notes that Australia has:
   (a) more than 59,000km of coastline;
   (b) around 85 per cent of the population living in coastal regions; and
   (c) nearly 39,000 buildings (as at 2011) and hundreds of coastal communities located within 100 metres of ‘soft’ shorelines which are at risk from accelerated erosion;
(2) acknowledges that:
   (a) coastal erosion presents a social, environmental, economic and existential threat to coastal communities;
   (b) human-induced climate change will accelerate erosion, putting many communities in grave danger; and
   (c) a number of communities are already starting to sustain serious damage from coastal erosion;
(3) is deeply concerned that there is no national leadership on the issue of coastal erosion and all climate adaptation activities have been defunded under Governments led by Prime Ministers Abbott, Turnbull and Morrison; and
(4) calls on the Government to take urgent action to support coastal communities seeking to restore their beaches and improve their resilience.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

34 CONGESTION BUSTING INFRASTRUCTURE: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Mr van Manen—That this House:
(1) notes with concern the growing congestion in our major cities, which makes it harder for workers to commute and takes time away from people to enjoy with their families;
(2) recognises that governments at every level need to invest in congestion busting infrastructure to provide the best outcomes for their citizens; and
(3) commends the Government on committing additional funding across urban and regional Australia, in particular the additional $3 billion to the Urban Congestion Fund so that $4 billion is now available through the fund to target pinch points in major cities to further reduce congestion.
(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

35 GENDER EQUALITY: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Ms Thwaites—That this House:
(1) notes that:
11 October 2019 is International Day of the Girl Child, which promotes human rights and supports action on gender inequality across the globe; and

this year’s theme is ‘GirlForce: Unscripted and Unstoppable’ to celebrate achievements by, with and for girls since the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and the Convention on the Rights of the Child;

acknowledges that:

movements across the world are stepping up to address discrimination, exploitation and abuse facing girls, including stopping child marriage, promoting girls’ education and standing up to gender-based violence; and

more needs to be done, with girls across the world still suffering disadvantage in many areas of their lives which can severely limit opportunities and life outcomes;

calls on the Government to:

develop policies that will ensure Australian girls have every opportunity to live lives free from discrimination and achieve their potential; and

actively work to support international communities to end gender-based discrimination and create opportunities for girls’ voices to be heard; and

urges all Members of Parliament to take the lead in promoting gender equality in their own communities.

EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Mr Pearce—That this House:

notes the:

creation of 1.2 million jobs since the Coalition Government was elected, with 140,000 young Australians securing employment over that time period;

strong commitment of the Government to reform the vocational education and training sector to better meet the demands of the modern Australian economy; and

leadership of the Government in November 2018 to commission the Joyce Review, a comprehensive expert review of the Australian vocational education and training system which was delivered in March 2019; and

welcomes the implementation of the Skills Package, a $525 million suite of measures that includes:

a National Careers Institute and the appointment of a National Careers Ambassador;

the Foundation Skills for Your Future program—an initiative which will support workers by improving literacy, numeracy, and digital literacy;

a streamlined Incentives for Australian Apprenticeships program, which will encourage employers to take on apprentices and trainees;

additional incentives to both employers and apprentices in areas affected by skills shortages under the Additional Identified Skills Shortage Payment measure;

establishing ten industry training hubs in areas of high unemployment;

further addressing youth unemployment in regional areas by funding 400 Commonwealth Scholarships for Young Australians;

a National Skills Commission and pilot skills organisations that will promote a nation-wide approach to skills development and enhance the role of industry in designing training courses;

an extension of the National Rugby League’s VET Apprenticeship Awareness Program; and

Energising Tasmania—a partnership between the Commonwealth and the Tasmanian Government to train a skilled workforce for jobs for the future in pumped hydro and energy infrastructure; and

welcomes the prospect of creating a further 80,000 apprenticeships in occupations with skills shortages over the coming five years.
AGRICULTURE AND CLIMATE CHANGE: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Dr Haines—That this House:

(1) recognises:
   (a) the Government’s commitment to future-proofing Australian agriculture, including the Future Drought Fund, and its action on climate change, including its commitment under the Paris Agreement to achieve a 26 to 28 per cent reduction in Australia’s emissions from 2005 levels by 2030 and to increase ambition over time under the Paris ambition mechanism; and
   (b) the Opposition’s commitment to the future of Australian agriculture and to action on climate change mitigation and adaptation;

(2) notes:
   (a) that climate change represents a serious and present threat to the Australian agricultural sector’s continued viability and international competitiveness;
   (b) the calls from the National Farmers’ Federation for a coordinated national framework to drive productivity and profitability while recognising environmental stewardship, and for a carbon neutrality plan for all agricultural commodities by 2025; and
   (c) the calls from the Australian Farm Institute and Farmers for Climate Action for the development of a national strategy on climate change and agriculture based on a consultative, co-design process involving government, industry, scientific research bodies, Australian farmers, and rural and regional communities;

(3) affirms that in order to ensure the continued flourishing of Australian agriculture into the future, the design and implementation of a national strategy on agriculture and climate change should include:
   (a) funding for comprehensive research on the direct and indirect risks climate change poses to Australian agri-food systems, including risks to primary production, biosecurity, food processing, food safety, farmer health, key infrastructure, equity, animal welfare, export markets and farm inputs;
   (b) targets for adapting Australian farming to climate change in the short, medium and long term;
   (c) financial and technical support for a just transition by supporting farmers and regional communities to adapt to future climate conditions including adoption of climate-resilient crops and regenerative farming and land use practices, investment in technology and infrastructure, and development of new rural industries;
   (d) a long term plan to promote clean energy in rural and regional communities, including community and privately owned renewables projects that can provide sustainable, alternative income to land owners during drought;
   (e) a mechanism to compensate farmers and land owners for ecosystem services they provide, including land-based carbon sequestration as a route to achieve net carbon neutrality of other sectors; and
   (f) a plan to accelerate global emissions reductions by exporting Australian technology, research and expertise; and

(4) calls on the Government to develop a national strategy on climate change and agriculture that reflects these components.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)

WESTERN AUSTRALIA AND THE ECONOMY: Resumption of debate (from 14 October 2019) on the motion of Mr Gorman—That this House:

(1) recognises:
   (a) the importance of Western Australia to the national economy; and
   (b) that when Western Australia does well, Australia does well;

(2) notes that:
   (a) it is clear that the Government is ignorant to Western Australia’s drive on the national economy;
   (b) without Western Australia there would have been negative national economic growth in the 2019 April-June quarter; and
   (c) without Western Australia, the Government would have a budget deficit in 2019-20; and

(3) condemns the Government for:
(a) failing to invest in Western Australia;
(b) failing to offer any funding for Royal Perth Hospital or the construction of the new women’s and babies hospital;
(c) refusing to waive historical housing debts for Western Australia, despite doing so for Tasmania; and
(d) giving Western Australia less than ten per cent of the $100 billion infrastructure package.

(Order of the day will be removed from the Notice Paper unless called on on any of the next 8 sitting Mondays including 21 October 2019.)
On the first sitting day of each fortnight, a complete Notice Paper is published containing all unanswered questions. On subsequent days, only new questions for the sitting are included in the Notice Paper. The full text of all unanswered questions is available at:


Questions unanswered

21 October 2019

*225 MS SHARKIE: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Families and Social Services—

(1) In respect of the further reduction in the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) cash rate on 2 October 2019, why has the Government not passed on this reduction to the deeming rate.

(2) Is it a fact that the Government has instigated an Australian Competition and Consumer Commission inquiry into residential mortgage prices and the failure of banks and other financial institutions to pass on RBA cash rate cuts in full to their customers, and to make their pricing practices more transparent; if so, why does the Government not adopt transparency in its determination of deeming rates and why does it not pass on rate cuts in full to pensioners by way of deeming rates.

*226 MR CONROY: To ask the Minister representing the Minister for Foreign Affairs—In respect of Contract Notice CN3625405 published on Austender on 3 September 2019:

(1) What are the details of the market research to be provided by Hall and Partners Pty Ltd.

(2) What subject matters will the market research cover.

(3) What methodologies will be used in the market research.

(4) Why has the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade commissioned this market research.

(5) If the market research relates to a government advertising campaign, what are the details of that campaign and what phase of the campaign will the market research support.

(6) Why were these services procured by limited tender rather than open tender.

(7) How did the department satisfy itself that the procurement would achieve a value for money outcome.

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CLARESSA SURTEES
Clerk of the House of Representatives

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OCCUPANTS OF THE CHAIR

The Speaker
Mr A. D. H. Smith

The Deputy Speaker
Mr Hogan

The Second Deputy Speaker
Mr R. G. Mitchell
Speaker’s Panel Members
Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Bird, Ms Claydon, Mr Georganas, Dr Gillespie, Mr Goodenough, Dr McVeigh, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Vasta, Mr Wallace, Mrs Wicks, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman.

COMMITTEES

Unless otherwise shown, appointed for life of 46th Parliament

Standing

Pursuant to standing orders

AGRICULTURE AND WATER RESOURCES: Mr R. J. Wilson (Chair), Mr B. K. Mitchell (Deputy Chair), Mr Gosling, Mr O’Dowd, Mr Pearce, Mrs Phillips, Mr Thompson, Dr Webster.

  Current inquiry:
  Growing Australian agriculture to $100 billion by 2030.

APPROPRIATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Alexander (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Ms Coker, Mr Connelly, Mr Hayes, Ms Owens, Mr R. G. Mitchell, Mr van Manen.

COMMUNICATIONS AND THE ARTS: Dr Gillespie (Chair), Mr Husic (Deputy Chair), Dr Allen, Ms Bell, Mr Drum, Mr Gorman, Ms McBride, Dr Webster.

  Current inquiry:
  Deployment, adoption and application of 5G in Australia.

ECONOMICS: Mr T. R. Wilson (Chair), Dr Leigh (Deputy Chair), Dr Aly, Mrs Archer, Mr Bandt, Mr Falinski, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Laming, Dr Mulino, Mr Ted O’Brien. (Ms Payne to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the Review of the Reserve Bank of Australia Annual Report 2018; Ms Sharkie to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the Banking Amendment (Rural Finance Reform) Bill 2019.)

  Current inquiries:
  Banking Amendment (Rural Finance Reform) Bill 2019.

EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING: Mr Laming (Chair), Ms L. M. Chesters (Deputy Chair), Ms Bell, Ms Hammond, Mr Hastie, Ms Kearney, Mr Joyce, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Mr Young.

ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY: Mr Ted O’Brien (Chair), Mr J. H. Wilson (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Mr Burns, Dr Gillespie, Ms Steggall, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman. (Mrs Phillips and Mr Pitt to serve as supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into the prerequisites for nuclear energy in Australia.)

  Current inquiry:
  Prerequisites for nuclear energy in Australia.

HEALTH, AGED CARE AND SPORT: Mr Zimmerman (Chair), Dr Freelander (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms Bell, Mr Dick, Dr Martin, Mrs Wicks, Mr Zappia. (Dr Allen to be a supplementary member for the purpose of the inquiry into allergies and anaphylaxis.)

  Current inquiry:
  Allergies and anaphylaxis.

HOUSE: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Drum, Ms Flint, Mr Hayes, Ms Ryan, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen.

INDIGENOUS AFFAIRS: Mr Leeser (Chair), Mr Snowdon (Deputy Chair), Ms Claydon, Mr Entsch, Ms Hammond, Ms Stanley, Mr Thompson, Mr Young.

INDUSTRY, INNOVATION, SCIENCE AND RESOURCES: Mr Joyce (Chair), Ms Bird (Deputy Chair), Dr Allen, Mr Conaghan, Mr C. Kelly, Mr Perrett, Mr Sharma, Ms Swanson.

INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND CITIES: Mr Alexander (Chair), Mr Gosling (Deputy Chair), Mr Connelly, Mr Giles, Mrs McIntosh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Mr van Manen, Dr Webster.
PETITIONS: Mr L. S. O’Brien (Chair), Mrs Elliot (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms L. M. Chesters, Ms Liu, Ms Templeman, Mr Simmonds, Mr Stevens.

PRIVILEGES AND MEMBERS’ INTERESTS: Mr Broadbent (Chair), Mr Gorman (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Byrne, Mr Fitzgibbon, Mr Goodenough, Mr Leeser, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Mr Snowdon, Ms Wells, Mr Zimmerman.

PROCEDURE: Mr van Manen (Chair), Mr Dick (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Mr Gorman, Ms Liu, Ms Ryan, Mr Simmonds.

Current inquiries:
- Maintenance of the standing orders.
- Practices and procedures relating to question time.

PUBLICATIONS: Mr O’Dowd (Chair), Ms Wells (Deputy Chair), Mr Goodenough, Mr Gorman, Mr Pearce, Mrs Phillips, Mr Wallace.

SELECTION: The Speaker (Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Drum, Ms Flint, Mr Hayes, Ms Murphy, Mr O’Dowd, Mr Ramsey, Ms Ryan, Ms Sharkie, Ms Stanley, Mr van Manen.

SOCIAL POLICY AND LEGAL AFFAIRS: Mr Wallace (Chair), Ms Claydon (Deputy Chair), Dr Freelander, Mr Laming, Ms Murphy, Mr Ramsey, Mr Simmonds, Dr Webster.

Current inquiry:
- Age verification for online wagering and online pornography.

TAX AND REVENUE: Mr Falinski (Chair), Ms Owens (Deputy Chair), Ms Kearney, Dr McVeigh, Mr Stevens, Mr Thistledithwaite, Mr van Manen, Mr Young.

Select

REGIONAL AUSTRALIA: (Formed 25 July 2019) Mr Pasin (Chair), Ms Swanson (Deputy Chair), Mrs Archer, Ms L. M. Chesters, Mr Clare, Mr Drum, Dr Haines, Mr Joyce, Mr Pitt, Mr Thompson, Mr J. H. Wilson, Mr R. J. Wilson. (To report by 31 July 2020).

Joint Select

AUSTRALIA’S FAMILY LAW SYSTEM: Mr K. J. Andrews, Dr Martin, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Ms Steggall, Senator Ayres, Senator Chandler, Senator Hanson, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Polley. (Formed 19 September 2019) (Members to be appointed) (To report by 7 October 2020).

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL REDRESS SCHEME: Senator Siewert, Senator Marielle Smith. (Formed 10 September 2019) (Members to be appointed) (To report by the last sitting day in May 2022).

ROAD SAFETY: (Formed 9 September 2019) Ms Bird, Mr Zappia, Senator Gallacher. (Members to be appointed) (To report by 31 July 2020).

Joint Statutory

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT INTEGRITY: Senator Stoker (Chair), Senator Bilyk (Deputy Chair), Mr Conaghan, Mrs Elliot, Mr Laming, Mr Pasin, Mr Zappia, Senator Antic, Senator Ayres. (Member to be appointed).

BROADCASTING OF PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS: The Speaker (Chairman), The President (Vice-Chairman), Ms Bird, Mr Christensen, Mr Entsch, Mr Simmonds, Ms Templeman, Senator Davey, Senator Farrell.

CORPORATIONS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES: Senator Paterson (Chair), Mr Georganas (Deputy Chair), Mr Falinski, Mr Gorman, Ms Hammond, Mr van Manen, Senator Bragg, Senator O’Neill, Senator Pratt, Senator Whish-Wilson. (Members to be appointed).

Current inquiry:
- Regulation of auditing in Australia.

HUMAN RIGHTS: Senator Henderson (Chair), Mr Perrett (Deputy Chair), Mr Georganas, Mr Goodenough, Ms Hammond, Dr Webster, Senator Chandler, Senator Dodson, Senator Green, Senator McKim.

Current inquiry:
- Quality of Care Amendment (Minimising the Use of Restraints) Principles 2019 [F2019L00511].

INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY: Mr Hastie (Chair), Mr Byrne (Deputy Chair), Mr Dreyfus, Dr M. J. Kelly, Mr Leeser, Mr T. R. Wilson, Senator Abetz, Senator Fawcett, Senator Keneally, Senator McAllister, Senator Stoker.
Current inquiries:

Australian Citizenship Amendment (Citizenship Cessation) Bill 2019.

Impact of the exercise of law enforcement and intelligence powers on the freedom of the press.

Review of Administration and Expenditure No. 17 (2017-18).


Review of the Australian Citizenship renunciation by conduct and cessation provisions.

Review of the identity-matching Bills.

Review of the mandatory data retention regime.

LAW ENFORCEMENT: Mr C. Kelly (Chair), Dr Aly (Deputy Chair), Mr Conaghan, Mrs Elliot, Mr L. S. O’Brien, Senator Antic, Senator Lines, Senator Polley, Senator Scarr. (Member to be appointed).

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT: Mrs Wicks (Chair), Mr Hill (Deputy Chair), Ms Bell, Dr Gillespie, Ms Payne, Ms Thwaites, Mr van Manen, Mr Watts, Mr R. J. Wilson, Mr Zimmerman, Senator Chandler, Senator Kitching, Senator O’Sullivan, Senator Patrick, Senator Scarr, Senator Walsh.

Current inquiry:


PUBLIC WORKS: Dr McVeigh (Chair), Mr Zappia (Deputy Chair), Ms L. M. Chesters, Mr Joyce, Mr D. P. B. Smith, Mr R. J. Wilson, Senator Gallacher, Senator Hughes, Senator McDonald.

Current inquiries:

Brisbane, Queensland—Australian Taxation Office.

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade—Australian High Commission property replacement project, Tarawa, Kiribati.

HMAS Watson redevelopment project.

Navy capability infrastructure sub-program.

Shoalwater Bay training area remediation project.

Joint Standing

ELECTORAL MATTERS: Senator McGrath (Chair), Senator Brown (Deputy Chair), Mr Dick, Mr Pasin, Mr Stevens, Ms Thwaites, Mrs Wicks, Senator Askew, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Waters.

Current inquiries:


Conduct of the 2019 federal election and matters related thereto.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS, DEFENCE AND TRADE: Senator Fawcett (Chair), Mr Champion (Deputy Chair), Mr K. J. Andrews, Mr Connelly, Mr Drum, Mr Gorman, Mr Hastie, Mr Hayes, Mr Hill, Mr Khalil, Dr McVeigh, Mr Ted O’Brien, Mr Pasin, Mr Pitt, Mr Sharma, Mr Snowdon, Ms Swanson, Mr Thompson, Mr Vasta, Ms Vamvakinou, Mr Wallace, Senator Abetz, Senator Ayres, Senator Faruqi, Senator Fierravanti-Wells, Senator Kitching, Senator McCarthy, Senator McMahon, Senator O’Neill, Senator Sheldon, Senator Sinodinos. (Member to be appointed).

MIGRATION: Mr Leeser (Chair), Ms Vamvakinou (Deputy Chair), Mr Alexander, Mr Georganas, Mr Hill, Dr Martin, Senator Ciccone, Senator Henderson, Senator McKim, Senator Rennick.

Current inquiry:

Migration in regional Australia.

NATIONAL BROADBAND NETWORK: Mr Pasin (Chair), Ms Templeman (Deputy Chair), Dr Allen, Mr Connelly, Dr Haines, Mr B. K. Mitchell, Mrs Phillips, Mr Simmonds, Mr Watts, Senator Antic, Senator Davey, Senator Farrell, Senator Griff, Senator McKim, Senator Sheldon, Senator Walsh.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AND EXTERNAL TERRITORIES: Mr Pitt (Chair), Senator Brown (Deputy Chair), Mr Hogan, Mr Pearce, Mr D. P. B. Smith, Mr Snowdon, Mr Stevens, Senator Keneally, Senator McMahon, Senator O’Sullivan. (Member to be appointed).

Current inquiry:

Opportunities and challenges of the engagement of traditional owners in the economic development of Northern Australia.
NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE SCHEME: Mr K. J. Andrews (Chair), Senator Brown (Deputy Chair), Ms Coker, Dr Martin, Ms Payne, Mr Wallace, Senator Askew, Senator Chisholm, Senator Hughes, Senator Steele-John.

NORTHERN AUSTRALIA: Mr Entsch (Chair), Senator Chisholm (Deputy Chair), Mr Christensen, Mr Snowdon, Mr Thompson, Ms Wells, Senator Dodson, Senator McMahon, Senator Dean Smith, Senator Waters.

Current inquiry:
Review of the National Capital Authority: Biannual public briefings.

PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY: Ms Stanley (Chair), Senator Dean Smith (Chair), Dr Allen, Mr Byrne, Ms Claydon, Ms Liu, Mr Pearce, Mr Ramsey, Senator Askew, Senator Bilyk, Senator Lines, Senator Paterson. (Member to be appointed).

TRADE AND INVESTMENT GROWTH: Mr Christensen (Chair), Ms Kearney (Deputy Chair), Dr Allen, Dr Mulino, Mr Ramsey, Senator Ayres, Senator Rennick, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Van. (Member to be appointed).

Current inquiry:
Supporting Australia’s exports and attracting investment.

TREATIES: Mr Sharma (Chair), Mr Khalil (Deputy Chair), Mr Broadbent, Mr Falinski, Ms Flint, Dr McVeigh, Ms Thwaites, Mr J. H. Wilson, Mr T. R. Wilson, Senator Ayres, Senator Bilyk, Senator Bragg, Senator Brockman, Senator Rennick, Senator Marielle Smith, Senator Steele-John.

Current inquiries:
Convention Square Kilometre Array Observatory.
Investments—Uruguay.
Investor-state dispute settlement UN Convention.

APPOINTMENTS TO STATUTORY BODIES

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF AUSTRALIA ADVISORY COUNCIL: Mr K. J. Andrews (appointed 10 September 2019, for a period of 3 years).

COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY OF AUSTRALIA: Mr Leeser (appointed 10 November 2016, for a period of 3 years).

PARLIAMENTARY RETIRING ALLOWANCES TRUST: Mr Entsch (appointed 15 September 2016); Mr Fitzgibbon (appointed 19 October 2010).

By Authority of the House of Representatives